

ESSAY

Time Allowed: 3 hr.

Max. Marks: 250

55+58=113

Instruction to Candidates

- Write two essays in about 1000-1200 words each, attempting one from each sections.
- Both sections are compulsory
- Both essay carry equal marks.
- After finishing the first essay, the other is to be attempted on a fresh Page.
- Write your Roll number clearly in the relevant space provided on the cover of the answer-book.
- Any page left blank in the answer-book must be crossed out clearly.

Samir D. D. D. D. D.
separately

(Examiners will pay special attention to the candidate's grasp of his/her material, its relevance to the subject chosen, and to his/her ability to think constructively and to present his/her ideas concisely, logically and effectively).

113
250

1. Invigilator Signature _____

2. Invigilator Signature _____

Name Aman Mittal

Mobile No. _____

Date 8/Nov/14

Signature Aman Mittal

SECTION - A

1. Law and order is the medicine of the body politic, and when the body politic gets sick, medicine must be administered.

SECTION - B

1. It is always difficult to fight against faith than against knowledge.
2. The danger of the past was that men became slaves, the danger of future is that they may become robots.

Section A

Law and order is the medicine of the
body politic, and when the body
politic gets sick, medicine must be
administered

Body politic is the governance
mechanism of the state that
establishes rules and law for
its citizens. For effective functioning
of the state, maintenance of
law and order becomes the
foremost responsibility of the state
and its body politic.

The government, or the body politic,
faces various challenges in effective
discharge of its duty towards the
citizen. In this sense, the health

of the state is determined by the social cohesion among the society, the approach of the government towards inclusive growth and economic empowerment of the people as well as the political rights enjoyed by the people.

These goals can only be achieved if there is an effective rule of law in the state that protects and promotes the individual rights.

In case of failure of state mechanisms to enforce and maintain law and order, there is a complete breakdown of state machinery

and its body politic. Law and order acts as an effective medicine to cure ~~prevent~~ such a scenario and improve the health of the state.

Law and order is necessary to

ensure - an adequate framework for the people that promotes peaceful coexistence and good governance by the government.

The evolution of law and order as the primary responsibility of the state has come from ancient philosophers.

Great philosophers like Aristotle and Plato emphasised on the role of state in providing security to the people and ensure the rule of law.

Chanakya, the great philosopher of Maurya dynasty, wrote a treatise on maintaining law and order and quelling rebellion. He maintained that

socialist viability ^{and} law and order

are primary responsibilities of the king and a major requirement for effective governance.

The effective control of state over the subjects has been emphasised in

the Medieval ages. Magna Carta, the first written law, aimed at ensuring the same for the people of England.

The development of democracy in the modern age has led to a greater stress on good governance and evolution of written constitution.

The fundamental aspect behind the survival of the state has remained effective control over the rule of law and ensuring greater dynamism between the government and the people by way of participation, institutions and mechanisms to further the rule of law. Moreover, the threat to national sovereignty as a result of breakdown of law and order came upfront in the Balkanization of Europe in the wake of political vacuum created during the 19th and 20th century.

The modern connotation of the rule of law has assumed multiple dimensions, encompassing the aspects of social, economical, cultural and political viability coupled with the capacity of the state to provide rule of law and effective governance to the people.

In the democratic forms of government that have evolved, aspirations of the people have achieved paramountcy in the state's functioning. It is important for the government to address the unique needs of the people and counter the forces of factionalism, separatism and communalism that threaten the existence of law and order within the state. Maintaining social cohesion and addressing deep inequities is essential for effective

functioning of the state. Breakdown of law and order can create deep political schisms and lead to ineffective governance within the regions. - In this context, Naxalism stands out as a good example of how breakdown of law and order has virtually crippled ~~the~~ ^{the} government in various regions. This has created problems for the local population and challenged the sovereignty of the national government. Ensuring that the state rise up to the challenge of providing effective governance to the people hinges on the restoration of law and order in the affected areas.

Moreover, the economic growth of the state is firmly balanced on the aspect of rule of law.

in the state. By ensuring that law and order is maintained, the state can attract higher investments and achieve higher levels of economic growth. It has been historically proven that countries with better economic growth and effective administration of justice have more stable and effective government than areas with low prosperity and greater disparity. The contrast of stable economies like America and African economies is essentially due to the rule of law that was promulgated and followed by USA. However, the African nations, like Sudan, although endowed with rich natural resources are not able to successfully exploit them due to continuous conflicts within the countries.

The cultural diversities existent within the society pose an

immense threat to the rule of law, as it may lead to cultural tensions within the same sovereign government. It is necessary for the body politic to deal with the diverse needs on the basis of mutual trust and cooperation, which can only be developed in an environment of law and order.

The split of Pakistan after the 1971 war was a good example of this. The authoritarian rule and the mass atrocities by West Pakistan led to the Independent Bangladesh movement that successfully challenged the existing government in East Pakistan. It becomes essential to maintain the environment of mutual respect to ensure law and order and protect the body politic of the state in different regions.

The political empowerment of people is most important aspect of providing

legitimacy to the body politic and ensuring effective representation of the people. Ensuring that the law and order is maintained leads to effective politics and good governance in the state. Conversely, breakdown of rule of law leads to direct threat to the state's sovereignty, leading to the breakdown of state mechanisms to govern. This has been best exemplified by the various civil wars in Iraq and Sudan, and the political protests that gave rise to the Arab Spring and toppled several governments in the Middle East and Africa.

The evolving global scenario has thus posed unique challenges to the maintenance of law and order on various fronts. There is an increasing use of novel mechanism

to subvert the rule of law and undermine state sovereignty. The growth of terrorism, organised crime and local dons have posed a direct challenge to the state.

The evolution of novel methods of cyber crimes, complex financial transactions involving multi-national movements, challenges posed by globalisation to the state control and the growing environment of communal polarisation have required the state agencies to continuously adapt to them at an extremely fast pace.

The most effective method of controlling such activities is through the enhancement of state capacity. Effective maintenance of law and order requires the enforcement agencies to stay one step ahead of the perpetrators of

Discuss
sickness
and
law &
order aspect
in detail
(Ref. hints)

crime. It is ~~improve to improve~~ important to improve the use of technology for effective capacity building. Moreover, the empowerment of intelligence agencies will ensure that the state can maintain law and order within its territory and effectively handle challenges arising out of global mechanisms.

It is also important to build improved mechanisms for cooperation among the global partners on complex issues related to cross-border terrorism, money laundering and tax avoidance that aim to weaken state's control, subvert established procedures and erode the rule of law within the country.

It is appropriate to say that the viability of the body politic and the state depends on the maintenance

of rule of law. There is a need to address the concerns of the society in a cooperative and participative manner and ~~rise~~ ^{rise} above the partisan consideration,

As the patient has to take bitter pills when his health ~~deteriorates~~ deteriorates, the health of the state also requires the medicine of law and order to ensure sustainability and viability. This

provision has been provided in various constitutions in terms of Emergency provisions. At the same

time, one must be conscious of the fact that prolonged reliance on medicine may have side effects. Hence, it is important to take proactive measures in accordance with the maxim of 'Prevention is better than cure'.

The development of a prosperous state depends on the standards of law and order maintained by the people. It is important to work in a cooperative manner to ensure the rise of a prosperous and powerful nation.

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Overall good effort

Section B

①

The danger of the past was that men became slaves, the danger of the future is that they may become robots.

The scientific advancements have led to an increase in prosperity and standards of living of the society. It has added to the increased human knowledge and evolution of society that has made man understand the evolution of the entire universe. With the advancement of science, the society has undergone a tremendous change providing unique opportunities and challenges to the people.

While the most potent threat of the past was slavery, the recent growth in mechanisation and automation has led to the fear that the changing work conditions and individual preferences will lead to a robot like existence for the people.

The history of human growth has evolved to the evolution of man from the use of primitive tools and to the use of modern technology. In the process, the society has changed parameters of accepted behavior and adopted new dimensions based on the need and philosophical acceptance of norms.

The prevalence of slavery was the most potent threat to humans in the ancient ages. The legitimacy provided to slavery by ancient philosophers like Aristotle led to the problem of slavery becoming the most potent threat to human dignity and freedom with no recourse to justice.

The medieval ages were characterized by rise of feudalism and serfdom.

was the most visible form of human exploitation. The growth of modern era led by the force of industrialisation led to an increased demand for cheap labour by the colonial imperial empires. This led to the growth of slave trade and displacement of native population of Africa and America.

The war against slavery was won by the rise of powerful civil rights movement and the American civil war.

The hard fought gains against slavery were transformed into another great danger that eventually aims to replace it, i.e. the threat of humans leading a robot-like existence.

The changed socio-economic-political scenario and no legal framework to prevent such an eventuality lead

to the threat of robotic existence

seem frighteningly real.

One could imagine the life of an individual who gets up at a specified time, spends an entire day at the workplace, eats food just for getting energy and comes home just to sleep. This schedule seems haplessly uninteresting for even a day. Imagine the plight of the worker who repeats the same schedule for an entire lifetime.

The danger of robotic existence has been an after-effect of the changes in the society that came up as a part of Industrial Revolution and enhanced by the IT Revolution in the recent years.

The changes in work conditions, growth of nuclear families, decreased interaction among family members, increased automation and greater work stress are the major fallout of

the changes that have taken place in the society recently.

This has significant roots in the growth of the factory system and the process of urbanisation that started in 1800's and picked up pace in recent years.

The changed lifestyles have also led to significant changes in social, economic, cultural, cognitive, behavioral and aesthetic attitude of the people.

The changes in social life has been most prominent and pronounced. There has been a significant rise of individualism and materialism in society, greater job related stress and changed parameters for social influence.

The weakening interaction within the society and the confinement of social groups based on personal and professional interest has led to rising conflicts and problems of town

and ~~the~~ order in the society.

The role of social capital has significantly declined and addresses only the individual aspects of society, rather than the whole cohesive unit.

Changing inter-relationships and inter-dependencies are also visible within the family as children are more focused on grades and video games rather than effective outdoor activities and interaction. The working parents are not able to address the needs of the children or their dependent parents, that has led to consistently, declining moral values and increased no. of old age homes seen around the city landscape.

The economic dimension of progress has over-ridden all other considerations and has come to define the parameters for success in society today.

While the earlier era of economic advancement brought the issue of slavery, the current growth of global economy has led to the rise of robotic-existence in society. The technical advancement has led to automated and programmed life without effective utilisation of human capability. Moreover, the tendency of informal work has led to increased vulnerability and drudgery for the people.

The blending of cultural diversities as a fallout of economic growth and globalisation has also led to unique challenges to the society in terms of reduced interest in local culture and beliefs and threats of existence to many communities. This has led to serious fallout in terms of security and peace in the world, while reducing human diversity & needs.

The decreased use of human creativity

and diversity has led to lower levels of innovation and ineffective cognitive development of the children. Moreover, the excessive work has led to lesser time for recreation which is necessary for developing cognitive abilities.

Human behavior is being guided by the requirements of job rather than being driven by self- and societal needs. This has led to perceptible change in human relations and increased focus on materialism and individualism rather than spiritual growth and enlightenment. This has significant long term fallouts in terms of stress and conflict in society.

The relatively lesser importance given to fulfil the aesthetic and ecological needs has led to the continuous destruction of human environment in the name of development. The indiscriminate cutting of trees, diverting rivers, over-exploitation of

⑤

resources and increased emissions have resulted in a scenario where humans are looking at a human-induced mass extinction event that may be the largest in the recorded history of the Earth. It must be remembered that "Man Depends on Earth, Earth does not depend on man" to guide human actions and ensure sustainable growth.

The various issues that face the humanity today are an evolution of human want and desires. The increased detachment and disorientation among the people, changing societal preferences and socio-economical and ecological changes have posed a serious threat to existence of man himself.

It is important to evaluate the situation objectively and consider the consequences of human action to ensure that they do not deteriorate the human capability.

It is important to develop a global framework to provide greater relevance to inter-personal relationship in society and work environment and successfully tackle the ~~pr~~ emerging problems of globalisation and ecological vulnerability that have led to ~~greater~~ greater homogeneity in society.

It is important to ~~remember~~ ^{remember} that science is a good slave but a bad master!

Our actions must be guided by our conscious efforts to promote human.

Avoid such creativity, improve social relationships expressions and ~~to~~ continue continuously evolve a

learning mechanism that will allow us

to take the positive effects of

~~the~~ the change while leaving out


the negative effect.

It is essential to conduct a

} Integrate paragraphs

critical review of the society to ensure holistic development of humanity and improved conditions of living for all humans based on equity. The differentiating factor of humans is the human brain that needs to be used creatively unless we may end up like animals or robots!!!

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- Issues →
- Greater detachment & discontentment 
 - social and ecological disaster
 - changing societal preferences
 - serious threat to sustainable dev. & human existence.

- Solⁿ →
- consider the consequence of action.
 - improve arenas for application of creativity
 - ensure that human relationships ~~are~~ preferred over material growth
 - move towards path of sustainable dev.

Conclusion → Science had master
important to consider the aspects of
change
take the positive, leave negative.
proactive measures → holistic improvement
of human lives.

- Individual relations \Rightarrow led by personal interests
- Children more focussed on grades & indoor activities than learning moral values and outdoor activities \Rightarrow developing talents
- Adults \Rightarrow indifferent to needs of dependents'
 - \hookrightarrow focussed on material success
- Elders \Rightarrow highly vulnerable. old age homes increased

Economic \rightarrow economic advancement \Rightarrow slavery
 technical advancement \Rightarrow automated and programmed life

- \hookrightarrow fixed targets of some jobs
- \hookrightarrow Economic growth \Rightarrow parameter of success
- \hookrightarrow chasing money \Rightarrow at no application of mind.
- \hookrightarrow Earning money \Rightarrow without effective utilization
- \hookrightarrow loss of morals and increasing tensions in society..

Cultural \rightarrow • blending of cultural diversity.
 • emphasis on homogenisation and fixed schedules
 • impact of globalisation \Rightarrow reduced interest in local trade and culture
 • ~~is~~ guided by considerations of material success
 \hookrightarrow cultures only guided by materialism and consumerism than spreading the effective message

Cognitive \rightarrow • decreased use of human creativity
 • improper development of children
 • non-attachment due to working parents & children
 \hookrightarrow increasing conflicts and individualism
 • ~~work~~ routine work \Rightarrow consumes most of time.
 \hookrightarrow no time for recreation and develops cognitive abilities

Behavior \rightarrow • guided by requirements of job.
 • perceptible change in relations
 • increasing focus on materialism than spiritual or personal growth

ecological Aesthetic \rightarrow • aesthetic value \Rightarrow less precedence.
 • prominence of economy \Rightarrow cutting down of trees, diverting rivers
 \hookrightarrow many ecological problems \Rightarrow mass extinction due to human insensitivity

The danger of the past was that men became slaves, the danger of future is that they may become robots.

Intro → • ~~Increase~~ ^{Scientific} ~~prosperity~~ advancements have led to greater
• addition to ~~the~~ ^{the} standard of living and mechanisation of work.
• led to evolution of human knowledge and society.
↳ newer challenges brought about by science.
↳ Slavery → most prominent form of abuse in ~~earlier times~~ ^{earlier times}
↳ ~~Industrial~~ ^{changing} dimension of work and decreasing social bonding → robot-like lifestyle with increasing individualism.

Science is a good slave but bad master

Science without conscience

History & evolution → • Slavery was ~~admitted~~ ^{widely} practised and legitimised in the Greek era, even by philosophers like ~~Plato~~ ^{Aristotle}.
• The medieval ages → feudalism → slavery became a part of society → serfdom.
• Industrial Revolution → significant changes in society
↳ negative fallout → increase in slavery due to increased demand for cheap ~~and~~ labour
↳ Stopped by the movement of liberalisation.
↳ Development of factories changed the ~~work~~ ^{work} conditions of society → more monotonous work, nuclear families
• detached societies • less interaction
↳ IT Revolution → increased automation
• greater work stress
• robotic life → confined to work & rest
• low scope for exploring human creativity.

Aspects → • Changing lifestyle ⇒ significant changes in social, economic, cultural, aesthetic, ~~political~~ ^{preferences} of people
cognitive, behavioural attitudes

Social → social life of people → considerably changed
↳ less focus on healthy and effective interaction b/w group members
↳ work environment → monotonous
↳ social groups confined to work relations.

Socio-cultural → - Diverse societies ⇒ need mutual respect and cooperation
 • Body politic → cater to local needs.
 • Rule of Law and order necessary to develop trust
 eg. North East States Merapuri incident

Political → • most important form of empowerment for people
 • rule of law ⇒ effective politics ⇒ good governance
 • breakdown → ~~the~~ issues like corruption → poor governance
 ↳ breakdown of state mechanism
 eg. • Anti-corruption movement.
 • political violence ⇒ civil war in Iraq, Arab Spring

Issues → • Law and order becoming major challenge
 • Evolving concerns, factionalism in society
 • novel methods to subvert rule of law.
 • Use of terrorism, organised crime, local mafias, nexus b/w govt and corrupt businesses, cybercrimes, political movements, communal polarisation etc.
 • Required evolved methods

Solutions → • Law and order agencies → one step ahead of criminals
 • ensure that modern techniques are known
 • Improvement in use of technology and intelligence agencies
 • Greater stress on good governance and reduce corruption
 • tough steps to enforce law and order
 • preventive mechanisms by proactive action ⇒ prevention is better than cure

Conclusion → • Sustenance of body politic ⇒ viability of rule of law
 • need to address concerns of all segments of society in participative and cooperative manner
 • Set standards and benchmarks for rule of law
 • Ensure that threats to security adequately handled
 ↳ effective response as patient can't be allowed to recuperate without medicine
 • rise above partisan considerations ↳ take tough measures to establish law & order & redress state
 • Development of prosperous society ⇒ strong nation

Law and Order - medicine of body politic

Intro :

• Body politic is the essence of state \Rightarrow governance mechanisms
 • Law and order \Rightarrow foremost responsibility of the state
 ↳ ensure peaceful co-existence under rule of law... |
 ↳ protect the rights of individual & empowerment of people
 • In fulfilling responsibility of state \Rightarrow various challenges faced by the govt
 • Ensuring law and order \Rightarrow efficient discharge of govt. fn.
 ↳ essence \Rightarrow law and order acts as medicine for state
 if the health of state determined by social cohesion, inclusive development, effective political rights and adherence to rule of law.
 ↳ in case of failure \Rightarrow need for strict enforcement of law and order to remedy the situation, done to patients.

Intro
 History and evolution
 diverse aspects w/ examples
 current issues
 solutions
 conclusion

Prevention is better than cure

History & Evolution

Great problem
 The stress on maintaining rule of law \Rightarrow primary responsibility of admin. \rightarrow since ancient ages.
 ↳ At. Charakya, Aristotle \rightarrow emphasized it as primary duty of king.
 ↳ social viability of kingdom \rightarrow rule of law & quell rebellion
 Over time the evolution of kingdom \rightarrow republic \rightarrow stressed on effective control of state.
 In Modern age \Rightarrow different systems of democracy and autocracies
 ↳ stressed on rule of law as most important aspect of governance
 ↳ without it \rightarrow major threat to sovereignty \rightarrow factionalisation
 ↳ balkanisation of Europe.

Aspects \rightarrow

Maintenance of law and order \Rightarrow different dimensions of social, economic and political, socio-cultural and viability and state capacity.

Social \rightarrow

• People's aspirations \Rightarrow paramount in democracy
 • State as a resource for effective welfare measures
 ↳ social cohesion is an important aspect
 ↳ inequitable distribution, communal polarisation, and deep divisions \Rightarrow threat to law and order
 ↳ major weakness of social distribution.
 eg- Naxalism \rightarrow impact on society & welfare measure of govt.

Economic \rightarrow

economic growth \rightarrow direct dependence on law and order
 ↳ rule of law \Rightarrow safe investments \Rightarrow govt. better outcomes
 ↳ faster rates of growth - contrast \rightarrow USA and N. Korea