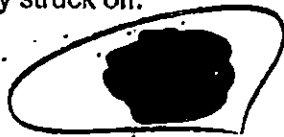


GENERAL STUDIES - PAPER IV

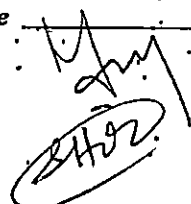
Time Allowed: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 250

Q.	Marks	Instructions to Candidate.
1.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There are 19 questions. All questions are compulsory The number of marks carried by a question is indicated against it. Answer the questions in NOT MORE THAN 200 words each. Contents of the answer is more important than its length. Answers must be written within the space provided. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off. 
2.		
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1. Invigilator Signature _____

2. Invigilator Signature _____



Name RAY PRASAD

Roll No. CSMT2017143

Mobile No. [REDACTED]

Date 25th Sept, 2017

Signature Ray Prasad

Roll No. _____

SECTION - A

Q1. Mob violence, also referred to as "Mob Justice" highlights a striking paradox - it approves the dispensation of justice by people, who usurp the authorities of constitutionally delegated bodies and apply a process they define as speedy. Answer the following questions related to it:

- (a) Do you see principal of justice being followed in the 'Mob Justice'?
- (b) How is it interrelated to attitude of any society? Why there is increasing incidence of Mob Justice in the recent days? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Ans 1(a)

Mob justice can be described as situation whereby the crowd at the crime scene takes law into their hand and adjudicates / terminates without

thinking or considering the need to bring without in court of law.

This is widely seen in cases whereby alleged persons are paraded naked or hanged for offences like rape, murder, statutory

I don't see justice being followed because -

As per law person is considered as innocent till s/he is declared convicted

by court of law.

Need not discuss feature of mob justice as all.

Remarks

- Court is the place where cases are adjudged not the streets.
- Every culprit should be given an opportunity to present their case.
- disproportionate punishment must follow.
- crowd has little sense of law.

1 1/2

b) yes it is interrelated to attitudes of society which expressedly hold values like Intolerance, apathy, disregards rule of law.

Reason of increase :-

- Courts backlog of cases upshooting - every day a judge is able to just devote 2 minute to a case.
- Rising intolerance.
- Extremist ideology taking prominence in the society.
- Apathy & distrust on the judicial system of country.

2

Remarks

What about media?

role of

Q2. What is the "principle of permissible harm" in ethics? How do you see stern state action against its own people in certain instances such as the Left Wing radicalism and Jammu and Kashmir disturbance with respect to it? Does 'Principle of Permissible Harm' stand the test of moral laws?
(150 Words) (10 Marks)

Remarks



Remarks

GS SCORE

6
8

8

Remarks

Q3. Answer the following questions:

- (a) How does the cultural relativism defines "good"? Which method does it follow for arriving at moral beliefs?
- (b) - Why does cultural relativism supposedly make us more tolerant of other cultures and, critically examine the view that moral values are relative?
- (c) Explain Gau Raksha (cow protection) movement and its dimensions according to the ethical relativism? What should be the ethical approach in case of the cultural conflict between two or more groups?

(150 Words) (10 Marks)

Cultural relativism holds that no culture is universally bad or good. Any particular practice is good to a society if the society considers it right.

It is 'good' in the sense that:-

- It promotes tolerance in the society.
- not allow the culture to assume a face of hegemony or monolithic culture.
- helps to sustain diversity of values and beliefs in multi-cultural society.
- mutual respect & admiration to each other members of the society.

1
Better discuss every aspect rather than emphasizing on

Remarks

- (b) Cultural relativism of course make us tolerant because :-
- It does not enforce or allow the one culture to hold overarching influence over others.
 - Considers each belief is good if it is considered good by any section of society.
 - does not monochrome the diversity of nation. and thereby promote tolerance

①
Need to discuss moral values too.

However it is to be noted that there are of course some values which are universal transcending any section of society such as :-

- Child rape, women stalking.
- Active euthanasia, discrimination, suicide.

These are universal evils and thereby are considered bad by each and every society.

Remarks

(C) Craw rankha movement entails that so that Craw rankha movement is protection of the rights of people (Hindus) has got their legitimacy from academic background & political backing.

- this movement entirely nullifies the concept of cultural relativism. As it emphasises upon mono chroming the culture - one nation one religion

Ethical approach:-

- promotion of tolerance of diverse culture among the individuals.
- feeling of empathy to one other needs be invoked.
- mutual respect & admiration to one other values, belief & practices.

Dimension
Majority
vs
minority
- Livedhood

1

Remarks

Q4. Discuss the essence of consistency? Does consistency guarantee trust? If not then what is the use of it? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Consistency, essence lies in fact of being persistence, unrelenting, repetitive as on some constant & unwavering principles. It implies being persistent as and repetitive on the application of well long held values & constructs.

Yes it promotes trust:-

- as it enhances the chances of reliability
- increases the predictability factor
- reduces the chances of misapplication of principles.
- like craneshi ji who consistently used & uphold his values of non-violence & ahimsa used to enjoy reputation trust of the people of country.

Remarks

However sometimes consistency might not guarantee trust :-

- A person who consistently changes his ideas or course of action. Such as the current American president

Considering China from currency manipulator to strategic partner in resolving N. Korean crisis his advocacy does not invoke any amount of trust as he has been consistently changing his policies.

3 1/2

Role of consistency

- Increases of predictable
 - one's future course of action can be determined if one looks back at the past record

good content

Remarks

- Q5. (a) Consider the following statement and explain it in the context of administration and governance: "It is horribly difficult to perceive our flaws and change our behavior and, at the same time, it is seductively easy to make guilty of our disasters to the sun, the moon and the stars."
- (b) What are the essential requirements for being an agent of change?
(150 Words) (10 Marks)

a) Attribution of the events happened to us is being said in the statement.

It is seen that whenever anything wrong happens to us, we tend to attribute it or blame it on our stars.

Not only this, we also tend not to take any part of changing our behaviour.

Really it is difficult to take blame of flaws onto ourselves. But leaders like Dharmu really take the moral responsibility of leading the same.

And thereby try to inspire to not further repeat the same mistake.

Hence it is not good to blame our stars rather it would be progressive

Remarks

Discuss it in the given context

1 1/2

as it would help in:-

- not repeating the same old mistake.
- would set a good example for others to follow.

(b) Essential requirements of change agent:-

- Person of good social maturity and breadth
- Charismatic personality
- good humour
- effective inter-personal skills
- language prowess - Elocution
- Have in-depth understanding about the needs & aspiration of target group
- a patient listener
- Power of effective communication
- good liaison with the target group.
- preferably an experienced person.

1 1/2

Explain all these.

Remarks

Q6. Hume says 'reason is the slave of the passion', is it so? Discuss.

(150 Words) (10 Marks)

It is usually argued that Reason are slave of passion.

As per psychological hedonism it is argued that person wants to attain pleasure and avoid pain because one naturally seeks it.

Hence reason in the process takes a back seat.

The above statement can be experienced in varied ways:-

- In situation of emotional outbursts - like in anger, intense love, it is observed that ~~the~~ reasons are held hostages of the passion.

- In general parlance also it is seen that we tend to do things which our passion drives and then try to

Remarks

Give justification etc.

However, taking a unilateral approach ~~would~~ would not be wise because :-

- ~~that~~ many a times we see that it is the ~~reason~~ which takes the upper hand.

A person wanted to get in the Banking services might be passionate about playing pool.

Hence in that case playing pool would take a back seat in pursuance of preparation for Banking services.

A proper course of action for one person would be to ~~opt~~ opt for a career which one is passionate about. Hence passion and reason both in consonance would provide tranquillity & completeness to one's life.

3

Need not be amalgama te both aspect

Remarks

Q7. What is impartiality? Give two misinterpretations of impartiality and explain why they are wrong? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Impartiality refers to not conferring any kind of undue weightage or liking or favours to any one. It would entail absence of discrimination on basis of religion, race, caste, sex, creed & language.

TWO misinterpretations are:-

- 1) Positive discrimination:- whereby to promote ~~from~~ equal protection of law positive discrimination is allowed in sense of Reservation as witnessed in our Constitutional ethos - ARTICLE 15(3) & ARTICLE 16(4).

Remarks

(2) Non-partisanship - Not partisanship would imply not favouring any party.

while impartiality would connote not favouring any party on basis of any pretext.

3

Interpretation -> They are wrong because they

these are done to promote equality in the society. (positive discrimination).

Fail to distinguish between impartiality & non-partisanship.

Remarks

Q8. (a) Distinguish between dilemma and problems.

(b) Discuss few criterias used to define a trait as positive?

(75 Words Each) (5×2=10 Marks)

Dilemma

- when two conflicting values are faced
- has no particular solution
- Taking one option would result into neglecting other
- might involve post decisional cognitive dissonance

Problems

- when a particular problem/situation is faced
- has a particular solution
- no such ~~problem~~ ^{issues} as problems would have a solution
- Post decisional misfit ment of setting problem solved

Remarks

(b) Criteria +ve trait

- Amicable in behaviour
- empathy in relationship
- good inter-personal skill
- Impartiality in dealing with one another
- Being optimistic in even telling and adverse situation
- good Emotional Intelligence by maintaining one's Emotional stability
- keeping oneself calm not getting involved in telling situations
- Transparency and non-favouritism in working

Define trait first

(11/2)

Remarks

Q9. Answer the following questions related to the leadership quality:

- (a) Charisma is the result of effective leadership, not the other way around. Discuss.
- (b) Why Charisma as a leadership trait doesn't last long?
- (c) What is being authentic? Why a leader needs to be authentic?

(150 Words) (10 Marks)

1) According to Max Weber Charisma is ~~not~~ effective leadership

as he advocated that there should be legitimate Authority ~~due~~ due to virtue of one's position.

Ineffective Charismatic leadership is ineffective because it relies on power due to one's persona, attitudes, manner etc.

is not

However it cannot be sincerely accepted Charismatic leadership can be effective:-

- if it is laden with authentic leadership - driven by values & ethics

2)

- vision and end to be achieved is fair unlike Hitler & Mussolini

Remarks

↳ Charisma does not last long because:-

- A person has a charisma due to certain factors like power of speech.
With age person likely to not hold the same powers.

- Changes in aspiration and values of target group.

- metamorphosis in the situation. Had it not been the unfair treaty of Versailles Hitler like leaders would not have attained such eminence.

- Redefinition of the end to be achieved by the organisation.

12

Remarks

(c) Being authentic means leaders who leads the pack by ~~now~~ being ethical & value oriented in his approach.

Statements of our India like Gandhi and Nehru falls into this category.

Why a leader needs to be authentic:-

- to have trust of the subordinates

- create proper reporting relationship with

the various

channelisation of effort of subordinates towards organisational goals

- belief & reliability in the vision of leader.

- flow of communication & information improved.

Remarks

Q10. Difference between the following terms:

- (a) Emotion and Sentiment.
 (b) Liberty and Freedom
 (c) Duty and Obligation

(150 Words) (10 Marks)

Emotion

- sudden ~~change~~ ~~upset~~
 in one's psychological

construct

- on seeing the old lady
 lonely crossing the road, the
~~happy~~ police officer
 becomes emotional.

1/2

Sentiment

- a relatively
 permanent construct
 of one's thought
 process.

- a person with
 good, grim
 sentiment has a
 tendency to understand
 & interpret the
 situation well.

Remarks

Liberty

- Liberty of thought, expression, belief, faith & worship

◦ **Bigger Concept** - It encompasses various concepts including freedom

- Internal locus of control

Freedom

- freedom of will, freedom of speech

◦ small concept than liberty
 Actually? broader

- External locus of control



Duty

- can be legally enforced

Reconsider it

Duty usually ~~is~~ legally enforceable external locus of control.

Obligation

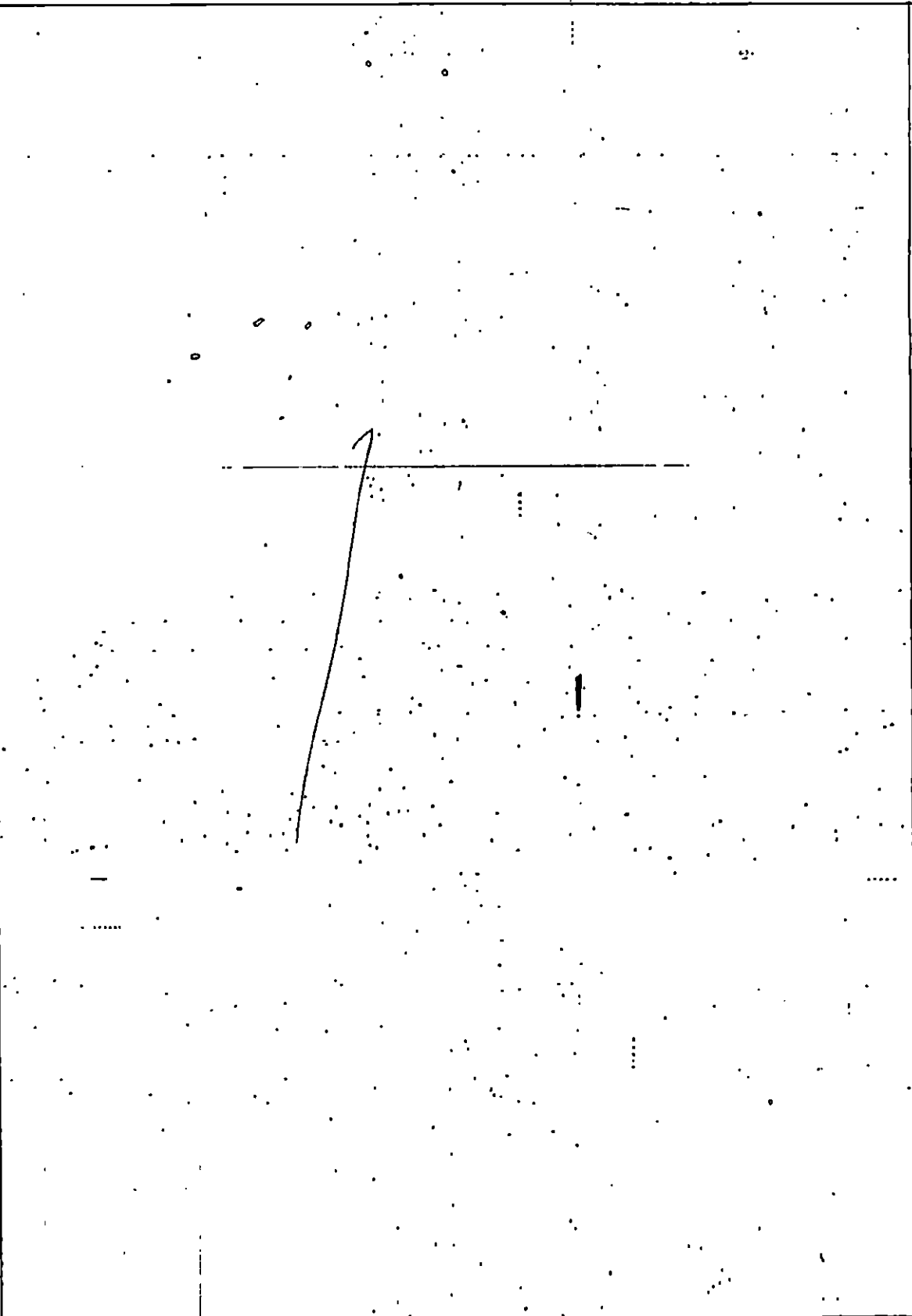
- usually not legally enforced

- under contract one is under obligation to fulfill it

Remarks

**Q11. Discuss Mills concept of 'harm principle'. Is it right not to interfere with what someone does if it does not harm other people? Is it also applicable in family system?
(150 Words) (10 Marks)**

Remarks

		
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Remarks

Q12. 'Courage is the most important of all the virtues because without courage, you can't practice any other virtue'. Critically examine the thesis in the context of human life in general and governance in particular. (150 Words) (10 Marks)

~~Plus Concept of courage, temperance, justice~~

virtue refers to the good attributes of
person unlike vices.

Courage as per Aristotle can be
said ~~described~~ as good golden mean between
cowardice and rashness.

It is one of most important
virtue, it needs to be there to practice
other virtue because:-

In general:-

- to ~~to~~ keep up the honesty virtue
one needs courage as not cheating
in exam might allow other person
those cheating to ~~surpass~~ the honest
person in short to run.

Remarks

- to withhold temper & show tolerance
needs courage

- to triumph discrimination & Build Comman
brotherhood would need courage

In administration:-

- to be a political and not be the
lines of politicians would need courage

- to be corruption free would need
courage to reject the collusion
bribery offer

- to undertake any adverse situation job
infront of people or
administration would require courage

3

Where
does it
originate
from?

Remarks

Q13. In your own words, explain Kant's principle of ends. Do you think that this could be a useful moral principle for you in everyday life? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Kant advocated kind of duty. He is propounder of deontological school, whereby he advocates that an action is right if it is taken in right spirit without considering the consequences.

He advocated that human being is an end in themselves, not a means to achieve an end.

This is very useful philosophy:-

- As for this, evils like suicide, rape are thereby terms as illegal as it would defeat the concept of taking people as end in themselves.

Remarks

3
 1. Kant's ends would entail that
 administrable body - police & politicians
 alike would not take any action
 which would entail ~~the~~ treaty.
 People as means to end their
 parochial ends or vested interests.

2. Police administration would treat
 general populace as end in themselves.

It makes one remain
 self-motivated!

Remarks

SECTION - B

In the following questions carefully study the cases presented and then answer the question that follows:

Q14. When Sheena reaches to one counter of the RTO office for her driving license renewal, the lady in-charge at the counter pass-on one form to fill for the same purpose. She asked Sheena to turn the page and go through it. Back side of the paper there was organ donation consent form which stated:

"Organ Donation: Upon my death I am willing to donate the following - there were then a set of boxes labelled - eyes, liver, kidney, any organ and none, together with a place for her signature."

Sheena asks the lady -"Why such things are being pushed at this counter". Lady at the counter explains that this form of camping has been promoted by NGOs for the larger interest for humanity, however it is voluntary and she can escape it if she is not finding it of any worth. Sheena was not sure about giving consent. She was in dilemma whether to do it or not. After a brief thought she denied and moved from that counter.

On the way to back home, her friend Indrani, who was also at the counter, suddenly said, "I did not wanted to say anything inside, but no way I would ever sign that card. If you get into accident and they see that you have agreed for organ donation, they will not even try to save you. There is organ shortage, and the doctors want to grab what they can get. My mom says those organ donation cards are like signing your death warrant."

Later that evening Sheena decided to talk to one of her teacher. When she explained about her anxiety, teacher replied that she should follow her heart in the matter of organ donation.

Answer the following questions based on the above case study:

- (a) From a utilitarian perspective, should Sheena agree to donate her organs? Provide an analysis.
- (b) From a Kantian perspective, would refusing to donate one's organ violate a moral duty?
- (c) Do you think that people ought to donate their organs? Why or why not? (Make sure that the reasons you provide are ethical reasons, not merely prudent or legal). What will you advice to Sheena in case you are in place of her teacher?

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

Remarks

The above stated case presents a classical example of how a message intended by an Institution (Nero here) can be interpreted in varied ways. She as a moral agent would try to resolve this situation by brushing aside various doubts and intricacies revolving around giving consent to the donation consent.

a) Utilitarian principle which advocates that there shall be maximum good for maximum number of people. Thinkers like Jeremy Bentham & J.S. Mill advocated that those actions which results into maximum good to society be pursued.

But here - as per Utilitarian perspective sheena should agree to donate her organs because of following propositions:-

- Bandwagon effect - her peer groups might follow the suit.
- Her organs can be source to rederive life for many people.
- She as a responsible citizen will be able to contribute to society even post death thereby in consonance with her constitutional fundamental duty.

Remarks

- would have a social influence on others as well.

- help her to avoid post-decisional cognitive dissonance

However it should be noted that sheena should first try to adjudge the reality of the claim of Nhas as she might end up getting into the trap of organ markets.

b) As per Kant, a deed is considered as moral if its intent of doing (sense of duty) is moral.

Kant believed that humans should be considered as end in themselves not as a means to achieve the end.

Thereby, if sheena outthere refuses to give her consent, she might be violating her moral duty as she would not be considering

general population's health as the end as rather as a means to secure her personal safety.

- Thereby she would be violating her sense of duty and hence she should give her consent on the donation of organs.

Remarks

Kant also promotes conservation of self duty conservation.

3 1/2

good

2 1/2

1) With regard to donating organs :-

people should donate :-

- would foster common brotherhood in the country.
- help to attain psychological peace or satisfaction.
- instill a sense of empathy towards one another.
- would have influence on others. As one would lead the pack by making oneself as example.
- help fulfill one's constitutional ethos - as per fundamental duty [Article 51(A)] - one is obliged to foster common brotherhood.

Why not??

- ~~might~~ run the risk of getting entangled into organ racket.
- can promote the feeling that persons with different abilities cannot sustain their lives without such & such organs.
- might promote an environment of dependency.
- lethal attack on ethical / unconditional parenting. ~~People~~ children with disabilities might be abandoned me as a moral agent after going through the wrathy of claim of who would advise Shreya to sign the organ donation consent form.

Remarks

good

Q15. You are a senior civil servant. One of your officer friend is hard working, completes her work on time but always demoralizes her subordinates by blaming them for one or the other thing. She keeps everyone on toes. Often she shouts in her office and want to just follow the blue book while working. She also insults junior officers if one fails to get the things done. Her only mantra to work is to "get the things done -whatever it takes." Due to this bossy attitude your friend is not liked by the subordinates and because of her uneven relation with her team members; she fails to portray a good office culture. Most of the colleagues know about this case but no one wants to discuss it because of your proximity with that lady officer. However one day one close friend happens to be your colleague briefed about the problem subordinate officers are facing.

Answer the following questions based on the above case. Bring merits and demerits related to each course of action and discuss the best option.

- Directly talk to subordinate and assure about correcting the things in future.
- Give responsibility to your friend who briefed you about this case.
- Transfer the lady officer as this case may bring sorry figure for you also in future.
- Request the lady officer not to do so as this may hamper their personal relations also.
- Is there any better option available to correct the things other than what mentioned above?

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

Present case portrays an example of a senior who though very much effective in his task but ~~is~~ inconsiderate about error tolerance, human emotions & thereby promoting a 'robotic' culture and treating employees mere 'logs' not human capital.

(4) demerits

- might invite bad relation with officer friend.
- would promote ingratism.
- further widens the rift between thoughts of Boss & subordinates.
- could constitute an action not resolving the case of problem rather only dealing with its consequences.

Remarks

- would be only like a 'lip service' not taking any concrete action on ground.

merits:

- might instil a sense of confidence among subordinate of chances of getting the problem resolved.

- potential of curbing any future employee turnover and absenteeism in case of loose relations.

b) Demerit

- might unduly put the friend into wrong relation with the existing officer.

- gets me who has good terms with the officer friend.

- the lady officer might further choose any chance of reprisal.

Merits

- would be able to preserve my relation with lady officer.

(c) Demerit

- what is the guarantee that next officer would be better one.

- she might end up ~~do~~ doing the same thing at another office.

Merits

- Presently crisis might be resolved.

- new recruitee might be checked by various personality test before appointing him.

Remarks

(d) Demerit

- she might take it as a forewarning of possible retrenchment / transfer.
- she might grudge this on the employees.
- Personal relation should have no relation with professional duties.
- by persuading her not to engage further in this kind of activities might turn out to be a game changer.
- fear of losing / breaking off relationship might compel her to change her behavior.

(e) one other option would be to :-

- to effectively communicate her the ill effects of stressed working climate in workplace.
- I can allow her some sort of holiday period whereby she can ease her pressure off the job.
- Appoint a liaison officer between lady officers and subordinates.
- Allow a holiday trip for lady officers and subordinates whereby both subordinate and lady officers alike get a chance to intermingle & communicate.

Remarks

Good approach

Q16. Suppose you are called as the Chief Guest in an educational institution to address a gathering of youth on the issue of 'cultural transition in India'. You confine your lecture mainly around one of the most apparent pointers of cultural transition taking place in the country, i.e. changing man-woman relationship with the latter being more open, forthcoming and assimilating. But the transition is marred by many sour and ugly events leading to sexual exploitation, honour killings and subjugation and defiance by male dominated office environment. After the lecture there is a question answer session. Answer the following questions that students and teachers posed in front of you:

- Are women outrageous in their liberty with regard to dressing up; breaking silence and asking their share in decision making?
- What should be the "limits of openness" for women in a culturally transitioning India in an era of globalisation?
- Is the institution of family responsible for the aberrant behavior of their male children regarding man-woman relationship?
- What will you do as a Civil Servant to change the attitude of society with respect to women? (250 Words) (20 Marks)

Present case gives a vivid account of how women of present age who try to break the shackles of orthodoxy and patriarchal mindset by joining the ranks of workforce are subjected to complete sexual exploitation (seen in Rik Pachauri case).

(a) women of present era looks upon themselves not as mere adjunct of their male counterparts rather a distinct, autonomous entities, which is rightly ~~also~~ their long overdue right but due to patriarchal & parochial mindset of ~~our~~ society it has been denied.

Remarks

Thereby it can be said that women has been asking for their ~~right of self determination~~.

However it is to be noted that still women do not outrageously claim their right. Examples being

- Recent Nepal crisis whereby women's representation to local bodies though agitated yet was nibbled in itself

- Madras high court ordering different styles of clothes to be worn ~~upon~~ before entering temples

(b) In present times culture has been some tectonic change whereby the so called 'second order citizens' - women has started to occupy the ~~place of~~ eminence in our present society.

- examples of Poja Tharu whereby leading the armed forces contingents while receiving 'bahak' obama

- leaders like Indira Gandhi controlling the reins of world's largest democracy

- Durga Shakti Nigpal displaying undomitable

2/2

Remarks

will against the behemoth of sand miners.
These all examples ~~for~~ tactics
that there be no limits to the openness
for women.

2 1/2

However it is to be noted that since our is
is a democracy which is still 'naive' not yet
matured like those of western world. so this
transition should be gradual & not come from
within society not imposed externally.

Supreme Court recognising this concept only not
yet legally accepted the concept of live-in
-relationship ~~etc~~ in our country.

2

(1) It is the socialisation process which makes
a person's attitude, belief and values.
In this socialisation, the budding stage
of it starts of family itself. Lessons of sexual
violence at home, dominance of man in decision
making, priority accorded to male children education,
messy-making at time of male child birth.
These all ~~comulates~~ ~~into~~ formation
of children's mental state / construct.

(d) AS Civil servants:-

~~:-~~ leading by example - right from my family

Remarks

Need not use this space.

equal treatment be meted out to both males & females.

unbiased education - Relevant chapter to be added.

Role models of women contributing to society
Reservation of post for women.

Q17. You are a no-nonsense police officer. There is a day light murder of a politician in your area. One of your senior police officer is close relative of that murdered politician. After much investigation, you come to know that Naxalites have killed him as he was involved in land grabbing case in remote area. Local people hated that politician. After few days you managed to arrest one naxalite who was involved in this case. He was involved in some other gruesome murder cases also. In an ambush more than 50 security personnels were also killed and his name was also surfaced in that case.

Your senior officer is putting pressure on you to kill that criminal as often these type of cases take much time due to the lack of eyewitness, as they enjoy local support and also villagers have fear.

Home Minister of your state also wants to do the same as it will send a message in the public about handling of law and order problem with iron hands. Thus send filler through one officer that 'if you do the same, you will get the full support of ruling party in future also'.

Answer the following questions:

- (a) In the above case which ethical dilemmas will you face and why will you call it ethical dilemma?
- (b) Will you follow the order of your senior officer and Home Minister? Evaluate your decision from the ethical and legal point of view.
- (c) Which factors will guide you in this case? (250 Words) (20 Marks)

Above case presents a situation wherein some Naxalites have killed a politician involved in a land grabbing case, and one of them is nabbed but pressures are on me to kill the Naxalite.

(a) various ethical dilemmas :-

1) Code of Conduct of the services vs the instruction & orders of the seniors and politicians.

- since as a civil servant I am obliged to

Remarks

follow the orders and guidelines of superior while at the same time my code of conduct rules would say that Naxalite be first convicted in court of law before being terminated

2 1/2

2) Personal values vs law & order maintenance duty. (Empathy)

Duty would say in order to maintain law & order he should be terminated

Personal values would say he should be given a chance for retribution

(b) S. will not follow the orders because:-

Legal Point of

A person is considered as an innocent person till he is proved or not. Crime is proved in court of law

Rules says that he should be produced before court of law within 48 hours (as per Article

30) of the Constitution

Ethical Point

Every saint has a past and every sinner has a future. Shree Plato has advocated

Remarks

that Punishment should be reformative.

- Potentially can have deleterious effect on the trust & reliability of total people on police.
- would perpetuate the condition of opaqueness & arbitrariness in administration states under ~~AFSPA~~ AFSPA are also needed under the crisis because of arbitrariness, excesses only.

3

(1) Factors guiding me in this case are:-

- Consideration of law and order in the State / region.
- Code of Conduct rules.
- Adherence to rule of law.
- Justice or right to present the case by the navalite.
- Keeping the Police administration free of the arbitrariness & opaqueness of the relations between politicians and Police officials.

Explain all these

1 1/2

Remarks

Q18. You are a senior civil engineer in charge of a very big road project. You find that project contractor is working honestly and strictly as per the work schedule and also maintaining the quality of work. Suddenly his only son met with an accident and hence he is preoccupied in his treatment. The project got delayed and the quality of work slightly get affected. Your subordinates are putting pressure on you to take strict action against the contractor.

- (a). What are the various options available to you?
- (b). Evaluate the merits and demerits of each option and choose the option you would adopt, giving reasons. (250 Words) (20 Marks)

Present case illustrates a situation whereby though a person very much efficient - proficient in his task skill fails to accomplish his work at hand due to familial obligations and duties.

(a) various options available to me,

① Retrench the Project Contractor

○ ASK the contractor to compensate partially for the delay.

○ extend the timeline of the completion of the project.

○ Ask the Project Contractor to take up moral responsibility and issue an apology

that further errors will not be repeated in future.

Remarks

Let the Commission to a certain extent in order to compensate for the loss incurred due to delay.

(b) Evaluation

Retrenchment

merit

- would pacify the other workers
- a right precedent or deterrence for further wrong doing.
- a chance to get better replacement.

demerit

- would further delay the project
- Existing contractor must be having better insight understanding of the job at hand.
- what is the guarantee that next employed would be better.

ASK him to compensate / let his

Commission

merit

- would nullify to an extent the loss being

Remarks

Would it be possible to complete the project on time?

Persons who are responsible should be punished for not doing their work. It should be made to get the attention of Ministry of Road Development. Proper fixation of accountability & responsibility.

Demerits :-
Can act as a demotivator for Contractor.

Extend the timeline

Merits

- a chance for Contractor to make good the damage done by him.

Demerit

- would delay the completion of job.

In my view an amalgam of two options of extending the timeline + compensation or letting off Commission of Contractor would be feasible.

Because it would allow the otherwise efficient project worker to give effort to the completion of job as well as compensation would offset some of the damage done.

Remarks

Q19. You are a S.P of a district. There is a project of infrastructure development in your area. This project is related to the widening of road. This project has been pending for long time but no civil servant wants to touch it as it is a very sensitive issue because for widening of road, removal of illegal religious construction done on the government land, has to be done.

One particular political party is also supporting these illegal structures due to political interests. Your senior officials have also given a blind eye to these constructions for long. Members of the committee who runs that religious structure went to court, but lost the case.

High Court has directed the state government to remove all such illegal religious structure which has mushroomed on government land. But no official want to burn their hands. One day District Magistrate has asked you to remove all the illegal structures using force. Being the SP you understand that removing the religious structure may lead to violence, even it can spark communal violence also. Some junior officers also showing their reluctant attitude to participate in their work as they belong to same community. Political parties have their particular interest in it. Being the first responder to any public anger, Police may also lose the lives of some of its men.

Answer the following questions based on the above situation:

(a) Will you face any dilemma regarding the above said situation? Explain.

(b) What steps will you take to address the situation?

(c) Which course of action is best and why?

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

The above mentioned case displays a situation whereby widening of roads is being obstructed by religious bodies as a holy structure runs the risk of getting eliminated which is at present in the middle of road.

a) various dilemma :-

1) safety and security of my organisational personnel vs societal interest of society @

Remarks

of road.
 as widening of road would entail reduction
 of road accidents which is to the tune of
 lakhs in India.

2) maintenance of law and order vs striking
 communal violence.

3) Personal integrity vs upholding and
 adhering to the instruction of superior.

(b) steps to be taken to address the situation
 are :-

• For boosting up my organisational personnel

mode :-

• show them the roadmap of how this
 plan can be given effect.

• examples - across world whereby police officers
 had to undertake activities even in such
 adverse circumstances.

Remarks

own steps:-

- Preventive detention of the opportunistic & fringe elements.
- May march by the army personnel to show the presence that armed forces are here to preserve law & order.
- Best considerations ~~at the possible~~ sensible ones.
- CCTV installation to ~~as~~ create = deterrence of future getting entrapped in a ^{loop} ~~case~~.
- Religious leaders - liberals can be roped in.
- Preferably section 144 can be applied to remove the chances of association of more than 4 people.
- declaration of holiday
- Action can be executed in night time to reduce the chances of proliferation of

Remarks

- violence
- cordoning off the area
- Help of the Civil Society organization can be sought
- Assurance to relocate the shrine to some other place - might pacify the enraged communal people

3/2

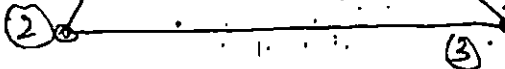
(1) Hence the above stated action can be taken altogether to give effect to the resolution of the problem.

Best would be =

2

Before execution → (1) Relocation of shrine

Explain properly



While executing cordoning off area & section 144 of CrPc

Post execution :- Initiative to be taken to rebuild the structure at some different place

Remarks