

ETHICS, INTEGRITY AND APTITUDE

Time Allowed: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 250

Q.	Marks	Instructions to Candidate
1.		There are 20 questions.
2.		
3.		
4.		All questions are compulsory
5.		
6.		The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		Content of the answer is more important than its length.
11.		
12.		
13.		
14.		Answers must be written in the space provided.
15.		
16.		
17.		
18.		
19.		
20.		Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.

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SECTION - A

Q1. Hume says 'reason is the slave of the passion', is it so? Discuss.

(150 Words) (10 Marks)

First Hume says Reason is the slave of Passion.
of all he argues that it is the master which
you should follows. Passion. meaning thereby when 'passion'
discusses here for somebody ultimately a reason
passion will be followed or established.
What can be illustrated as (1) during the
(2) times of Enlightenment when Age of discovery
was happening, it was the pattern of
merchants, see farers which established the
reason to see for (3) places across vast
oceans. What does it imply?

However it should be emphasised here,
that for enlightenment to happen itself
it was the freeing of rationality and
humanity which kindled those patterns.

Remarks

Considering the above stated Example it would be wrong to say that it is the reason which is the stem of passion.

Because:-

- a) without Passion also freedom can be established.
- b) Rationality & Reason will not need passion neither a desire to search for finding and establishing truth and rationality.
- c) It would be correct to say freedom complemented by passion will lead to determined, dedicated and devoted efforts in governance and nation building.



Remarks

Q2. How do rising expectations, social comparisons, and relative deprivation explain why increased income does not bring happiness? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Although Per Capita income of people has increased to a considerable extent yet due to certain reason it does not bring happiness.

Rising expectations:-

- o unsatisfying nature of human needs
- o Increased spectrum of people expecting from life
- o Increased standard of living
- o Higher order needs
- o Increased population & thereby increased pressure on bread earners of family
- o Increasingly inflation & other rising costs of modern amenities

Social Comparisons

- o Due to globalisation more people are connected and thereby scale of comparison higher

Remarks

than ever before.

- o Social media posting their new materialistic possessions.
- o Comparison not across societies rather across various countries.

Relative deprivation:

- o when amenities here increased, even if all increased income cannot buy all of it
- o Comparison will result in Relative deprivation.

Such elaborate discussion is not required at all.

Hence it can be summarised that no matter how much people earn their unsatisfying nature will always cause certain demands to be left out. So it's better that happiness is not sought in materialistic possession rather spiritual realizations (not only selfish).

(2)

By promoting a culture of satisfaction, mutual respect, Empathy, ~~Cohesion~~, ~~Compassion~~. Happiness can be achieved.

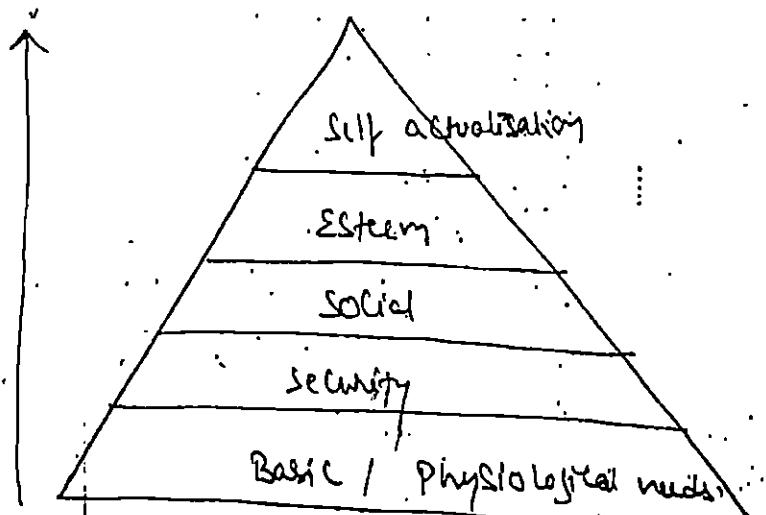
Remarks

Can these attribute lead to happiness?

- Q3. According to Maslow and his hierarchy of human needs, why most of the human beings get engraved in the basic necessity of life rather than moving to the self-actualization stage which reflects that human beings are not simply a biological machines?

(150 Words) (10 Marks)

Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs



According to Maslow a person moves to upward need only when the lower order need is fulfilled.

But due to ever expanding nature of needs of persons and non-realization in satisfying the Basic needs people are actually not able to move to last stage of self actualization stage.

Remarks

Certain needs are:-

- Materialistic society - where self actualisation needs are superimposed by ever increasing needs of people.

- Unsatistifing needs of people.

- failure to get the basic needs.
- not having avenues of proper employment.

- Background or a wrong Precedent.

- culture of thinking only about basic needs.

- Lack of moral ~~and~~ ~~good~~ education

- to realize the self actualisation needs
- getting what one is capable of achieving.

- Lack of awareness about one's own self actualisation goals.

- Higher external forms of control.

Remarks

You should elaborate some points in brief.

3

Q4. What is impartiality? Give two misinterpretations of impartiality and explain why they are wrong? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

It is a principle of justice

Impartiality refers to situation or trait when person does not hold any side reader take decisions on basis of merit do not judge a situation or character by stereotypes, it is basically ignoring long held perception based on merit.

two misinterpretations of impartiality are:-

1. non-Partisanship - impartiality does not mean non-partisanship. Rather it means not be partial or giving undue advantage to anyone due to certain conditions.

③ 2. Subjective (Non-objective behaviors)

- it does not mean taking decision only in merit of case. Rather it means do not giving undue favors to any party while taking decisions.

Remarks

GS SCORE

Remarks

Q5. Discuss few criterias used to define a trait as positive? (75 Words Each) (5 Marks)

A trait is positive if -

- if doesn't harm others, cause pain to others' life.
- Bring sympathetic behaviour towards others
- Bring compassion and tolerance towards others
- judges thinking on its merit - objectively and on subjective manner
- Non-partisan - does not take sides
- Promotes social cohesion and spirit of brotherhood
- Emboldens rationality and moral behaviour
- is in syn. with national interest
- having ~~charita~~ dedication & devotion at workplace.

Remarks



Q6. How does optimism work and what positive functions does it serve?

(75 Words Each) (5 Marks)

Optimism refers to holding positive opinion about something, somebody or situations.

five functions

- o helps build courage to take risky ventures
- o avoid negativity to (keep) in times of helplessness
- o to help one in venturing uncharted territories
- o In government to build spirit of confidence in taking bold decisions
- o in adverse situations developing confidence & morale of subordinates

2

It brings creativity in problem solving

Remarks

Q7. How do we develop rational moral feelings? Explain the two rationality conditions. Can we ever be fully rational in our moral thinking? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Rational moral feelings are developed when the decision to judge right and wrong is premised on logic, rationality, merits, facts well laid principles, moral precepts etc.

Two rationality conditions:-

- o Backed by merits or fact
- o Reasoning behind the interpretation to evaluate those merits or facts

Human beings can be developmentally but to a considerable extent only because:-

1) Satisfying human needs:-

- 2) Biological links to absorb and collect information about anything and everything!
- 3) moral Emotivism - when morals are carried out by emotions

Remarks

However effort should be made to be as much rational in our dealing as much possible.

Moreover, principles like moral selectivity
 where morals are decided on basis of culture also hinders development of rational moral judgement.

So some universal precedents be followed like Honesty, transparency, empathy, non-partisanship, objectivity to promote national ethical feelings (moral).

35

Remarks

Q8. On what grounds might it be considered right to sacrifice one's own welfare for the benefit of the another person? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Might can be considered right on certain conditions like ethical altruism where one's own welfare is sacrificed for benefit of another person.

How is it permitted? Surely when one's right cannot be promoted otherwise.

- o otherwise it will lead to self-annihilation
- o as per utilitarian principle greater happiness to greater number of people is satisfied by following this principle

o if the ~~benefit~~ which will culminate out of safety of others is right.

such as if a police officer is endangering one's own life to save

Remarks

ill-gotten political party wealth is not
merely misleading.

Hence on these grounds ~~Right~~ ^{might be} ~~Left~~ (any)

Considered: Right

You need to get the
essence of question first.

Remarks

Q9. Answer the following questions:

- (a) Distinguish between dilemma and problems.
- (b) The answer to a dilemma is always both and never either/or. Do you agree? Give reasons.
(75 Words Each) (5x2=10 Marks)

a) Dilemma

- Dilemma a situation where ~~both~~ is appropriate Path of action to a certain extent
- answer is either to follow one - by Qualitatively & quantitatively as per circumstances evaluating the priorities
- similar dilemma or other dilemma solution is difficult as one has to evaluate different options & then it's pros & cons. Consequent SPM actions.

Problems

- situation where a non-desirable situation crops up.
- answer is eliminate it.
- Problem solution is comparatively easy as one needs to only think about one problem - < and its solution.

Remarks

b) Answer to dilemma is made by evaluating various options before us and evaluating its pros and cons and then taking action thereof.

However answer is it lies in ~~either~~ taking one action ~~or~~ or find a alternative middle path.

So it cannot be said that dilemma is always both and never either or.

What should one follow in such circumstance?

15

Remarks

Q10. Answer the following questions related to the leadership quality:

- Charisma is the result of effective leadership, not the other way around. Discuss.
- Why Charisma as a leadership trait doesn't last long?
- What is being authentic? Why a leader needs to be authentic?

(75 Words Each) (5×3=15 Marks)

Q) Charisma can be result of effective leadership. Eg
Cravelli, Puri etc if person has a vision.

- is able to take ~~care~~ on personal level
- believing in ability of subordinates
- evolving trust of subordinates on him
- great social breakfr. and concern

However not only effective leadership

ii. Charisma

Various leaders like Hitler who were not that effective leaders still held charisma among his subordinates.

Persons can be born intelligent, born eloquent speakers, has charismatic personality, influence people by convincing ~~favorable~~ favorable.

Remarks

- 6) Charismatic trait doesn't last long! -
- Because:-
- The movement leader ~~wrote~~^{lacks} the visionary element. Subordinates lose trust in him.
 - Increase Rift between leader and Subordinates over time.
 - Difference between opinion, ideas between leader & Subordinates.
 - If a person's charismatic due to his speech might be due to old age. In speeches, monologue would not be effective by then.
 - Ineffective communication between leaders.
 - Growing loss of empathy with the people. If one is not able to fulfill expectation of people, then charisma will vanish.

(2)

Remarks

c) Being authentic means doing what is ought to be done as per established norms & values in society.

rahulji was a authentic leader to be authentic leaders need to be value based.

Why?

- To Build trust on leaders
- Establish better information flow & communication
- Better reporting relationship
- Cohesion at workplace
- Build empathy toward each other's belief working style
- Build culture of transparency & Accountability at work place
- To be objective in approach at work

(2)

Remarks

- Q11. What are socio-emotional skills? Why are they important in education sector? How teachers can have a detrimental influence on students' socio-emotional development, even if unintentional? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Socio-Emotional skills can be broadly said as inter-personal skills of person and Emotional quotient as held by person.

In Education Sector

- will help in development of social cohesion at study places
- promote spirit of tolerance and empathy at institution
- will give boost to compatibility of persons towards each other
- help one develop emotional quotient to become leaders of charismatic stature in future
- to promote  internal laws of control in students and teachers

Remarks

Very good

Teacher to negatively influence :-

- If teacher adopt bureaucratic culture at study place to not allow socio-emotional development to take place.
- Promotion of rote learning will restrict cognitive development.
- Reciprocal learning - Casteist or parochial thinking of teacher can be inherited by students in general.
- Syllabus of students if not illustrated with great examples like Ghandi ji, Nehru ji rather used with Hitler can have negative influence. ~~for~~ for socio-emotional development.

You should also discuss how teachers can be the role model

Remarks

Q12. Difference between the following terms:

(a) Emotion and Sentiment

(b) Liberty and Freedom

(c) Duty and Obligation

(75 Words Each) (5x3=15 Marks)

a) Emotion

- led by feelings and thoughts about something or somebody
- do not have logical reasoning behind it
- ~~not~~ not backed by facts
- will develop as person goes through localization procedures

Sentiment →

- led by opinion about something, somebody
- backed by facts
- have logical reasoning behind it
- will develop as a result of experiences of persons of past life, or stories of other persons.

It can go up to capturing social division

Remarks

(b)

Liberty

- Liberty of thought, expression, belief, faith & worship

You
should
define
both
first

- Involves issues of liberty to think & contemplate.

- has internal laws of control

- without liberty, parochial thinking and archaic mindset develops.

- Ideas of liberty will lead to freedom

- Both Embodiment each other

freedom

- has relation to享有 such rights, to be free from bonds of foreign rule etc.

- Involves issues of sovereignty

- has external laws of control

- without it overall development of personality of human is restricted

- will lead to freedom of will ~~and~~ and liberty of thoughts



Remarks

Till

Q. Duty

Obligation

- When Codified as
Per rules & regulations
- NOT Codified neither
implied
- non-performance can
invite punishment
- non-performance can
cause cognitive
dissonance
- has external levels of
control
- has internal levels
of control

Refer to
answer to
Ques 10

- needs rules & regulations
- needs moral values
as parameters

- Balibility with regard
to Constitution, Family
Nation etc.
- centres around
family, Society etc.
- like obligation of
familial jobs, care etc.

You need to define both

Remarks

first

Q13. Discuss Mills concept of 'harm principle'. Is it right not to interfere with what someone does if it does not harm other people? Is it also applicable in family system?

(150 Words) (10 Marks)

John Stuart Mill proponent of Qualitative Utilitarianism.

Propounded harm principle.

It says that until person is not harming the interest of other people or bringing pain to the lives of other people such action of individual is moral.

Whenever there is interference in someone's life it negatively affects ~~the~~ person's life as it abridges the privacy, right to life especially when it amount be does not harm anybody.

So apparently it seems right not to interfere with what someone does if it does not harm other people.

This especially goes true with the promotion of Indigenous people or tribal groups

and the ~~foreign~~ nationals living in our country.

to allow them to live at

Remarks

per their style and as per their culture and long held traditions.

Yes it is applicable in family system as well because it will lead to:-

- development of one person's own taste of preference

- individual personality

- recognition to individual person's achievement

- privacy would be ensured

- right to life and work as per the situations surrounding his life

- build culture of cohesion, empathy, tolerance in family

- all family members to be compassionate about one other's way of living

How can these outcome be possible?

You justify your view.

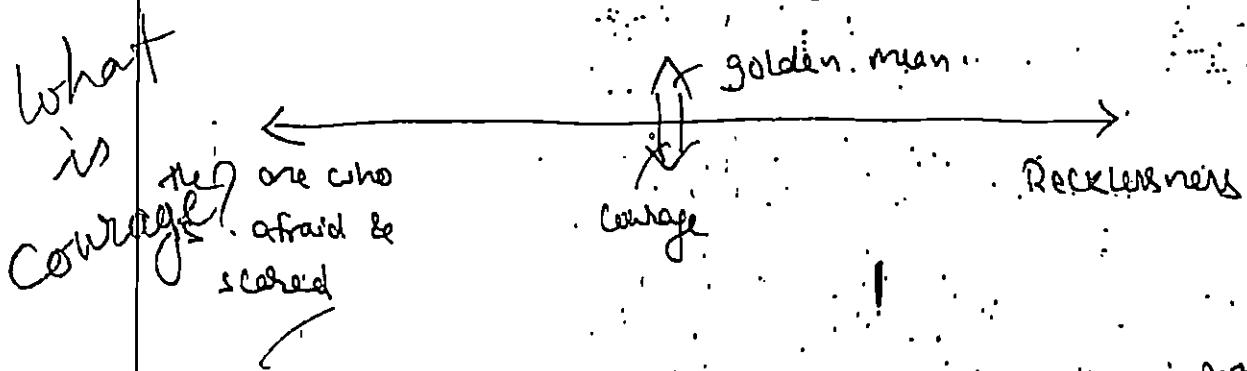
your view.

21
22

Remarks

Q14. 'Courage is the most important of all the virtues because without courage, you can't practice any other virtue'. Critically examine the thesis in the context of human life in general and governance in particular.
(150 Words) (10 Marks)

According to Aristotle, he says, the greatest virtue of men is to achieve Golden Mean. one such mean is courage.



Thereby courage is one of the important virtue in general:-

- 1) allows one to take certain reasonable risk in life because without ~~risk~~ no reward can come.
- 2) In situations of helplessness it is courage which ~~is~~ comes to rescue.
- 3) Suppose a person while climbing ~~Himalayan~~ mountain caught in landslide. It is courage which gives him strength.

Remarks

Like few months ago Hemuwantha an army man showed such courage.

In governance

- to take ventures and steps which are unprecedented ~~not yet taken~~ \Rightarrow uncharted territories.
- to act as a model in governance.
- In situations like mob violence, it is courage which helps like in Jharkhand Unichamp district $\textcircled{185}$ 4 policemen saved 15 farmers from mob lynching. $\textcircled{21}$ It was courage which enabled the policemen.
- In areas of Raj corridor (Naxal hit areas) it is courage which enables them to take up a stand for the interest of nation while administering these areas.

Remarks

What is the guiding principle behind courage?

Q15. In your own words, explain Kant's principle of ends. Do you think that this could be a useful moral principle for you in everyday life? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Kant's Principle of "sense of duty" is its Paramount Principle.

He states that ~~Means~~ should justify ends.

He was of the opinion that one should always follow what it ought to be followed as their duty. says irrespective of the consequences ~~as~~ opposed to Utilitarianism. Proponents.

Usefulness of Duty principle in everyday life:-

1. Speak honestly; never tell a lie as a universal principle can undoubtedly be followed.
 2. Never steal anything
 3. Do not harm others
- These principles can absolutely be

Remarks

followed in day-to-day life.

However disregard to end sometimes defeats the purpose. You need not write anything which is not asked at all.

Suppose a farmer who does not have much money needs medicine for his wife who is in dire need of it for operation overnight. He ~~may~~ thought of resorting to stealing. But at the same time with a promise to buy the medicine from his daily wage and return it back after few days.

Here following sense of duty will not save his wife's life.

Thereby Kant's sense of duty is not impracticable as such rather practiced in day-to-day life but at times have to take into consideration the ends to be achieved.

Remarks

SECTION - B

In the following questions carefully study the cases presented and then answer the questions that follows:

Q16. A Cabinet rank Minister has been assigned the Ministry of Petroleum and Gas. He is aware that it is both an opportunity as well as a great responsibility. Yet he is very confused regarding his priorities because of the following situations. You have to observe the situations and state whether the minister should go forward or not by giving adequate reasons.

- (a) His family members, relatives and party members come to him for allotment of retail outlets - a sure source of regular income. They make their point on the argument that the minister will not do any dis-service to public because whether outlets are run by minister's people or others, service will still be available to the people.
- (b) The minister has been indicated by the head of his political party that he should use his powers to mobilize funds for the party, because every 'party in power' does it and elections today are 'very expensive'. Also by doing the same, he will come in the 'good books' of the people in command of the political party he belongs to.
- (c) He should focus on implementation of the running projects and carrying out reforms needed to improve the performance of the petroleum and gas producing and marketing companies, as that is the main task mandated to him.
- (d) Since he feels that it would be difficult for him to reconcile personal, party and official interests, he should resign. Is it possible for him to reconcile all these interests?

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

a) Ethical dilemma involved here :-

- Personal interest vs Professional ethics
(family members)
- familial duties vs Code of Conduct rules
- Interest of single family vs Interest of whole nation as family.

b) Allots to his family members:-

Munik

- will improve families ties & cohesion
- greater satisfaction of family members & kind towards him.

Remarks

- to party members will enhance his personal image in party as favourist.

Demerit

- will negatively affect corporate governance against code of conduct rules
- against professional culture of party
- will tarnish party image as favouritism be noticed
- ~~so promoting~~
- will impinge on spirit of competition in economy thereby it seems that elements clearly overweights the merits thereby he should not allow neither a culture of merit be transparently be promoted

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(b) If: Mobilizes Fund

Merits

- will be able to meet party ~~electoral~~ expenses
- will lead to emboldening his position in party & find favours with media
- help him to get party ticket in next election

Demerit

- promotion of power culture (money power) in ~~politics~~ party
- will bring a blot to the party's name
- dwindling of trust in the party by people
- negatively affect the politics of our country as it would bring a image that politics is only done on money power
- wrong precedent for next ministers to come hence by looking at negative it can be

21

Remarks

said that he should not mobilize funds.

(c) Doing his assigned official job

Merits:-

- will ensure energy security of country.
- India's energy needs are met particularly by import so production improvement will save precious forex.
- Banking marketing companies will help them reduce costs like under recoveries.
- will promote corporate governance & competition in Economy.
- will reduce fiscal deficit.

Doing one's official duty with full devotion, dedication, impartiality, transparency do not have any demerits as such.

(d) if resigns

- wrong precedent for new members to come.
- what is the guarantee that next minister will be able to reconcile all interests.
- will portray Escapist character of minister.

if it is possible to reconcile all interests

if he follows his duties well ultimately the do Energy

it will ensure energy security

Boost to Economy

Increase in income of corporates

Increase in corporate social responsibility fund

Funds to political party

narrows election gap on the protest

Avoid Remarks
using this space of good governance not on money power. This message should be conveyed by him loud and clear to other members.

Q17. There was a conflict between the students of upper castes and Dalit community in a central university. The Dean and Vice Chancellor called a reconciliatory meeting, but it did not yield any result. The other day violence erupted in some parts of the university and some hostels. Examinations are very close. Some students have to submit their PhD thesis or M.Phil dissertations. Some politicians from a certain section put pressure on the Vice Chancellor to take action against the agitating students.

(a) Discuss various options available to the Vice Chancellor.

(b) Justify why these options are worth considering? (250 Words) (20 Marks)

This case presents a typical portrayal of current scenario prevailing in our society. The entrenched deep-seated casteism which has culminated into hatred towards lower caste (Dalit community here). thereby impinging social cohesion & empathy of people. various options available:-

- Since violence is perpetrating and reconciliatory meeting has already taken place so some prompt actions are needed:
 - Appoint certain Beat Constables so that perpetrators are deterred.
 - Involve student unions of universities as they have better connect.
 - Circulate fairly warning that those caught of doing violence might invite punishment of expulsion from university or taking back their degree.

Remarks:

- Installation of CCVS + identify the prime culprits and + sensitize people in general.
- During identification, teachers & professors can be involved as they can give insights about any aggressive behaved student.

Long-term measures

- Appoint a committee to find out reasons as to why such conflict has arisen.
- Bring into effect a procedure into admission process - to sign a Bond that irresponsible activities are liable to be punished.
- Promote a culture of inter-Caste dining.
- Avoid ghettoization by making students live in the same dormitory ~~from various castes~~.
- Use models & past stories to evoke the spirit of tolerance & empathy towards each other culture.
- Promote moral education as one of subject.

(b) Short-term measures:-

- Since examinations are near student need to concentrate on exams. And for that peace and tranquility is utmost necessity.

Remarks ^{should} you suggest some feasible & viable option that can cope with situation in short span?

Thereby Beat Constables, are appointed - & Circulars are spread / disseminated.

- Student unions ~~record and to~~ teachers better know students, so they will help in better identification of culprits.
- CCTV, will ensure people (students) do not harm while on their way to Examination halls & submission of PhD theses.

Long-term measures

- Above stated options in long-term section will ensure that students will develop feeling of empathy, tolerance, compassion, cohesion towards the people from other section.

This will ensure that not only these violent conflict are suppressed rather future conflict will be nipped in the bud itself.

Hence it is said to edwate a man in mind not in morale is a menace to society. Thereby students be taught moral education as well.

Remarks You should not mess up with your answer every part

properly denote of answer

Q18. You are a senior civil engineer incharge of a very big road project. You find that project contractor is working honestly and strictly as per the work schedule and also maintaining the quality of work. Suddenly his only son met with an accident and hence he is preoccupied in his treatment. The project got delayed and the quality of work slightly get affected. Your subordinates are putting pressure on you to take strict action against the contractor.

- What are the various options available to you?
- Evaluate the merits and demerits of each option and choose the option you would adopt, giving reasons. (250 Words) (20 Marks)

The present case presents a classic example of a situation when a person's mental condition and his familial values and commitment brings a negative effect on one's effectiveness & efficiency (or delay) (or quality) at workplace.

Under this situation various options are:-

a). Doing as per suggestions of subordinates to take strict action.

merit,

- Subordinates will be satisfied to have their demands met.
- will give a boost to bureaucratic culture of following rules & law
- will ensure that no such delays happens in future
- ensure disciplinary culture at workplace

Remarks

Demerits

- negative effect on the morale of people working with honesty.
 - will lead to cognitive dissonance.
 - decrease in trust on the behavior of engineer.
 - will reduce quality of work life where person professional interface will be compromised.
- b) Do not take any action

merit

- will ensure contractor is not punished.
- contractor will be able to take future contracts.
- personnel bond between contractor & engineer will continue.

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52

Demerits

- will give impetus to impunity culture.
- will set a wrong precedent.
- negatively effect discipline and professional culture.
- seem to transparent and responsible behavior of workplace.

Remarks

He can go for probe into
delay & deteriorating quality
on his own level.

- (C) Another alternatives ~~to~~ are:-

 - 1) Put the case in public sphere and let the public decide. As it is their tax money going into such big road project.
 - 2) Organise a Committee of all stakeholders including engineer, contractor, supplier, public representatives to decide the case. As multiple stakeholders will better decide the case thoroughly.
 - 3) Contact road development minister to get to know the Code of Conduct rules as to what to do in these circumstances.
 - 4) Lastly on his personal level, engineer can instead of taking strict action can give a moderate warning to contractor to follow the quality and schedule of work ~~irrespective~~ of his financial situations.
He can cut a certain degree of commission of contractor to offset the loss and to act as deterrence of such behaviour in future.

Remarks

Q19. Ratandeep, an orphan, is a 30 year young who lives in small town of Punjab. Ratandeep does not have much for sustenance. He does some part-time work in a Real Estate Industry as he is incapable of holding a full-time job due to the drug habit.

He has also served jail too for quite some time for possessing drugs, which he kept for his own consumption. He never sells it, nor involve in any further crime. But community members of his locality do not like him at all.

Few senior people from his colony have approached you as you are Police Inspector of that area. Community members have put pressure on you to arrest him, as he is a threat to society. Since that community is a potential vote bank of ruling party, so you are quite aware that sooner-or-later you will get instructions from political quarter also to do the same.

Answer the following questions based on the above situation:

- As a Police Inspector, which ethical dilemma will you face?
- Is it ethical to have strict action against him? Does he has freedom to consume drugs until he is not harming anyone else?
- In what ways can you intervene in the life of such drug addicts?

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

a) As a Police Inspector, ethical dilemma faced by me are :-

1) Personal interest (Family) vs Professional Ethics
 (finding favours with following the Code of Conduct)

2) following the whims vs Rule of law
 & opinion of community (to follow the Procedural aspect of law)

3) Right to life of community as whole vs Right to life of individual

Remarks

- (b) Taking strict action against him would convey the message that ~~people~~ Police can go in excess to any extent in order to be the line of Politicians and community opinion. So it is not ethical because -
- would go against rule of law
 - ~~would~~ negatively impact the prestige of people
 - until he gets caught while consuming drugs he should not be arrested
 - Right to life - ~~As saying goes every good man has his past and every criminal has a future~~

~~As far as freedom of consuming drugs is concerned he is not legally allowed to consume even if he ~~does~~ does not sell it. Drugs like heroine, hashish, weed are not legally allowed to be consumed in India.~~

- (c) Thereby certain interventions can be made to life of such people:-

Remarks

- As it is clear from case that Retarded is a drug addict and a part-time worker.
 - so it seems that if he gets engaged in full-time employment he might leave such practices. So promotion of employment.
 - As Inspector I can promote schemes like Prathm mein kewal vikal yojana, Skill India mission.
 - can make these people aware about various skill bodies.
- moreover can ask the government to open de-addiction centres.
- can ask the district collector to organise awareness campaign involving models, ACTS and bring to life ill-effects of drug addition.
- Penetration
- Strict vigilance to restrict and nab the criminals involved in drug selling activities.
- Bring into light on social platform ill effects of such practices like # say NO to DRUGS.

Remarks

First
of
all
he
must
undergo
rehabili-
tation

3

Q20. You are a S.P of a district. There is a project of infrastructure development in your area. This project is related to the widening of road. This project has been pending for long time but no civil servant wants to touch it as it is a very sensitive issue because for widening of road, removal of illegal religious construction done on the government land, has to be done.

One particular political party is also supporting these illegal structures due to political interests. Your senior officials have also given a blind eye to these constructions for long. Members of the committee who runs that religious structure went to court, but lost the case.

High Court has directed the state government to remove all such illegal religious structure which has mushroomed on government land. But no official want to burn their hands. One day District Magistrate has asked you to remove all the illegal structures using force. Being the SP you understand that removing the religious structure may lead to violence, even it can spark communal violence also. Some junior officers also showing their reluctant attitude to participate in their work as they belong to same community. Political parties have their particular interest in it. Being the first responder to any public anger, Police may also lose the lives of some of its men.

Answer the following questions based on the above situation:

(a) Will you face any dilemma regarding the above said situation? Explain.

(b) What steps will you take to address the situation?

(c) Which course of action is best and why?

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

a) Ethical dilemmas are :-

1) Interest of Police personnel vs. interest of general public of such
(Risk of their life)

2) Short term pain vs. long term gain
(Communal conflict might flare up) vs. (Better roads, Better connectivity)

3) Personal interest vs. following rule of law
(finding favours with Party) vs. (High Court orders and District Magistrate directions)

Remarks

clerk (Signature)

(b) Steps to address the situation :-

- First take into confidence the junior officers and boost up their spirit. Because a house divided in itself cannot stand against others.
- Bring the religious leaders ~~and~~ table and ask them to ventilate their grievances and assure that the temple can be relocated to other place. Preferable need to road. By convincing them that is every where.
- Convince the political parties that working and banding on sectarian policies can not yield electoral dividends in future.
- Appoint Best Constables to identify the opportunist elements of society.
- Identify vulnerable spots of the town and install CRPF personnel in the area.

③

Remarks

- o After taking these steps .. keep the machinery to remove structures in surplus like jCB in machines.
- What its significant significance give effect to removal of structures
- o Preferably in night after cutting internet facilities give effect to removal of structures
- (c) The above state course of action after applying all the above state steps are suitable to assuage the concerns of religious leaders as well as to follow the rule of law to remove religious structures.



Remarks