

ETHICS, INTEGRITY AND APTITUDE

Time Allowed: 3 hr.

Max. Marks: 250

Q.	Marks	Instructions to Candidate
1.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There are 18 questions. All questions are compulsory The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it. Content of the answer is more important than its length. Answers must be written in the space provided. <p>Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.</p> <p><i>In case study better objectivity is possible - Retrix you</i></p>
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9 1/2

approach

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Name YASHODHARA DAS.

Roll No. _____

Mobile No. _____

Date 3/11/2016

Signature Yashodhara Das

SECTION - A

Q1. What is the difference between a 'good man' and a 'good citizen'? Suggest measures to mitigate the differences. (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Goodness is a difficult word to explain. It basically means adhering to some basic principles in life which helps in enriching our existence and makes life worth living.

Taking it forward a good man would be a person who would be imbiking certain values in life which are considered good in the society - Honesty, Kindness, Empathy, dutibound, integrity, etc. A person having these qualities would be considered a good man.

On the other hand, a good citizen would be one who would be fulfilling certain duties towards the nation to which he belongs. The

Remarks

fundamental duties in Indian
 constitution enshrine certain such
 duties - respecting the national flag and
 anthem, respecting the values of the
 freedom struggle, respecting women,
 promoting brotherhood, conserving nature
 and environment, inculcating spirit of
 inquiry and scientific learning etc.
 thereby, by following certain values
 as above towards the nation, a person
 would be fulfilling his duty and
 'good citizen' too.

~~But often, there exist a gap between
 the good man and the good citizen. People
 usually follow personal values diligently
 but not the ones towards the society.
 The rampant garbage in the roads is a
 testimony to it. To bridge it, an integration
 of both is necessary and cooperation and
 awareness by civil society can do wonders
 in it.~~

Remarks

Q2. Write short notes on the following:

- a) Knowledge is contingent and conditional, relative to various fluid perspectives or interests.
- b) Differentiate between 'Perfect' and 'Imperfect' duties.
- c) Western Buddhism
- d) Rationality

(75 Words each) (5×4 = 20 Marks)

Q is :- Knowledge is not absolute rather it is contingent & partial

Knowledge is something impermanent. It goes on being refined with time along with change in the society as well as in the perspectives and perceptions of people.

As a child often we are made to understand knowledge as being just ~~superior~~ in studies. Being the topper and to be included in

'A+' category. But as we grow with time our perceptions change.

Now knowledge means more of understanding the issues and incorporating whatever we learnt into the lives to make it more meaningful.

Remarks

Thereby, with maturity, and changed interests, the definition of knowledge also underwent change and will keep on refining further.

b) Duty is basically a responsibility entrusted upon us in accordance to the requirements of our position or authority.

While to quote something 'perfect' and 'imperfect' is a very subjective notion. Often its basis is on the underpinnings of the society. Something acceptable to the society is perfect while something abhorred by the society is imperfect.

Therefore, perfect duty would mean such a duty that is acceptable.

For eg. that of an police officer to maintain law & order. While imperfect duty would maybe mean ^{for eg.} the action of suicide undertaken by a jihadi.

Remarks

terrorist. Both the people are fulfilling their duty but the consequences on the society are totally different.

(c)

Remarks

d) Rationality basically means perceiving the situation as it is, without being bogged down by preconditioned values, decisions and taking decisions without any bias and in a just manner.

Often rationality is undermined by the societal norms and notions which are in fact man-made and not sacrosanct.

For eg. Honour killing → Marriage is something which should be of mutual consent of both the people involved and if it's there, then

there should not be any problem. According to rationality, but because of ~~stereotyped~~ caste issues, often it's not accepted leading to honour killing and undermining of rationality.

Q3. Differentiate between 'act utilitarianism' and 'rule utilitarianism'. Which of them offers a better basis of taking decisions? Give reasons. (150 Words) (10 Marks)

'Act utilitarianism' basically means taking actions that bring about greater good towards the people and the society.

For eg. A cess on luxury items would maybe undermine the profits or earnings of a few elite but the revenue generated from it could be utilised to create infrastructure or improve social sector for the large number of poor people in the society.

on the other hand 'Rule utilitarianism' basically means taking actions or decisions to rule en masse, as in creating a mass rule-based or dominating government or state.

Remarks

An. eg. of it would be maybe any authoritarian rule as in Napoleon or Hitler. The problem is that, how it might lead to more hardship to the people instead of welfare. which undermines the basic right to life of people. Also often it creates discontent and a resultant violence and chaotic situation. E.g. the present Syria issue.

Therefore, 'Act Utilitarianism' should be the basis of taking decisions in order to maintain a just and stable society.

Q4. What is Citizen Charter? Why Citizen Charters are considered as proactive approach to good governance? Critically examine Indian experience to Citizen Charter. Suppose you become the head of District Health Office. How will you display your proactive approach in this respect? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Citizen charter is basically a document to ensure transparency and accountability of an organisation. ^(orgn) It has the following information -

- The vision, Mission of the organisation,
- the details of the clients involved,
- the various services that the organisation provides,
- a time bound period for delivery of such services,
- a grievance redressal mechanism in case citizens have any.

This is considered a proactive approach because it is a rights based approach i.e. it emphasises on citizens' rights to know about the

Remarks

organisation, its services they are entitled to and make the orgⁿ accountable to the citizens for the services.

Citizen charter was first adopted in UK; and subsequently India also adopted it later. But not much success has been there -

- Not all institutions have come up with citizens charters.
- ~~Vulgar language is used instead of simple one.~~ (S)
- A participative approach not taken while formulating citizens charters.
- Society, as a head of district Health office, a proactive approach should be there -
- To involve all stakeholders while formulating citizens charters.
- Imbibe the Evoltam model while formulating
- Ensure that all health orgs in the district come up with citizens charter and required grievance redressal mechanism.

Remarks

Q5. Two statements about patriotism have been given below. Interpret and explain their meaning in contemporary context.

- a) Patriotism is not a short and frenzied outburst of emotion but the tranquil and steady dedication of a lifetime. (150 Words) (10 Marks)
- b) Patriotism is when love of your own people comes first; nationalism, when hate for people other than your own comes first. (150 Words) (10 Marks)

a) Patriotism is a feeling of love for your own country. And such a feeling of love has to be a deep seated one and not superficial instead.

In order to bring such an emotion of love for country one needs to acknowledge the history as well as the present of the nation. often its not a single day achievement but a long term building process. For eg. a act of anger against people for not standing up to the national anthem in a cinema.

Remarks

all cannot be considered as an act of patriotism in true sense.

But instead, the steady dedication of our freedom fighters to uphold the importance of the national flag and national anthem amongst the atrocities inflicted during the British times, better personify the feeling of patriotism:

Patriotism often means having pride in the good things of the country while ~~acknowledging~~ the bad ones and taking actions for it. thereby it requires consistent dedication, and doesn't end as a single instance matter.

Remarks

b) The difference between patriotism and nationalism is a thin line.

Patriotism often means love for the nation as a whole, having pride in the good things while working hard for improving the bad ones. Thereby it creates bonds of brotherhood and togetherness.

While nationalism on the other hand is more about being 'the only right' and taking every other to be wrong. It often leads to tendencies of superiority and may lead to oppression of certain sections of people. Nazi Germany is a vivid ex. of such a -ve connotation of nationalism. Thereby, excess of nationalism might

Remarks

be bad for the society. For eg. in present times the over emphasis on the Hindu way of living with all such as beef ban can take the colour of extreme nationalism which sometimes creates hate for people other than your own.

3

Remarks

Q6. Examine the ethical issues in international relations. What are the major factors, which affect 'Ethics in International Relations'? Do you think that International Institutions have played its role well in promoting 'Ethics in International Relations'? Critically analyze. (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Ethics in International Relations basically involves following principles:-

- Principle of sovereignty - Upholding the sovereign right of nations to take decisions for their own.
- Principle of mutual respect and non-interference.
- Maintaining peaceful existence and stability of world order.

But often these are not adhered to due to expansion attitude of certain superpowers.

Eg. China in South China Sea
 & Russia in Ukraine and Crimea

- Selfish interests of countries

Eg. US intervention in Iraq and subsequent

Remarks

Syria issue which has led to large scale destruction in such countries.

On top of it the suboptimal performance of the international institutions further present a gloomy picture. For eg. the UNSC taking no effective action to resolve Syria issue because of differences amongst members viz. Russia. All these are very depressing developments.

Thereby, reforms need to be taken into these institutions in order to make them effective. The right of all nations to participate for eg. India's membership into UNSC should be given to make it more democratic. And above all human life needs to be valued and world peace the top-most priority.

Remarks

Q7. Write short notes on the following:

- a) Love is not patronizing and charity isn't about pity, it is about love.
 b) Difference and similarity between values and virtues.

(75 Words each) (5×2=10 Marks)

a) Love is not patronizing, but it's instead a feeling of attachment to someone. Similarly, charity isn't pity but instead helping those needy in whatever manner, in order to empower them and make them able to take decisions for themselves. And this feeling of charity would only come from the feeling of love and empathy.

Unless one is able to feel the pain of the other, charity cannot come in, the desire to do something for them won't be possible.

Love is the only force behind such actions of charity.

Remarks

b) values are basically some inherent underpinnings which people have in their lives. virtues are also similar notions which people basically prefer to some desirable values. Their difference is rather very thin. For eg. values might be coming from the society which may be ethical or unethical but virtues are often the ethical values.

12

Remarks

Q8. 'Problem-preventing values' have more importance than 'Problem solving skills.' Do you agree? Substantiate your opinion with suitable illustration.

(150 Words) (10 Marks)

Any problem requires it to be solved and next to be run away from it.

But as rightly said,

'Prevention is better than cure' thereby if the problem is stopped itself at the bud then it's more

better option. Thereby, definitely 'problem-preventing values' are more important than 'problem solving skills'. This is also because

- if it prevented ~~to~~ to no damage would be there

- Also lesser resources would be utilised rather than in solving.

eg: The recent Dengue issue.

If preventive measures would have been taken then such large scale loss

Remarks

of errors would not have taken place,
also excessive expenditure. Therefore,
alertness and preemptive steps of
fogging and creating awareness would
have not led to such loss.

~~Y~~

Remarks

Q9. What is corruption - A legal problem? A social problem? A moral problem? or just a grease that runs a system seamlessly? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Corruption is basically enjoying some kind of benefit be it monetary or intangible benefits in return of favouring some vested interests.

It is a multi-pronged problem -

- Legal → Because being in an official position, one has some obligations and duties towards the institution as well as the

society. Corruption often undermines it and leads to harming of the society instead.

- Social → It is so because corruption has become somewhat accepted in the society and entrenched actually as people themselves involve

Remarks

in bribing without any inhibition.
 - Moral - because it undermines the individual values of honesty, integrity which has a cumulative effect in the society as a whole and leads to economic as well as moral degradation. thereby it encompasses all and as a result, helps in realigning the system, ~~undermining~~ trust of the people in the state and there by leading to a dysfunctional society which brings harm to the greater section of society.

Dimension of performance

Q10. Is 'success' and 'failure' in carrying out an action is the same as doing 'right' and 'wrong' respectively? What are the things that need to be kept in mind while choosing to act in the morally right way? Which of the two - consequences of actions or motives of the person who carries out the action - makes the action right or wrong?

(150 Words) (10 Marks)

Success of an action means being able to fulfill the objective behind the action while failure depicts not being able to do so.

on the other hand, the 'rightness' of an action is basically the motive of the action whether it is morally right or good. And similarly the 'wrongness' of action means the motive behind the action being bad.

while choosing an action and to ensure that it is morally right or not we should look that -

- its consequence should be good we should not hurt others.

- the motive behind that action should be good.

Remarks

Consequence and motive of an action, are both important elements of the action in determining its rightness. But sometimes the consequence as envisaged may not happen because human beings have limited capabilities. On the other hand, in such situations, motive plays the main basis for upholding rightness.

For eg. a critical operation of a pregnant woman very important to save the life of one is undergone. As a result the child could not be saved. Even if the consequence is not good altogether, but the motive behind the action was to save the life of both. Hence, it would be a morally right action.

Remarks

Q11. It is said that a Civil Servant should have 'officer like qualities'.

- a) What do you mean by 'officer like qualities'? (75 Words) (5 Marks)
- b) Do "officer like qualities" come in the way of meeting the junior staff and people without any badge? (75 Words) (5 Marks)
- c) Are 'officer like qualities' prone to generate fear, distance and lack of communication? (75 Words) (5 Marks)

a) A civil servant is said to be the grass root official of the government (govt.) who is directly involved with the people and responsible for implementation of the various govt. policies to serve the people at large.

Since the civil servant is the most visible face of the government, he is entrusted with various important responsibilities and is also envisioned to

be having certain officer like qualities. These being - integrity, probity, impartiality, neutrality, dutiboundness, empathy, a zeal to work selflessly and others.

Remarks

b) But often these qualities are misunderstood and not adhered to. Instead 'officer like qualities' mean having an elite nature, superiority complex, authoritarian nature, the 'all-knowing' attitude. This is the commonly widespread notion amongst the civil servants as well as the people about 'officer like qualities'.

Thereby often these ~~mis-~~ ^{mis-} interpreted version creates problems with interacting with seniors as well as common people.

c) Also, these wrongly understood version creates fear, distance and as a result lack of communication between the civil servants and the people. This leads to a vicious cycle of alienation and subsequent promotion of 'Babuisim'. But this should not be there. The actual 'officer like qualities'

Remarks

would instead lead to a more
cooperative and enabling environment
with increase in trust of people on
the civil servant and an overall
~~betterment~~ of the society as a result.

2/2

Remarks

Q12. Tobacco smoking is a fashion and an addiction too, which has some established relation with the disease of cancer. Government has recently decided that 85 per cent of cigarette packet should display cancer warning, which the tobacco companies opposed and appealed in the court, but the court upheld the decision of the government.

- a) Do you think that such a display on the packet acts as a deterrent to cigarette smoking? (75 Words) (5 Marks)
- b) What are the other ways by which change in attitude and preferences can be brought in people who smoke out of fashion or addiction? (75 Words) (5 Marks)
- c) What is the use of prohibiting smoking if it generates revenue on the one hand and gives choice and freedom to enjoy people their lives as they wish? Do you agree? Give reasons. (75 Words) (5 Marks)

a) Tobacco smoking is dangerous for health - not only the ones who do it but also the others surrounding them. Therefore, it becomes utmost important to have a check on it.

In this regard, the government's (govt) decision of a display on the packet is a welcome step. It will surely act as a deterrent because it is well established that human beings perceive better through vision and hearing. Thereby, it will have impact on those buying these packets. Also studies have found out decrease in cancer patients in countries

Remarks

Deterrence — Attitude — Behaviour

where similar steps were taken and hence should be implemented.

b) Apart from the given step, certain other steps to bring change in attitude of the people are -

- Considering these as demerit goods and imposing certain tax on these items so as to act as deterrence.

- Taking help of civil society and media to create awareness about the harmful impact of intake of such items - eg. some kind of drama or videos.

The key to bringing attitudinal change is bringing in behavioural change which requires the cooperation of all stakeholders.

c) No doubt prohibiting smoking would undermine revenue generation of the state and might also interfere with the right to choice and freedom of people but one thing must be taken into consideration. That such an act of one person might have effect on a lot of others surrounding him.

one freedom and choice should not cause harm to others. Even it would have harmful effect on the person himself. Also looking only at the revenue side would be flawed. The state on the other hand spends a lot more for ~~the~~ treatment of lot of cancer patients. Therefore for the greater good of the society, certain harsh decisions need to be taken by the govt. if situation arises.

2/2

Remarks

Q13. Police stations are more a demo of power center than service center. After getting into civil services, suppose you become Police head of a district. Critically analyze the steps which you will take to improve the image of the police service.

(150 Words) (10 Marks)

Police are the main body to maintain law and order in the society. And they are supposed to be serving the people and not rule over them. But because of the colonial imprint existing in the police system like Police Act 1861 etc, often police are seen as power centre.

To bring a change in the image, as a Police head of district, following

steps can be undertaken -

- Community Policing - involving people into the policing systems to build their trust and increase cooperation.

Eg. Mohalla Policing in Maharashtra.

Remarks

- Scientific training of the police force on order to inhibit people friendly methods and use the 'Danda' force the least.
- Focusing on gender sensitive training, promoting more female trained officers and awareness about ways of handling women & children specific cases.

Apart from that, awareness about bringing institutional changes such as reducing interference of political representatives into police matters would also be inculcated in the public to create a strong opinion.

4

Remarks

SECTION - B

Q14. People of a slum area are disturbed because of loudspeaker noise coming from nearby religious places. Community members of that area are not happy, as sound is loud and sometime fiery speeches are also made. Also there is a sense of competition between different religious abodes to go louder especially during festivals seasons. They don't have courage to go to community leaders or police stations. You are son of a rich and powerful businessman who is preparing for Civil Services. One of your servant hails from that area and explain his problem to your father. But your father doesn't want to get into that, as he himself is the biggest donor of religious celebration of that area.

- What will you do according to your moral consonance?
- Discuss various options.
- Discuss merits and demerits of various options.
- Compare the best option and explain why you consider it as the best.

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

solⁿ: a) The situation here involves the

following issues -

- A hike into Right to life of the people of the slum area due to disturbance as

noise pollution.

- Creating negative effect on both the physical and mental health of the

people living nearby with continuous loudspeaker disturbance.

- Also the slum people being unable to approach leaders or police because of

fear of any eviction etc.

Thereby, considering all aspects, the servant

Remarks

Be objective
in case
study.

2.

approaching the father, should be provided with help. Even if the father himself is a huge donor but still according to moral consonance, the issue should be highlighted among the concerned authorities and should be resolved.

b) & c) To address the issue the following options can be considered -

1) Not acting on the servant's problem and agreeing with father as to not get involved in the matter.

Merit - Personal peace would be maintained.

Demerit - Integrity would be undermined

big time because since I have the capacity to take action or help

those people in distress and still not doing anything

a) Asking father to talk to the religious groups and the temple

Remarks

authorities to see to it and reduce the sound levels if possible.

Merit - This might help in solving the problem, if the authorities accept amicably.

Demerit - A counter reaction might be there in the garb of interference into religious matters and might result into clashes with the slum people.

3) Complaining to the municipal authorities and government officials about the sound disturbances because of everyday programs. Also take help of civil society and media to highlight the issue.

Merit - It might help in solving the issue with backup of legal provisions.

Demerit - The municipal authorities might not get involved themselves into religious matters and might lead to harassment of the slum dwellers instead.

a) Considering the merits and demerits option ③ would be best suitable because it is practical and pragmatic.

Remarks

Q15. Land is the most important component of the life support system. The development projects require land but it leads to displacement which get spill over to generations in many ways, such as loss of traditional means of employment, change of environment, disrupted community life and relationships, marginalization, a profound psychological trauma and more.

Suppose you are heading one of such project entrusted with construction of embankment on a river front to handle the menace of regular floods which affects around 70 villages. However, by the construction of embankment there will be displacement of people on the other side of the river. They are protesting against the construction which is becoming violent day by day. Due to this threat your subordinates have opted out of the project.

However construction of embankment is must for the safety and security of the people.

What are the options available before you? Examine the merits and demerits of each possible option and finally suggest best course of action giving reasons.

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

Solⁿ: The issue here involves a delicate matter - a tussle between the safety and security of a large number of people (nearly 70 villages). vic-a-vic a loss of livelihood and way of living of another group of people.

To address the situation, following options can be considered.

1) Opt out of the project as the subordinates did and live peacefully.

Merit - might help in resolving the personal issue of safety.

Remarks

Demerit - The problem doesn't get solved and may further escalate the situation into violence.

2) Go forward with the project anyway and complete the embankment construction.

Merit - This would resolve the flood issue.

Demerit - The people displaced would be rendered homeless and also lose their land which is very important asset at the rural areas.

~~It might also lead to clashes and violence between the officials or workers and the displaced people.~~

3) Considering the fact of greater good, the embankment needs to be constructed anyway. But also necessary steps should be taken in

Remarks

order to resolve the grievances and livelihood issues of the displaced people.

For it the following course of action can be taken -

- i) To go for a detailed 'Impact Assessment' studies on the people to be displaced.
- ii) Making these studies public to cater suggestions from higher authorities as well as public.
- iii) If need to go with the construction, proper rehabilitation of the displaced people should be ensured. They must be provided with land, support as in employment, to conserve their culture and tradition as much they want.

The most suitable option would be ③ as it would ensure balance between both the problems of safety as well as livelihood.

5/2

Remarks

Q16. There is a 14 year old boy studying in class IX. He lives with his parents. His father is an Excise Superintendent, incharge of different excise outlets besides Head of District Excise Office. His father returns home in drunken condition practically every evening. He also finds that his father brings money every day and put that inside the Almirah. The boy reads in newspaper various stories about corruption and at a relatively younger age, has developed a repulsion for the same.

- a) Bring out and discuss the ethical issues involved in the above case.
- b) What will be the appropriate way of expression to convey the feeling to his father by the boy? (250 Words) (20 Marks)

a) The situation here involves the following ethical issues -

- The probable chances of corruption by the father.

- Issue of drunkenness everyday

- And the impact of the above two activities on the child's nature and

probable chances of the child growing acceptance of such issues which he might himself imbibe later.

Also in the above situation, because the child being aware of his environment, knows about corruption and also has developed repulsion for it at a young age. But still

Remarks

often parents are the 1st teachers of the child. And he trusts the parents a lot too. Thereby, parents need to be careful of their habits and activities so as not to impact the child in a negative way.

b) The appropriate way of expression of the child's concern would be

- confide to his mother about the doubt, that he has about corruption;

- directly confronting the father about the issue and clarifying

~~the concern~~
 - At the same time, the child might show his apprehension about corruption and that the father should abstain from such activities.

7 1/2

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Remarks

Q17. You are working in a big government organization as head. Under you, there is a team of seven people. A senior administrative officer has recently joined it. He is very short tempered and yells at his subordinates even on small issues. Due to his position no one utters a word but feel very humiliated. You have noticed the lack of participation of subordinates in the project due to his behaviour. Also you know that your subordinates and colleagues expect something from you.

- a) What are the options available to you?
- b) Evaluate each of these options and choose the option, you would adopt, giving reasons. (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Solⁿ: The situation here involves the problem of an undesirable behaviour from a senior officer which is somehow impacting participation by the subordinates and ultimately undermining the efficiency of the organisation.

To address this, the following steps can be taken up

1) ~~Taking no action against the officer considering his seniority.~~
Next - This would not lead to any straining of relations between the head and the officer.

Remarks

Dement - would undermine the trust of the subordinates on me and also decrease their participation & efficiency.

2) Taking directly to the senior officer about the issue.

merit - might help in resolving the issue if the officer agrees amicably.

Dement - considering his short temper, it might further worsen the situation and result into strained relations.

3) Being the head, they would have the power to allot duties accordingly.

Thereby, allotting the senior officer such function which would require minimum group activity.

3) merit - this would resolve the issue as decreasing chances of interaction of subordinates with him.

Dement - The senior officer might get offended if the job is not of equivalent stature.

But the most viable option is (3) to resolve the issue pragmatically.

Remarks

Q18. A private school has dismissed a teacher after claiming that she had failed to complete her six-month probationary period to a satisfactory standard. But the actual reason was that she had been suspended from the job after just three months on the grounds of her HIV status, But school does not want to make it as a formal reason for dismissal. She is friend of your wife. She is hesitating in making a formal complaint to competent authority. Your wife informally discussed this with you as you are a District Collector. She expect something from you but she fears that if matter goes to public it will hurt the sentiment of victim as she herself don't want to do anything.

Discuss course of action that you will take and justify every steps.

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

The situation here involves the issue of discrimination that HIV positive people undergo which is a jibe into their Right to life. Also, the need to maintain privacy of the person is of utmost importance. Thereby, to address it the following steps can be taken up -

1) Briefing the lady about the various rights and protection being provided to HIV infected people by the government, in form of laws and regulations. The recent Protection of HIV and AIDS infected people legislation

Remarks

mooted by the govt. envisions very progressive way forward - punishment for any kind of discrimination in education, employment etc. on grounds of HIV or AIDS.

creating awareness is very important as most of the times victims don't act in fear of more harassment and not knowing the laws.

(i) Help the woman complain to the competent authority and ensure the protection from disclosure of her identity, which according to the law is also prohibited.

This is important because only the competent authority would have the power to take action against these discriminations, and therefore such cases should be brought into their focus.

Remarks

ii) Also at the same time, talk with the school authorities to change their decision and take back the women. would also make them aware of the consequences of such discriminatory acts according to legal provisions.

This might help in reducing the extra burden of arbitration and solve the issue amicably if the school authorities agree and also bring justice to the victims.

To address such issues, more informed awareness should be created to remove the misconception of HIV & AIDS and uphold the right to life of a large number of victims of such discrimination.

72

Remarks

