

An Institute for Civil Services

IAS TOPPER'S

TEST COPY

DHODMISE TRUPTI ANKUSH

Rank - 16

GS Mains Ethics

ETHICS, INTEGRITY AND APTITUDE

Time Allowed: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 250

Q.	Marks	Instructions to Candidate
1.		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• There are 17 questions.• All questions are compulsory• The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.• Content of the answer is more important than its length.• Answers must be written in the space provided. <p>Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.</p>
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1. Invigilator Signature _____

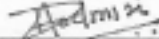
2. Invigilator Signature _____

Name TRUPTI DHODMISE

Roll No. _____

Mobile No. _____

Date _____

Signature 

SECTION - A

Q1. Why does cultural relativism supposedly make us more tolerant of other cultures and, critically examine the view that moral values are relative? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Cultural relativism is a philosophy that holds the view that different cultures have different norms & views that should be respected and universal notion of superiority of one culture should be left.

In the today's world, where there are many incidences of clashes of communities take place, this view helps to bring the solidarity in society.

In western countries, the 'melting-pot' philosophy had curbed specific rights & identities of minorities such as Burqa Ban, Ban on religious practices while celebrating majoritarian festivals such as Christmas holiday. This has led to clashes in the diversifying western society.

In this aspect, the notion of cultural

Remarks

relativism, will ~~p~~ make us to be tolerant to other cultures and ^{lead to} peace in the society.

Relativity of Moral Values -

Moral values also may differ in the different groups of society. There might be different hierarchy of values according to views of different persons or groups.

For e.g. Value of Liberty is prior to common good for liberals while the primary of common good is important for communitarians.

Thus the values become relatively primary or secondary according to perceptions.

However, there are some values which are ~~st~~ universally accepted and praised equally such as peace, gender equality, justice etc.

Remarks

Q2. What is the relation between conviction, integrity and courage? Illustrate. What is the need and importance of conviction in leading a society or a group or an organization to achieve the goals of change and progress? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

The values of conviction, integrity and courage are important to carry out personal or organisational aims to achieve desired goals.

Conviction - It is the ability of an individual to remain firm over his commitment to the preconceived goal, vision or value. He/she won't hesitate from exercising even after many hurdles.

Integrity - It is the value possessed by an individual to remain loyal to his own values, to his organisational values -

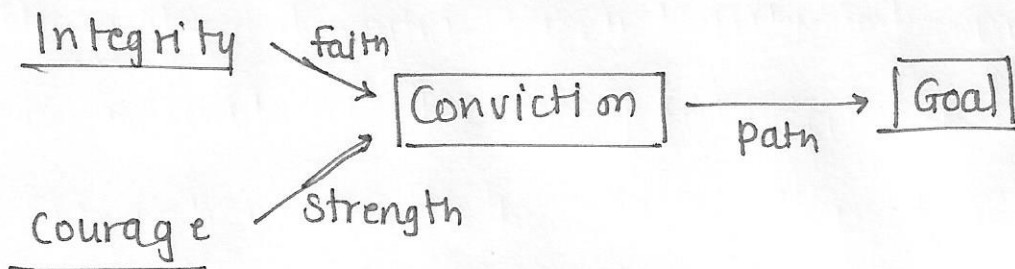
Courage - It is ability of person to defend the adversity in the path of desired goals.

For the any desired goal, path should be guided by conviction, integrity & courage.

The notion of integrity ~~strengthens~~ leads to believe in

Remarks

the conviction while courage gives ~~belief~~
~~about~~ the strength to conviction.



Importance of Conviction -

Conviction is important to remain undeterred of any adversities. It involves the Integrity and courage which gives firmness to the conviction. and helps group or individual to go on.

eg. the recent incident of Thai cave rescue gives good depiction of value of ~~our~~ conviction of determined rescuers who overcame the adversities of nature.

Remarks

Q3. Explain role of epistemology in administrative decisions through an example?
(150 Words) (10 Marks)

Epistemology concerns with theory of knowledge based upon the reason.

It is helpful to get the knowledge of surroundings, its inherent characteristics in helps in analysis to get better path in situations of problems.

Example -

An administrator has to face many challenges. In recent cases of mob lynchings, the post-truth phenomenon has contributed a lot.

- So, administrator has to analyze the
- * source of such ~~for~~ misinformation
 - * actors of misinformation
 - * media involved
 - * impact and its intensity over misinformation
 - * other surrounding factor.

Remarks

Mob lynching -

Source :- ~~the~~ social nuisance created by parochial, partisan minded people

actors :- people forwarding message.

media :- Whatsapp, facebook.

impact :- fear among common people

intensity : death of a person.

surrounding : Weakness of law & order machinery
so people taking law into hands.

Solutions - ① Strengthening law & order.

② Appealing social media to frame some policies for fake news.

③ Appealing people to use reason, wisdom

④ Employment opportunities

- to marginal one.

- to unemployed youth.

⑤ Social awareness ~~th~~ regarding social solidarity & peace.

Remarks

Q4. Do you think that the best civil servant is one who acts as a whistle blower or one who tries to find the possible solution from within the system? Give reasons and cite examples. What are the challenges in finding a solution from within the system?

(150 Words) (10 Marks)

As a civil servant, one is also a part of the system. So, it should be his equal responsibility to analyze the loopholes and working upon that, rather than mere whistleblowing.

Reasons-

- (1) Efforts of reforms starts with our own ~~door~~ ^{home}.
- (a) Civil servant ~~is~~ can better analyze the cause of defaults as he is part of system.
- (b) He is aware of the alternatives available in more depth and with pros/cons of each.
- (4) He is well aware about the procedures to make reforms.

Examples-

- (1) Provision of timely services,
- (a) making service paper free, online etc.

These are the ~~initiated~~ ~~initiated~~ reforms made by system itself

Remarks

- (3) Former Chief Election Commissioner TN Sheshan made reforms by remaining within system to such extent, that it became model for many other countries.

Challenges -

- ① Resistance from colleagues, seniors and even subordinates.
- ② Lack of motivation.
- ③ Political pressure
- ④ Risk of transfers, appointments disturbing our work-life balance.
- ⑤ Time consuming procedures.
- ⑥ All factors are not always in our hands many stakeholders have to be brought to consensus.

Remarks

Q5. Explain and elaborate the following statements:

- (a) Never stop your heart from desiring and always surround yourself with people who will inspire you to push the envelope.
- (b) Success is not the result of spontaneous combustion. You must set yourself on fire.
- (c) Courage is the most important of all the virtues because without courage, you can't practice any other virtue consistently.
- (d) To walk safely through the maze of human life, one needs the light of wisdom and the guidance of virtue.
- (e) There was never a night or a problem that could defeat sunrise or hope.

(50 Words Each) (5 × 4 = 20 Marks)

(a) Attitude is important to achieve the desired goals. We should always remain loyal to our dreams and aspirations. It is the firm commitment ~~of~~ to our wish which make us go forward with conviction.

eg. Mountaineers never stop to move on even though there are strong winds, snowfall till they reach summit.

It is equally important to surround ~~around~~ ourselves with people of positive vigour. They give the energy to our desires. This strengthens our convictions.

Remarks

eg. In sport games, the cheering of supporters always give boost to the sports man to deliver with multiple energy.

(b) Success is a thing which is achieved only after continuous hard work. It is not a miracle that happen overnight. It requires perseverance, consistency, spirit of sweating in harsh conditions.

eg. Indian freedom is not a boon that we got in a day or two, it is overlong struggle of our forefathers against oppression of ~~to~~ British Raj.

(c) Courage is the ability of a person stay undeterred even if grave situations comes in the path of travel. It is ~~im~~ very important in such a extent it gives the strength to other virtues.

Even we are honest, integral ; but if

Remarks

we don't have courage to overcome adversity
our honesty or integrity are of no worth.

e.g. Steve Jobs was very honest to his ~~job~~
technological endeavours but it ~~is~~ his
conviction which led him to not deter the
expulsion from own adventure Apple
and ~~go~~ he continued to give contribution
in technological advances ~~which~~ this led
~~to~~ the global acceptance of his intellect, wisdom
in such a extent, the Apple again invited
him as a CEO.

(d) Human life is a mixed bag of comfort &
adversities. Man ~~o~~ should always be ready
to face challenges. He should use his
wisdom and guidance of virtues ~~sic~~ Rationality,
morality to chalk out his actions. ~~in~~
He should have ready plans to face
the hinderances and ability to predict
the intensity, timing of such obstructions

Remarks

eg. Great Italian philosopher guides his Prince to remain aware of 'Fortuna' i.e. diversities, to take pre actions to avoid the damages and control the losses.

(e) Every positive notion such as hope, sunrise, success is preceded by problem, night, & failures respectively. 'If there is darkness, there will always be a ray of hope'.

Man should make a hue & cry of his problem. Rather by possessing faith of hope, he should walk along. He should take course corrections to overcome the failures.

eg. Birds build their nest again and again even if these are destroyed by winds, rain or others. The nest is their everyday destination and their conviction led them to build it, again & again.

Remarks

Q6. What is doctrine of double effect? Does 'Principle of Permissible Harm' stand the test of moral laws?
(150 Words) (10 Marks)

Remarks

<i>Remarks</i>	

Q7. What is excellence? What are the main obstacles in the pursuit of excellence? How does continuous pursuit of excellence help an ordinary person or a leader in betterment of the life and society?
(150 Words) (10 Marks)

Excellence is the highest standard achieved by a person in his field of activity.

In schools, topper of class is considered as excellent student. In sports, the world rank 1 is considered as an excellent one.

Obstacles in pursuit of excellence-

- (1) Need of very harsh hard work.
- (2) Discouragement due to substandard feats in the path.
- (3) consistency of failures.
- (4) Discouragement by surrounding people.
- (5) ~~criticalness~~ crucial nature of task.
- (6) Lack of certain abilities required, at the initial phase.
- (7) Lack of material support.

However, to achieve excellence one should not deter the challenges rather should

Remarks

work to overcome them and achieve for betterment of his life and society.

The ^{quest of} excellence led to a person striving hard to ~~over~~work on his weaknesses, strengthening his body & mind to work hard; adopt the required abilities.

eg. Amitabh Bachchan was rejected ~~from~~ in a audition of Radio ~~at~~ announces. He worked upon his voice and became the excellent superstar of the bollywood.

such excellent persons contribute to society in many ways. They inspire other to pursue higher standards.

Their excellence led to new inventions, discoveries in field of knowledge, technology, which are contributed to betterment of society.

eg. Elon Musk, known for his excellent technological innovations, has contributed in the field of electric vehicles, rocket science etc.

Remarks

Q8. Is innocence a positive or negative attribute? Can you say that the death of innocence is one of the main reasons for decline in faith in goodness? Would you agree that as the more intelligent and practical we become, there are more chance of death of innocence?
(150 Words) (10 Marks)

Innocence is an attribute of a person which describes him free of any kind of negative virtue. Innocent person is considered as a free from any harm to the society. The people always show favour to the innocent children, person and help them with more vigour, confirming goodness in the society.

However, this attribute generally attached to the weaker sections of society. This led them to fall prey for more exploitation and oppression; sometime leading to disturbance in the society.

e.g. Beggars use this sympathetic notion to feed themselves and their children.

However in longer term, people are considering this charity as ~~an~~ unworthy.

Remarks

Many people see this act as, not suitable for the society. People in the higher strata, who possess more education and subtle life; wish that beggars should go for employment rather remaining the innocent at roadside. Thus there is ~~negative~~ rising negative attitude towards this section of society.

Thus 'death of innocence' is observed. However, Innocence is not virtue ~~by~~ of action, it ~~virtu~~ is a virtue by nature which all we see in the children, poor, older people. This is necessary to observe ~~to~~ innocence to blossom sympathy & compassion for this section.

Remarks

Q9. Can 'goodness' be learnt? Discuss the eightfold path suggested by Buddha in this regard and explain its relevance in contemporary times for ordinary citizens, leaders and administrators? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

'Goodness' is the virtue which denotes the ~~kin~~ higher standard in person's thoughts, activity and social behaviour.

It is not a ~~born~~ value comes by birth.

It is to be adopted through accurate inculcation through family, school, education, society.

Buddha gives 8-fold path in this regard -

- | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| ① Right Action | ⑤ Right determination |
| ② Right Thoughts | ⑥ |
| ③ Right consciousness | ⑦ |
| ④ Right speech | ⑧ |

Buddha has given noble path to be observed by a person to achieve the truth.

It can be compared with Gandhi's similar thought ~~as~~ of purity of means to achieve your ends.

Remarks

The right actions will give the desired goals. They should be guided by right determination and right thoughts.

They are relevant for people as today as -

① Ordinary citizens

If they perform their duties towards state regularly, state won't be burdened.

g Their right action in waste segregation would help to realize the clean Bharat.

② Leaders -

Their right speech would help to make society peaceful and filled with solidarity.

e.g. The provoking speeches given by leaders led to conflicts, riots etc.

③ Administrators

They should possess the right determination and consciousness of grass root problems to evolve the noble solutions.

Remarks

Q10. Define the following terms with respect to civil servants:

- (a) Beneficence
- (b) Self-integrity
- (c) Reciprocity
- (d) Serviceability

(50 Words Each) (4 × 5 = 20 Marks)

(a) Beneficence-

It is notion which denote the acts of civil servants should be beneficial to all. It can be explained with utilitarian approach - 'greatest good'

The right actions of administrations and their one decision causes effect on many lives. Thus, it should be kept in mind while framing policies and taking action.

eg. Policies of Right to Education Act
It has given the ^{wings to} aspiration of
childrens of our country.

Remarks

(b) self- Integrity -

It is notion that person should remain always adherant to his own moral values he possess. He should be loyal to himself. He should be determined to his ambitions, goals and identity in the society as well.

eg. If someone decides to see himself successful in future, he should remain integral with his goal. and carry out his actions accordingly.

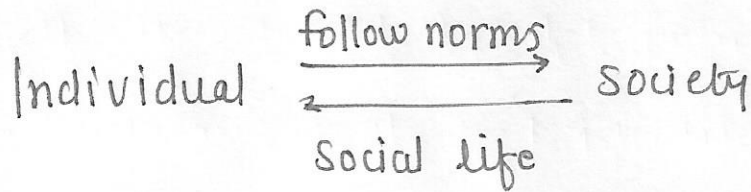
(c) Reciprocity -

It is conceived as the phenomenon of ~~getting~~ giving something in ~~exp~~ return of some other thing.

It can be considered as barter exchange of values.

Remarks

eg. In the society, if ^{norms are} its ~~is~~ providing the stability to our life, then we must keep obliged ourselves to return by contributing it.



(d) ~~servi~~ In case of civil servants it is expected that they should work without any notion of reciprocity.

(d) serviceability -

The ability of a civil servant to deliver more & more with efficiency and effectiveness.

The virtue should be possessed by a civil servant in a greater extent for the sake of society, administration.

Remarks

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Remarks

Q11. 'Only when correct reasoning and right desire come together does truly virtuous action results'. Do you agree? Justify. (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Correct Reasoning is the reflection of a wisdom of a man. It helps to evaluate the judgement of an action as right or wrong, ~~to~~ morally correct or incorrect.

If any action which is ~~is~~ morally correct and expected to be delivered with vigour, it requires desire to implement it in a full swing.

The right desire depicts that the desire should be free of evil interests.

A person carrying out an act should not seek evil interest, - corruption etc in ~~the~~ his desire.

Remarks

Thus the action which holds true to
test of morality by correct reasoning
and free of any ill-will can be
considered as virtuous action. results.

e.g. health facility in area

(Benefiting for public health)
Morally correct →

(transparent implementation)
free of ill-will = Right
desire →

IDEAL
PUBLIC
HEALTH
SYSTEM

Remarks

SECTION - B

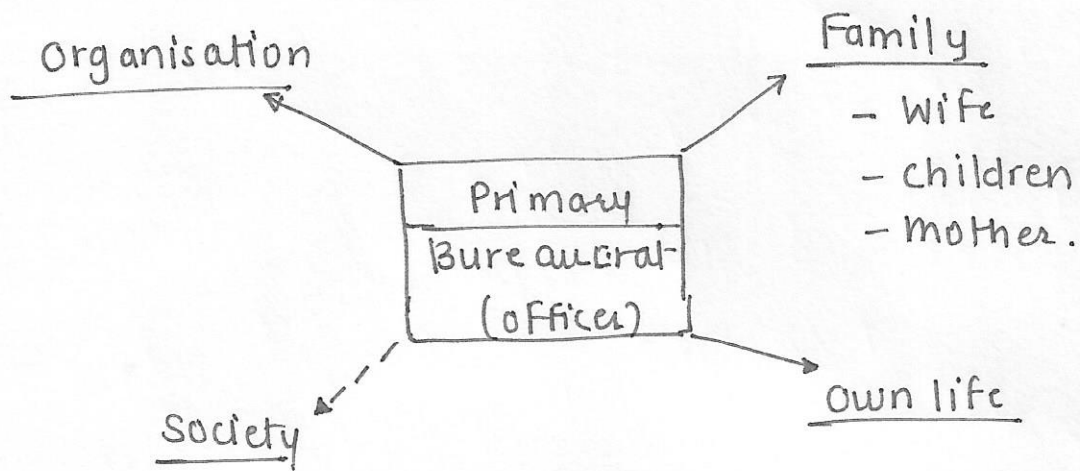
Q12. One of your friend, a mid-level bureaucrat, is highly upset because of his job-related stress and family problems and often expresses his disenchantment with life. He gave an application for 3 week leave, which was sanctioned by his boss. However, a senior officer (placed higher than his boss), called him during his leave period to office for handling a sudden exigency and this was not the first time when such a thing had happened to him. It happens very often because the officer is very efficient and reliable. The officer has a feeling that those who work honestly are overused while those who work less but keep a personal liaison with seniors work less and get various rewards and privileges. He is disillusioned. He is unable to give reasonable time to his ageing sick mother, his wife who is under depression and children who are going to face their 10th and 12th board examinations. The officer is very upset and broken because of his inability to reconcile his official duties and family responsibilities. He seems to be very disturbed and broken. Despite being an honest and efficient officer he has not been given adequate rewards and recognition and space for looking after his personal needs; he displays signals of suicidal tendencies. What would be your suggestions to him? Discuss merits and demerits of each option. (250 Words) (20 Marks)

- The issue of Work-Life Balance is crucial to live with happiness. The given case represents dilemma of an officer.

- Dilemma he is facing -

- ① Deciding Priority between family & work
- ② Private interests vs Public Interest.
- ③ ~~Keep~~ 'Live a life' vs 'Leave a life' tendency.

Remarks

StakeholdersAlternatives :-

- (1) Resigning from job & chose alternate career.
- (2) Conversation with Boss regarding the mental health and continuing with leave
- (3) Join the duty, follow superior for the sake of bread & butter. for family.

Merits & Demerits of alternatives.

(1) Resigning from job & chose alternate Career

Merits

- ① Peace of mind
- ② Can enjoy leave without

Demerits

- ① No guarantee of job satisfaction

Remarks

any exigencies

- | | |
|--|---|
| ③ opportunity of recognition
④ Can pay attention to family. | ② Work stress can be occurred
③ Opting other career at mid-age may not be suitable
④ Loss to organisation & society of a good officers. |
|--|---|

(2) Conversation with Boss regarding mental health & continue with leave -

Merits

- ① Time for introspection, maintaining psychological health
- ② Such break will help to chalk out further course of action regarding work-life balance

Demerits

- ① May not be given any reward or recognition due to displeasure of Boss
- ② Leave may ^{remain} be unauthorised.

(3) Join duty, follow superior for sake of family

Merits

- ① Benefit to organization & society
- ② No loss in terms of pay & other benefits

Demerits

- ① Stress may get aggravated
- ② It may lead to suicide.

Remarks

Better alternative - Option (2)

Q13. As a District Magistrate in a tribal area, you have found that there are many superstitious practices which inhibit the welfare of the people such as - believing in super natural powers responsible for droughts, famines, natural disasters and diseases, witch hunting, fatalism (surrendered to fate rather than making efforts to change). While aspiring to act as an agent of change and development in the region, you find that there is opposition by people to modern ideas and practices. Answer the following questions:

- (a) How will you proceed to remove superstition in tribal area and instill rationality among the people?
 - (b) Do change and progress needed to dismantle the local traditions in the tribal area?
 - (c) How a civil servant can win the trust of the people in a tribal area?
 - (d) How to ensure people's participation in any measure which you have suggested?
- (250 Words) (20 Marks)

The prevalence of superstitions in tribal areas are ~~in~~ one of the major hinderances in the path of the development of this community. It is important to instill values of rationality, scientific temper among the people so that they would adopt modern health practices and other better practices to uplift themselves.

(a) Ways to remove superstitions -

① Taking help of NGOs working among them and antisuperstition groups for making awareness among them.

- They will give the demonstration of faulty practices instilled by quacks & similar kind of persons

Remarks

- ② Giving demonstrations of modern practices
- ③ ~~in~~ Ensuring the ~~schools~~ availability of schools, teachers and quality of education in tribal hamlets.
- ④ Ensuring the health facilities available to them
- ⑤ Taking legal actions against the quacks.

(b) Local traditions -

Local traditions in tribal areas are mixed bag of traditional knowledge & superstitions. The total change will not be the better option. They have their own culture, way of life integrated with nature.

We have to remove only the bad practices due to wrong faiths among them. In reverse, we can learn their traditional methods of conservation, facing disaster etc for ~~for~~ further advancement of other society.

Traditional Arts & Culture is valuable heritage for our country. It is needed to be preserved

Remarks by making it source of livelihood, gaining access to various markets.

(c) Winning Trust of People -

- ① Participating in their gatherings, festivals
- ② ensuring their benefits such as Right to Food, Right to Education with vigour.
- ③ Ensuring health facilities in the area.
- ④ Frequent visits.
- ⑤ Ensuring the participation of their representatives in the developmental plan of area.

(d) Ensuring people's participation -

- ① ~~Appro~~ Strengthening their Gram sabhas by implementation of Forest Rights Act.
- ② Enhancing their livelihood opportunities, by accessing their ~~ma~~ products to market, making local producer / gatherers organisations to put their grievances.
- ③ Awareness regarding their participation at PHCs, Aanganwadis and schools.

Remarks

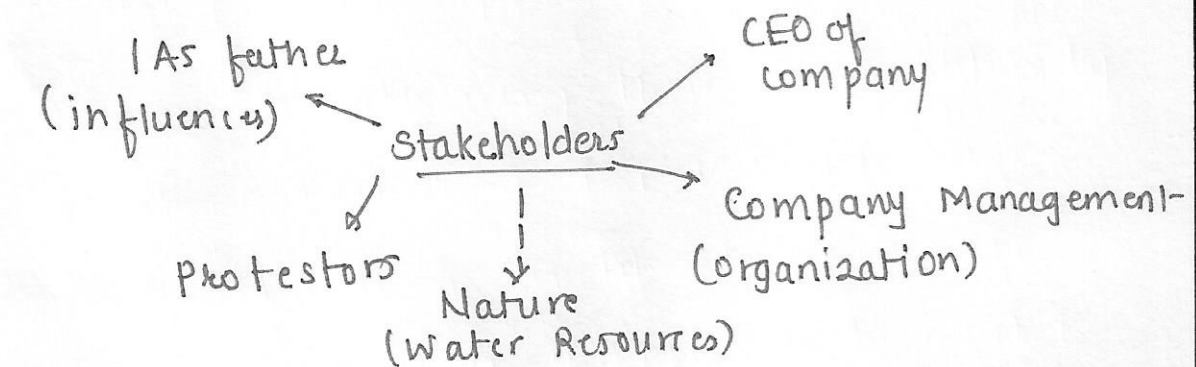
Q14. You are CEO of a company, which is involved in manufacturing of large-scale copper products. It has created good employment opportunity for the locals. But the local residents are not happy with the management of the company and big group of local residents are protesting continuously. They are demanding closer of the plant as factory discharge is contaminating the local water sources.

Your father is a senior IAS officer placed in the concerned Ministry. He is influential and very well networked. Company's management is pushing you to manage the situation and local authority through your father, as putting high quality production facility in plant will increase the cost of production, and company may lose market share in terms of sales if cost goes high. Based on the above situation answer the following questions:

- What are the options available to you?
- Discuss merits & demerits of each option.
- What will be your final call? Justify.

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

The balancing of economic development and ecological conservation has become need of ^{the} hour.



Problems

Conflicts - ① Organizational interests vs societal interests

② Economy vs Ecology

Remarks

(a) Options Available-

- ① Closure of the plant temporarily, upgradation of technology
- ② Get influence from father to push silence the protestors.
- ③ Getting all stakeholders at the table to get feasible solutions
- ④ Engaging the local leaders for ~~get~~ dialogue.
- ⑤ Resign from Job.

(b) Merits & Demerits① Closure of plant temporarily, upgradationMerits :-

- (i) Protestors will be satisfied.
- (ii) Ecological conservation
- (iii) ~~& Non-inte~~
No need to approach father.

Demerits

- (i) Loss for company in terms of market share due to huge amount of investment in upgradation and
- (ii) Lowering production and hampering supply chain; possibility of losing valuable customers

Remarks

- ② Get influence from father to silence the protestors.

Merits

- ① Organizational profit
- ② Private profit by increase of trust of management

Demerits

- ① Environmental concerns are ignored
- ② health hazards due to pollution impacting our employees too
- ③ silencing voice is undemocratic.

- ③ Getting all stakeholders at the table to get solutions
- engaging the leaders of community.
 - other options can come out of the ~~talks~~ dialogues.
 - getting the cost-benefit analysis of alternatives emerged from ~~options~~ dialogue.

Merits

- ① Democratic way
- ② concerns of all are taken into account
- ③ effort to make consensus of all

Demerits

- ① Hard procedure
- ② short time loss to company in terms of investment in course correction

(1) Better alternative would be option (3) due to

Remarks

its outweighed merits

Q15. You are head of a charitable trust that takes care of education, clothing, food & other basic needs of children from marginal community. Your organization also offers health services to the members of weaker section. You find it difficult to serve qualitatively because of the crunch of funds. Trust runs on donations and contributions from donors only. There is a regular fall in contribution from several imminent persons who were prime donors previously. Now you have decided to go for small advertisement to get donation for the good cause. Response is not very encouraging, however, a prominent local politician with a criminal record offers a hefty donation. The options available are:

- (a) Take donation from that politician.
- (b) Reject offer of that politician as his track record is poor.
- (c) Ask him to directly assist to those who are in need.
- (d) Reduce your operational scale to affordable level, so that you can sustain charitable work.

Analyse each option with its consequences.

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

The given case study involves the question of morality over accepting the donation from to charitable work by criminal.

Option analysis-

(a) Take donation From politician

* Merits - (1) Need of trust will be fulfilled.

(2) Better charitable work and expansion of work.

(3) Reliable source of fund in future

* Demerits - (1) Flow of Black money into the accounts of trust, thus trust

becoming a way of black money to white

Remarks

(a) Politician may influence the work of trust, his criminal background threatens the sanctity of the trust.

(b) Reject offer of politician due to his poor record.

* Merits - ① Avoided influence of criminals in charitable work of trust.

② Ethics in accounting of trust.

* Demerits - ① Problems of crunch of fund remains.

② Anguish of politician over ~~head~~ of the trust.

(c) Ask him to directly assist those who are in need

* Merits - ① Organization's accounts will not be diluted.

② Avoided influence of politician from the work

③ Assisting the needy people indirectly.

* Demerits - ④ Problem of crunch of fund will be minimized as demand to trust will reduce.

Remarks

Demerits - ① Relations between politician & trust may get strained

② The marginal community which take his help will get under his influence and probability of criminalization of community.

(d) Reduce your operational scale to affordable level.

Merits - (1) Main problem of crunch of funds will be addressed.

(2) Financial discipline in the trust.

(3) More accountability & responsibility among members of trust.

(4) No need to accept offer from criminal politicians.

(5) Needs of community are also solved.

Demerits (1) Relation with politician may get strained, which are anyways not necessary for organisation.

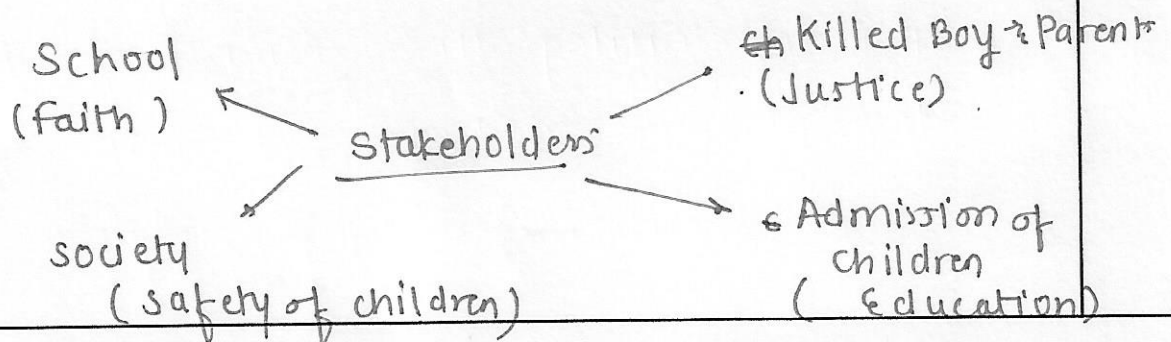
Remarks

Q16. You are a District Collector. A seven-year boy has been killed in a school. Parents are angry and protesting. They have blocked the traffic and want speedy action. Parents are scared as it happened during the school hours. They also want tough action against school administration. Few parents don't want to send their children to same school. They tried admission in different schools' but all of them have been denied admission. Now, few parents seek help from administration for admission of their children at different places. They don't want to send their children to same school where a boy has been killed. It is harming their children's study as examination is approaching. What are the options before you as District Collector to address the concerns of the parents?

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

The given case study involves the following challenges -

- ① Making traffic clear by assuring parents
- ② Taking cognizance of parents of killed boy ensuring speedy action.
- ③ Problem of admission of a few children in other school.
- ④ Reinstating the faith of in school where the incidence might have taken
- ⑤ Security of children outside the home overall.



Remarks

Options - As a DM, the ~~opt~~ actions should be

(4) taken according to the concerns of stakeholders

(A) For Parents of a killed boy -

steps - ① Call them for a dialogue and assure them the speedy action in case of the mishap.

② Calling Superintendent of Police of area to take the ~~act~~ investigation and action with more vigour.

③ Show cause notice to the school management regarding safety provision of the school

(B) ~~On concerns~~ Regarding school administrations

Option - ① Shutting down of school

• Merits - ① Peace in the society.

② Addressed concern of ~~the~~ parents of killed boy.

• Demerits - ① Education of other children will be interrupted.

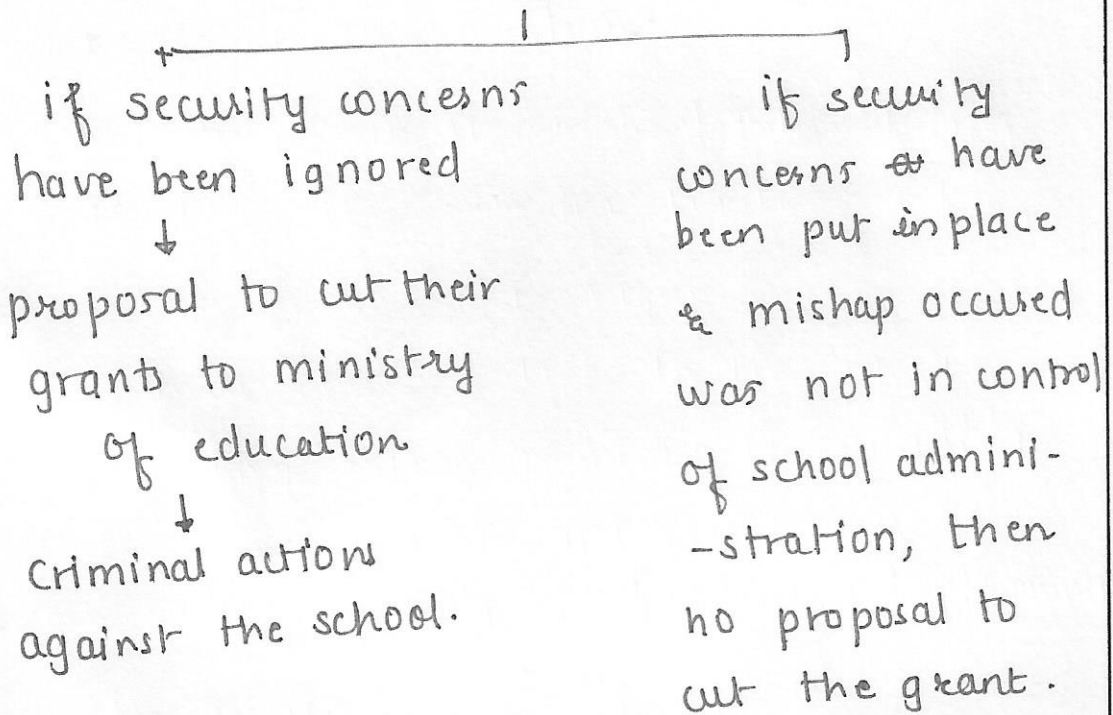
② School should be given opportunity to put up their side.

Remarks

Option ② No closure of school ; but the proper actions according to investigation procedures must be followed.

i.e. ① show cause to school administration

② Hearing their side and reviewing the evidences.



③ Regarding the admission of other children -

Option ① Ordering other schools to open for admission

Merits - Parents' concerns are resolved.

Demerits - ① Question of autonomy of institution

② Question of faith on the school of incidence.

Option ② Assuring parents the safety of children by provision of CCTVs, extra security

Remarks

through police, ~~and~~ ~~pro~~ regular inspections.

Q17. As a young IAS officer, you have been posted as the Sub-Divisional Magistrate in a remote area. You have found that schools, road connectivity, community halls are not in good conditions. You know that allocated budget is not sufficient and also the whole process of getting nod from higher authority is time consuming. You have found an alternative to do it through public participation. Mention the steps you will follow in this case and justify each step. (250 Words) (20 Marks)

As a young IAS officer, working in remote area; it is very difficult challenge to appeal the people for their participation regarding the developmental needs. However, the efforts can be taken in following way -

- ① Collecting information of NGOs, local leaders, youth groups in the areas and calling their meetings.
- ② Put the sectional development plan and making expenditure budget and actual gaps in the receipts for fulfillment of needs.
- ③ In a meeting, giving presentation to the stakeholders regarding current status of area, financial grants and gaps in the receipts.

Remarks

- ④ Appealing them for the involvement ~~of~~ in development of area and ~~s~~ welcoming their suggestions. regarding participation through monetary support or active support - labour, material etc.
- ⑤ After making substantive plan, go in the panchayats, colleges, gramsabhas to appeal for their participation.
The help of social media can be taken to attract people from outside area for their voluntary contribution.
- ⑥ Making pilot project.
- Select the project with low budget and higher utility. after some contribution
 - implement it within shortest possible time and make operational
 - Take help of media, social media ~~to~~ for publicity so that other projects can be encouraged.

Remarks

→ Installing 'Board of gratitude' at the place of project mentioning of contributors for appreciation and further motivation.

- ⑦ Make a short film/video of the project and timely to circulate among stakeholders to assure the implementation of projects.
- ⑧ Social audit provisions to be strictly followed so that it would be ensured that the public money is not wasted and utilised properly & efficiently..

Remarks