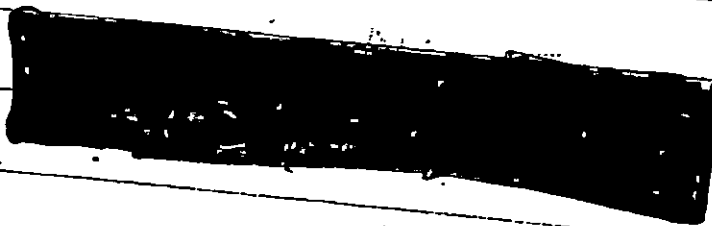


ABHIJEET SINHA

IAS - 343

Essay - 3

Strengths: Good language
starts from Intro to
conclusion the continuity
has been maintained.



Weaknesses: The essays
did not contain the latest
information published in
news papers and did not
discuss the national &
international organizations.

14/8/2017

55+58
13/8/17
BHU

Suggestions: Read news papers
often mentioned and use
them in your essays.

You can easily
capture
R.K.

Sports
field

of competitions do not
characterize, they reveal it

4. unique practices Ancient India had a
the men valiant men, from all
parts, competed amongst
themselves, in organised sports
and other competitions, in order
to prove their digibility, their
valour and win, rather than
choose, a wife. This practice
was called Awayamwar, where
competition was based to
identify the real and know the
real character of a man, and
find out the true person,

Ages have passed,
but this idea of sports
and competition being correlated

Age old
competitive
meets

with character, has not vanished.
Today, Awayanwar, is unfortunate
no longer practised. However,
competition continues in myriad
of ways, students compete to
ace in examinations, sportsmen
compete to win trophies,
businesses compete to capture
greater market share, states
compete to reap the benefits
of competitive federalism and
lastly nations compete among
themselves, to win or diffuse
war.

good analysis about competition

good intro

This centrality of
competition leads us to ask
the obvious, is competition
being utilised to identify
or reveal character or is
it a way to build

character? Plus, an competition
destroy character. Through the
course of this way, we'll see
this multi faceted Impact of
sports and competition on
character.

The primary role of
competition is to reveal
character. And this occurs
because competition, including sports,
allow us to show the best
in ourselves. Our full potential
remains unmarked and the new
transparency provides a standardised
metric to gauge us and select
the best, amongst us.

That is why, a race
is used to select the fastest;
weight lifting or wrestling is

about
competition

used to select the strongest
and marathons are used to
select the most resolute men
and women.

Even beyond the field
of sports, such competitions ~~are~~ is
widely prvalant to bring out
the true picture. The armed
forces use some of the most
intimidating competitions ^{to select cadets}. In the
years, the ICS used to
recruit, by conducting a total
of 17 competitions, including
horse riding to select the most
wholesome talent. And a number
of other ways; ^{single} ~~the~~ competition
to reveal character is used, be
it in college entrance exams ^{in numerous other places like} and
in the selection to Cricket and
Hockey teams.

In these ways, competition and tests are used to externally and explicitly identify characters.

However, character may be revealed away. The implicit process of games itself and competition itself.

Take the instance of a young Ashwin Tendulkar, who would practice on the net, on an average of 13 hours a day.

Or a young bonnet Hersi, who did not bother about his low height and continued to train himself. Their very training revealed their characters like fortitude and passion, and it was enough for their coaches to identify their pure talents.

Likewise, in the English Premier league, an extraordinary feat occurred last year, when

Write about what is a character

Character is a pattern of behaviour, thoughts and feelings based on universal principles, moral strength and integrity by which we are guided.

good examples of characters in sports field

Leicester City, a bottom placed team in the previous year, was crowned the champion. It revealed their strength of (Team Work) and Dedication, ~~More~~^{importantly} they managed to do so with a new coach, who did not have time to build a new character in team, ~~but~~ Instead, his duty was to reveal the true strength of the players themselves. This ~~football~~^{football} allowed ~~the~~^{the} players to showcase their characters rather than build it.

Team Work

likewise, In a similar manner, when ~~Sakshi~~ PU Sindhu stepped forward to help her injured competitor, it showed her character of Respect and Reverence towards others. ~~This~~ This was not taught to her during the game, but she

humanity

- Terms like sportsman spirit, Competitive spirit etc are so popular, because sports define a healthy type of competition, which is rare in other fields. Ex. NADAL and ROGER FEDERER.

Learned this ~~about~~ ^{the} ~~course~~ ^{of} ~~her~~ ^{her} own ~~life~~ ^{life}.
Badminton merely allowed her to reveal this.

This ~~type~~ ^{utility} of competition to reveal the true character of a person extends beyond sports.

For example, in the field of politics, the arrest of important leaders during emergency, created a round of competition among youth/student leaders and provided them a chance to reveal their true self. The ~~moment~~ and show their leadership skills. And new leaders like Mr. Nishik Kumar, Mr. Lalit Yadav, Mr. Ravishankar Prasad were born, who used the competitive political platform to reveal, rather than, build themselves.

Competition in politics

Individual games and Team games: both promote Competition and Co-operation simultaneously. In individual games are about Competition only mostly. Team games bring people of different colour, race,

Exercised together for common goals and can be a good push to National Integrity

Then, we see Competition may help to reveal the good character of a person. However, the opposite is also true. Competition allows to reveal the evil in our character.

That is why, when Sportmen take to doping, under the pressure to win games, the word comes to know the absence of Honesty in their characters.

honesty in sports

Similarly, competition between business auto firms

Similarly, the race between Colonial powers to acquire new territories revealed the numerous ills in these countries, and Practices like Slavery imposed their disrupt

define sport - all forms of physical activity that contribute

towards humanity
~~that~~ of numerous and
war showed colonial-powers
against towards each other.

Hence, we see, that competition reveals the true self of a person ~~best~~ ^{correct} ~~of~~ Good as well as bad qualities become visible. Most of them are not learnt on the battlefield, but are an intrinsic part and parcel of their own personality. Competition merely exposes it.

At the same time, it is also true that Competition helps to build character.

This occurs because, psychologically, competition forces us to brave more and to shed complacency. It allows us to see the world in a

to physical fitness, mental well-being and social interaction,
such as play, recreation, organised or competitive social
sport, and indigenous sports and games.

different way. New ideas
creep in and altogether,
character is redefined.

That is why sports persons
train for so many hours a
day together. The initial idea is
to learn and shape the character
Teamwork, even if and Hard
work. It is not that the
players do not inherently,
have these characters. They do
have it. But, training hones
these skills and modifies it
in a way, that suits the
team, the most.

Likewise, regular practice
adds experience with time,
And helps to yield consistency
in performance. Without intensive

Impact of sports on society at large: the remarkable
aspect of sports is not its ability to improve fitness to burn
training, even talented players
like Vinod Kambli, can fade
into oblivion.

Similarly, this role of
competition of honours ^{talent} extends beyond
sports.

That is why, Armed
forces conduct War Games,
to not only to identify their
weaknesses, but more importantly
to work over them.

In a similar manner,
competition between states in
form of Competitive Federalism
is a way to identify their
shortcomings. And, it provides
them to an opportunity to
make their own state more
attractive ~~to~~ to investors,
business and residents.

celebrates, but its power to draw people of any ethnicity,
any religious or political belief.

This is also the reason
why competitions examinations
keep modifying their syllabus,
so that the exam provides
an incentive to learn new
things. The focus is on
character building of students,
as well as identifying it.

Thus, we see that
sports and competitions do
not merely build characters.
They shape it as well.

Together they create
a virtuous cycle where
good characters can be
created as well as
identified.

As the sam term,
it is also pertinent to

Now, sports became a career, unlike previous days, The cricket players, Kabaddi players, shuttle players, the wrestlers etc are finding realise that the virtuous cycle may turn into a vicious cycle.

When this happens, excess competition would incentives lead players to dope, students to cheat and businesses to use Unfair means, as recent Volkswagen engine scandal shows. And development of such characters may destroy the career of a sports person, may lead a ~~student~~ cause financial hardships to a company and may lead a student to suicide, a trend which is increasingly seen.

And it is therefore becomes necessary to design the competition and the incentives in a right manner.

place in national media. The coaches, fitness trainers, dietitians, and the Advt. industry, the TV coverage and sports industry, print media are all earning money and generating lot of employment. Today the

IPL is worth Rs. 32,000 Crores. The British county cricket which is the first in this has little brand value compared to IPL. Players become rich. Any sport somebody excels. The media is coveting. For Ex: Deepa Karmakar, a gymnast, though not a winner in olympics, she is given due respect and is given lot of encouragement by giving money. Money and technology is important for sports growth.

What we need to realise is that competition is a process; a means of self fulfilment rather than an end in itself. It should be used to hone ourselves, to and others. It should become a platform where we learn the essential qualities of Truth, Respect, Compassion and Sportsmanship.

We need to remember what Pierre Coubertin, said about the funder of Modern Olympics, said about sports and competition.

"The important thing is 'not winning, but taking part'"

3.

(55)

SECTION - B

3. 'People 'over-produce' pollution because they are not paying for the costs of dealing with it

(45) Selfishness is a characteristic closely associated with life on earth. To some extent, it allowed us to get food, space, water and allowed us to evolve. However, when selfishness becomes extreme, it can sow the seeds of our own destruction.

Our environment is a prime testimony ~~to~~ to this. If it could speak, it would tell tales ~~is~~ of how human acted selfishly and polluted.

the mother earth ✓

This selfishness arises more because at the micro level, an individual is not paying the costs of environmental damage. Rather, the costs are borne by the mankind as a whole, and by ~~our~~ ecosystem in totality. And this sets up a poor incentive for an individual to continue polluting. ✓

Take the case of excessive use of plastics. We do realise that plastics can choke animals, can block drains & groundwaters from

sleeping & can cause environmental pollution. However, these costs are shared by the society as a whole. To an individual, his/her ~~cost~~ share of losses becomes very low and gets subjugated to the benefits provided by plastic, that is accrued by him/her alone. For example, the ease in carrying goods, provided by plastic, ~~etc.~~ makes up more than makes up the extra charges that the person would have to pay in order to clean the environment. Thus, he/she continues to use plastic.

Similarly, for an individual person, the benefits of a personal vehicle outweighs the costs of pollution of air and the costs of cleaning ~~to~~ him/her alone.

Likewise, cheap electricity
and cheap water incentivises
the users to consume more
of them, without worrying about
the environmental and economic
costs which would be shared
by the society. Environment
suffers in form of ground
water table depletion or
more global warming, but
for an individual, the costs
are nullified ^{to benefit of water & electricity} and he/she
continues to over-consume.

The issue becomes
further acute because ~~the~~
people fail to realise
that the costs of cleaning
the environment are being
borne by the Taxpayers
themselves. ~~Instead~~, people

good
point for
discussion

~~visibility~~ This arises because of lack of transparency and awareness in government budgeting. The linkage between expenditure and output ~~is~~ becomes vague. And people, continue to pollute, as if someone else is paying for them. ✓

Valid point?

Equally importantly, the ~~transparency~~ capacity of government to act also remains weak. ~~the~~ And industries & people realize this weakness of government. That is why industries continue to pollute the air, realising that no penal punishments will be taken against them, in spite of their being laws like Air Act, 1980. ~~the~~ Similarly, even though laws against noise pollution exist, people realise that they are unlikely

to be punished, and noise pollution continues beyond the stipulated time limits. ✓

Likewise, the farmers indulge in Burning of Crop stubbles, because they realize that they are unlikely to be caught by the government. ✓

In fact, sometimes, government itself sets up an incentive to pollute. It does so, by reducing or abolishing the costs that people have to pay. Thus when coastal legislation zones ~~to~~ legislation were made, land pollution in coastal areas increased. Similarly, when the government of Delhi ~~abolished~~ reduced the cost of water supply, by paying water

are magnified. ~~But~~ the availability of water declined and water crisis ~~is~~ originated

People also over produce pollution because ^{more} the costs of ~~pollution~~ ~~will be~~ borne by the future generations and not the present generation. This sets up another incentive to continue unabatedly. ~~That is~~ And ~~why~~ + known Exploitation ~~has~~ ~~and~~ goes on unhindered. Similarly, the impact of Global Warming will be ~~now felt~~ more in the year to come, not now. Hence, we see, that a greater focus is given on Efficiency ~~rather~~ even if it comes at cost of ecology, amongst the layman.

lastly, this comparison

also extends Internationally.
Developed world realises that
the bulk of the ~~costs~~ of
environmental damage would
be borne by the Poorer
countries who do which occupy
the low-lying areas. The
developed world, in contrast, will
see lesser damage due to
issues like global warming
& Ozone Holes Thinning. And
this is one major reason, why
the Developed world has continued
to over-pollute.

¶ Hence, it is obvious
that people need to be
charged, and charged effectively,
for ~~the~~ damaging the environment.

~~Cost~~ Therefore, taxes on
pollutants like Plastics need

good
measure
at least

to be raised. We need to adopt
the ~~Plastic~~ waste model of
Uttar Pradesh, where every shopkeeper
is charged heavily for use of
plastic.

Similarly, ~~everyday~~ pollutants
like crackers, diesel vehicles,
pesticides must have higher taxes
upon them.

It is equally important
to identify the individual polluters
and charge them. Technology
like may help in here. For
example, satellite mapping would
help to identify the farms
where crops are being burnt.
Similarly, Smart Metering may
help to identify households
where wastage of electricity
is taking place. Drones may help
to identify the most polluting
industries.

When, the right pricing mechanism is put in place, a change should automatically come by: ✓

However, as we have seen before; higher taxes only lead to higher evasion. ✓ Therefore,

there is a need to set up a compliance mechanism as well.

For example, the recent Ganga Action Task Force, under Namami Gange provides a way to implement the laws. This scheme may be emulated by other states as well.

At the same time, coercion will be an insufficient and an undemocratic

Q/As
Mention the
role of
Court

step, It is equally important
to set up Medium of
Persuasion and Nudges.

We need to realise that
some people pollute, not because
they don't have to pay the
costs, but more so because
they have no choice.

Then, in the absence of
~~covered drains, water~~ waste
disposal mechanism, waste is
littered outside. Similarly,
burning of crops is done
because farmers do not know
of ways to dispose the crop
stubbles.

Therefore, to prevent such
action, government needs to
ensure availability of basic
infrastructure, such as waste
management system,

covered drains, an army of
waste collectors, providing
~~alternatives~~ buying crop residues
from farmers in order and
run waste to electricity
plants.

In addition, over-pollution
also arises because of lack
of awareness. A farmer, or
a poor polluter, or a
illiterate house wife is unlikely
to understand the complexities
of hazards like global warming
or Acid Rain or Twin Pit
latrine systems. It is necessary
therefore, that advertisement
campaigns on a mission
mode are initiated ~~against~~
to reach out ~~to~~ these
people. Help of NGOs

Civil Society and Credible
Personalities, such as filmstars
are required

There is an ^{urgent} need to
show people that there is a
connection between growing
pollution, environmental damage,
changing weather and food
security ✓

Example from Beijing & London
show us that when people
realise that this association,
they themselves initiate campaigns
to save environment & reduce
pollution. ✓

Hence, government & civil
society need to take a
mixture of steps so that
pollution is under-produced
rather than over-produced

more
clarity as
the point is
required

care of pollution can be
taken care of and economy
in a sustainable
manner. The benefits
of Efficiency, ~~and~~ Equity &
Environment will run for
year to come. It will
create a better world for
our children and would
truly fulfil the old saying
of

Sarve Bhavantu Sukhinch
Sarve Santu Niramayah
Sarve Bhadrani Parihayata
Na Karchit Dukh bhag bhavet

(let everyone be happy, let everyone
be healthy, let everyone see good
and let nobody face sorrow)

P.T.O

also:

- Who are the main polluters
 - Who are paying or going to pay the cost
 - Why the polluters are not paying the cost
 - Is this sustainable
 - What should be done
- Herman brings as the main polluters and the rest of life they will bear the cost
- developed and developing countries and climate change
- Rich and poor within a society or country
(Chhopal gas tragedy)
- CoP of India measures to control pollution in India:

→ 100 The Memorandum of Mathan
Co-ordinator Commission and Kesteri Rangin Commission
on Western Ghats - Vardit 123 V. Vign - No by
Kerala govt - 100 runs in 2017, 2018 & 2019
in Kerala - study

- solar parks and to go for the Renewable energy upto
175 GW power - at least 100 GW power by 2022
- clean Ganga project at a cost of Rs 20,000 crore -
to fund the Municipalities, nearest Government, to go for
water treatment plants and not to leave the
drainage water into the River Ganga.
- air pollution is causing the heat in climate (environment)
thus the rise in temperatures cause a damage of Rs 62,000
crores ^{crop loss} due to rise in day & night temperatures. So, to
reduce pollution in air, the Nuclear Plants are also being up then
there will not be any further Thermal power stations.
- if air and water is taken care off the farming community will
do wonders and the FOOD SECURITY
in India will be taken care

PARIS AGREEMENT & INDIA.

ROLE OF NHDP