

ETHICS, INTEGRITY AND APTITUDE

Time Allowed: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 250

Q.	Marks	Instructions to Candidate
1.		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• There are 17 questions.• All questions are compulsory• The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.• Content of the answer is more important than its length.• Answers must be written in the space provided. <p>Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.</p> <p>(Note: In Section A, Q.No. 3 and 11 carry 20 marks each and word limit is 250 words each. All other Questions in Section A carry 10 marks each and word limit is 150 words each.)</p>
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2. Invigilator Signature _____

Name Faisal Khan
Roll No. _____
Mobile No. _____
Date _____
Signature Faisal

Section - A

1. Humility is the mother of all virtues, piety, charity and obedience. Comment. Do you consider yourself humble? How can you prepare yourself to become more humble?
(150 Words) (10 Marks)

Humility is the character of treating oneself in a modest manner, talking with others with respect and conducting oneself without arrogance or ego.

It leads to other virtues like --

piety -- no ego is hurt and no ill-will harboured by a humble person anytime.

charity -- when others treated as equal a person doesn't hesitate to help them as humility doesn't make a person snatter when he gives something to others.

obedience -- any reasonable request or demand is obliged if a person respects everyone and treats them as equal.

Remarks

Humility is a never ending pursuit.
 I consider myself to be on the path
 of becoming humble.

A person can become more humble if—

1. Treats everyone equally.
2. Respects everyone's opinions and views.
3. Doesn't indulge in self-praise.
4. Gives charity to reduce pride, arrogance that money breeds.

Good ways to become humble

→ Don't interfere in others' affairs
 It is a value not to get provoked
 intolerance, fights, abuse of parents, etc.
 in age of social media

3½

Remarks

2. Why is there a conflict between religion and rationality? Which of them is a better guide for the promotion of morality in society? Is being rational also being just and fair? (250 Words) (10 Marks)

Religion and rationality are often seen in conflict. eg: rituals, after-life, caste system, patriarchal views, etc.

Because —

1. ^{many} Religious views are transmitted blindly without using reason. and get corrupted in the process coming in conflict with science.

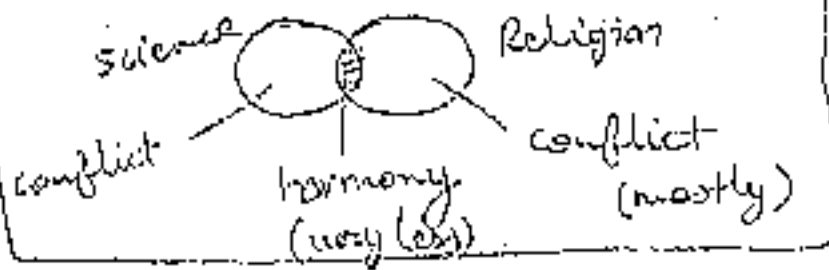
eg: caste system — earlier: work based
now: birth based

Good analysis of conflict

2. Many phenomena explained wrongly by religion. eg: lunar eclipse caused because of demons.

3. Science ~~has~~ based on objectivity while religion based on faith. Many phenomena unexplained by science, ~~stained~~ explained by religion. eg: purpose of life.

Remarks



Both have their own spheres and are better guides accordingly. A mix of tradition and rationality should be the guide.

eg: Respect humans \rightarrow religion
 all created by god

Treat all as equals \rightarrow rationality
 irrespective of religion

GOOD

In some cases, being rational is just and fair. eg: ~~As~~ judges giving judgements based on reason.

while not in others. eg: using human guinea pigs for medical trials.

4

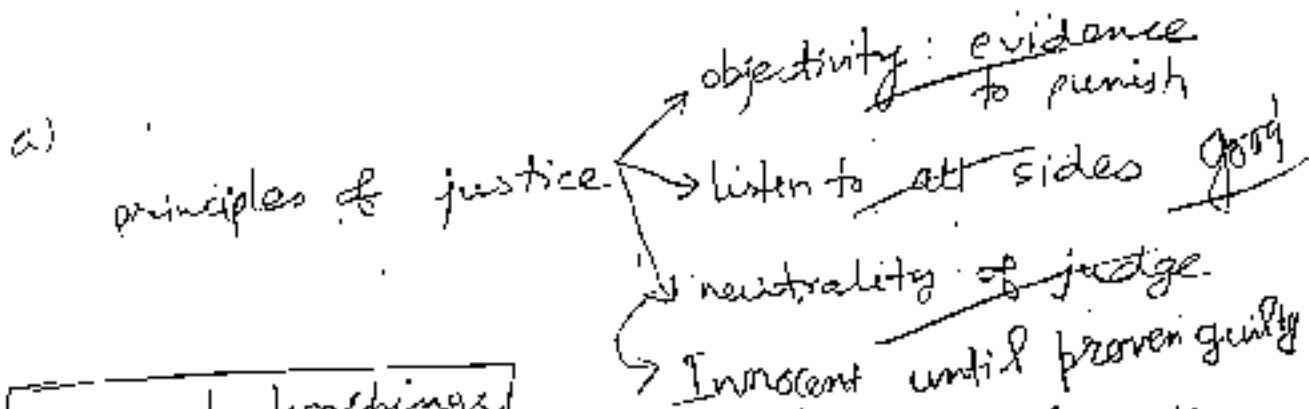
Remarks

3. Mob violence, also referred to as "Mob Justice" highlights a striking paradox - It approves the dispensation of justice by people, who usurp the authority of constitutional bodies and apply a process they define as speedy. Answer the following questions related to it:

- (a) Do you see the principles of justice being followed in the 'Mob Justice'?
- (b) How is it interrelated with the attitude of society?
- (c) Analyze why the incidences of Mob justice have increased in recent days.

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

Mob justice has become a bane of the society in the recent times. e.g. child lifting, cattle movement, dailit riding a horse, etc. being lynched.



In mob lynchings,

No objectivity → done ~~is~~ due to social media rumours not facts.

- 2
- Victim not allowed to speak due to fear of getting killed, shock, sadness, etc.
 - Biaseeness: often done by right wing groups or angry, jobless youth not a qualified, neutral judge.

Remarks

b) This behaviour is a manifestation of of the prevailing attitude in the society where there is lack of trust, on the government, frustration with judicial delays, anger due to cow slaughter and campaign around such issues by vested interests.

1 1/2

It reflects maturity level of a civilisation.

It is the behavioural component of this attitude.

- c) Causes for their increase recently —
1. social media use increase due to cheap internet and mobile phones.
 2. fake news propagated by vested interests. eg: right wing groups, political parties.
 3. Rule of law weak. No deterrence.
 4. criminalisation of politics.
 5. Splendour — youth mostly in such cases.
 6. Biasness by police in tackling such crimes.

Sound reasons.

Remarks

7. gangs part of vigilante groups enforcing such community policing, eg: cow theft / slaughter.

2/2

Such acts are signs of growing intolerance in the society which should be nipped in the bud.

Remarks

4. Suppose you are the head of a disaster-management team and have assigned to distribute food grains to one of your subordinates, which he could not handle properly. How will you comment on his performance? What precautions are needed while criticizing the work performance of subordinates? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Food grain distribution is a crucial step in disaster management as it reduces mortality and increases immunity.

Comment on performance—

1. Objectively give reasons of his ~~report~~ performance. What targets missed and what achieved based on facts.
2. Criticise the failures along with suggestions to ensure improvement in future.
3. Applaud the achievements and encourage to sustain them.

Balanced
Comments

Precautions needed while criticizing—

1. Avoid harsh tone and personal slurs — may cause depression and unprofessional.

Remarks

2. should be based on facts ~~or~~ not emotions.

3. Take the entire picture into consideration resources available; targets realistic?, genuine excuses (eg: motherill, etc).

→ Should be criticized in person.

but to ensure efficiency in organisation and proper work culture, one shouldn't hesitate from criticising.

3

Remarks

5. How many of us are not living our dreams because we are living our fears. What is your dream and the biggest fear of your life? What steps have you taken to achieve your dream while overcoming your fear? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Most people don't live the life they ~~want~~ ^{dream} because they fear it is not possible to achieve such a life. They fear that the path of ^{achieving} ~~living~~ such a dream is full of obstacles and failures which they can't face.
 So, they play safe getting intimidated by their fears.
 Good intro

Dream - be in a position to help people as much as possible.

Fear - there are many nested interests who would prevent living the dream.

Steps taken -

1. Having clarity of thought, allowing decision making without doubts, regrets and fear of failure.

Remarks

2. Accepting failures as a stepping stone to success.

3. Have an attitude of hardwork to help achieve the dream and not let fears demotivate one.

4. Self-motivation to get the courage to achieve dreams.

Better way to get rid of your fear is to confront them with all zeal.

Remarks

6. How does culture influence conformity, compliance, and obedience? Support and illustrate (150 words) (10 marks)

Culture refers to the language, beliefs, customs, norms, etc. held by a group of people.
 Good intro

It plays an important role in these:

Conformity — peer pressure forces a person to behave in a certain way.
 eg: law abiding culture → people don't jump traffic lights.

Compliance — listening to a request by someone.

If culture is individualistic, compliance is less. eg: neighbour won't turn off DJ in his party despite request from next door neighbour.

If culture is community oriented (i.e. traditional), compliance is high.

eg: elder anywhere can stop a DJ.
 ↓
 Explain reason for such compliance

Remarks

Obedience -- demand from an authority figure.

If culture is having ~~respect~~, discipline as a value. Then, obedience is high.
eg: military culture.

If culture is less inclined towards discipline, obedience is low.
eg: pampered child doesn't listen to parents.

Thus, culture can be used to ~~change~~ for social influence in a society.

Remarks

7. You have just been hired as a divorce mediator by a local law firm. What two things would you do to reduce the conflict between opposing spouses?

(250 Words) (10 Marks)

Divorce rates have increased due to growing individualism — career oriented, less accommodative, less sensitivity, legal ease of divorce, etc.

A mediator should do following 2 things — Ref HIND

1. Ask them to empathise each other and imagine the other person's emotions. This would make them sensitive to each other's demands

2. Try to give a solution to resolve the dispute and tell them about the ill effects of divorce and emotional trauma it creates. Show them stories of couples who have successfully handled such situations in the past.

This would likely ensure a win-win situation for all.

Remarks

→ Mediator is not there to impose their wish but to facilitate them only on the basis of their problems.

Explain features of a divorce mediator or first.

1 1/2

8. Discuss the difference between the term in the following pairs:

- (a) Values and Beliefs
- (b) Honesty and loyalty

(150 Words) (10 Marks)

(a) Values - things which are held as important by the people. eg: equality

Beliefs - are ideas/opinions held by people strongly. eg: caste A is superior to caste B. It is an internal feeling. It is generally faith based and less rational.



It is manifested through one's action

(b) Honesty - telling the things as they are. It also includes being sincere. loyalty - affiliated to someone and being with that person as and when needed. keeping secrets and not sharing anything harmful to him with others.

straight forward

Remarks

A loyal person may be dishonest towards others for the sake of loyalty.

Substantiate it with example.

12

Remarks

9. Your sister recently had twins and wants to raise them to have a tolerant and accepting attitudes towards people from different backgrounds. What advice would you give to her? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Tolerance and accepting attitude is the need of our times. Editor explain these

Advice — value education at both in

1. Home : treat males and females, rich, poor equally.

- don't shout at them if they have views different than yours.

- teach them, all humans are same and must be respected.

2. school - send to a school which :

- teach fraternity and sportsmanship to develop brotherhood via games.

- scientific temper → critique any unnecessary difference.

- tell them about all ideologies, beliefs and explain how all are equal.

Remarks

3. Society - choose a career where they don't compromise these values and stand up for right, against wrong.

- Expose them to different culture.
- Respond to negative remarks.
- Set an example before them.

Remarks

10. Can you recall instances when stress has had a beneficial effect? Do you believe that you have the traits of resilience? (150 Words) (10 Marks)

Examples -

1. Exam → working speed increases in
exams.
2. Medicines work when stress present
3. Concentration increases during stress.

Explain stress in brief.

However moderate stress is beneficial not high stress. It can break anyone and no one can be resilient if they take unnecessary stress in life.



Always believe → there are multiple paths to success and life is not perfect. Failures are part of life.

Elaborate resilient in brief first.

Remarks

Remarks

11. Tobacco smoking is considered to be a fashion and an addiction too, which has an established relation with the cancer. The Government has recently decided that 85 per cent a cigarette packet should display a pictorial cancer warning, which the tobacco companies opposed and appealed in the court. But, the court upheld the decision of the government.

- (a) Do you think that such a display warning on the packet acts as a deterrent to cigarette smoking?
 - (b) What are the other ways by which change in attitude and preferences can be brought in people who smoke out of fashion or addiction?
 - (c) What is the use of prohibiting smoking if it generates revenue on one hand and gives choice and freedom to people to enjoy their lives as they wish? Do you agree? Give reasons.
- (750 Words) (20 Marks)

Smoking is a serious cause of cancer for the smoker and also to those standing nearby who are passive smokers or fetuses of pregnant mothers.

a) Such a display would act as a deterrent as it would create a person of the ill effects of smoking by ~~via~~ affecting cognitive and affective component of attitude leading to a negative attitude towards smoking.

Does it impact smokers in practicality?

Remarks

b) other ways -

1. Increase price by sin tax.
 2. Limited availability at select places having long queues.
 3. Reduce glorification in media. eg: films by not merely having 'no smoking' ticks but no use of cigarettes.
 4. Fine enforcement for smoking in public places.
 5. Healthy alternatives should be promoted to reduce stress.
eg: parks, gyms, etc.
- Need to spread awareness among people of its repercussion on their health.

Q Smoking does give revenue and choice in a liberal democracy but also has negative consequences.

∴ Harm health of self and others.

∴ State should act for the good of its people.

Remarks

Healthy life is a more important value than money or choice as if no life then other rights ~~cannot~~ be exercised.

with rights come responsibilities and there should be a proper balance of both as advocated by the Constitution.

7

Remarks

Section - B

In the following questions carefully study the cases presented and answer the questions that follow:

12. You are a senior officer in the electricity department of a state which has power shortage. You notice that your minister has prevailed upon the department in allocation of power supply to different districts in an arbitrary manner. The senior most officer of the department is helping the minister in this objective. Some of the districts have 24 hour power supply whereas some have 8 to 10 hours power cuts. In a visit to a particular district, you notice that some people are not getting even drinking water, because of inadequate power supply. After returning back to state headquarter, you raised the issue with your senior officer and the minister. They asked you to propose a rational solution for the problem.
- (a) What are the options available to you?
- (b) Evaluate the merits/demerits of each option and finally suggest the best course of action. Give reasons. (250 Words) (20 Marks)

Electricity is a basic service which is required by the citizens. State should have an economic and fair manner of providing the same to all.

options available -

1. Provide minimum supply to all households across the state. Cross-subsidise them to ensure viability or have a subsidy for the same.
- cover domestic use, industry, agriculture sectors.

2. provide electricity at a purely economic

Remarks

service. Those who pay get the electricity 24x7. Provide meters to all connections to ensure its success.

(v) ~~Merit~~ Option 1

Merit - Every household would get basic amount of electricity to have quality life under Article 21 of Constitution. Not everyone can afford electricity, farmers demands that - subsidy for poor. - boost public image of department and the minister.

Demerit - Difficult to fix minimum amount. May lead to freebie culture affecting DISCOM health. Fiscal burden would increase. Not everyone may deserve/need such a scheme.

Option 2

Merit - Ensure quality supply of electricity in a sustainable manner. No fiscal burden.

Remarks

→ Need to garner a detailed report regarding the ground situations & then act accordingly.

on state. would promote rational use of electricity, reducing overall demand. Fair— those who pay get the service.

Demerits—

welfare objective of state not met, as not all can afford electricity. Basic need like electricity which provides water, etc. not met, affecting Right to life (Article 21).
A politically costly move for minister.

8

Best course of action is to have same amount as free/subsidised for poor identified by SECC 2011. Thereafter, charging full rates, differentially for commercial and domestic sector needed. It would meet the objective of welfare as well as efficiency.

Request minister to stop preferential treatment to a particular district.

Remarks

13. The general elections are in progress and you have been appointed as a sector magistrate to oversee the free, fair, and peaceful conduct of elections in a sector which has 10 polling stations. In course of your tour, you notice a powerful minister moving to various polling stations with lethal weapons. He is accompanied with anti-social elements. The people moving with the minister are intimidating the voters of Scheduled Caste to not go to polling stations to vote. One of the supporters of the minister warns you on your mobile phone that it would be better if you do not interfere and avoid a confrontation with the minister.

What will you do in such a situation? Some of the options are given below. Evaluate the merits and demerits of these options and finally suggest what course of action you would take giving reasons.

- (a) Arrest the minister along with his supporters and seize his arms, ammunition and vehicles, and immediately file a criminal case in the local police station.
- (b) Inform the election control room and seek police reinforcement with instructions regarding what to do.
- (c) Go to the villages inhabited by members of the Scheduled Caste and help them to cast their votes by arranging vehicles.
- (d) Inform the election observer and other senior authorities and seek their help and guidance. Till then, try to avoid a confrontation with the minister.
- (e) Ignore the minister and his supporters with the hope that they might get caught! If they created any disturbance in the polling stations, as every polling station has a state arm picket has been stationed.

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

Elections are the lifebreath of a democracy and everyone should have the right to ~~cast~~ cast their votes without any fear.

Options —

(a) Arrest minister
Merits — Upholds rule of law and creates a deterrent effect on others. Gives confidence to vulnerable sections to cast their vote. Shows courage & decisiveness.

Remarks

of senior magistrate.
Demerits - without adequate force it may be impractical and may lead to untoward incidents. Right to canvass for votes by minister may be affected. He may threaten the officer afterwards.

(b) Inform election :-

Merit - more force would confidence to voters and deter minister from such action. May get better advise.

Demerits - would delay action and shows indecisiveness of senior magistrate.

(c) Merit - Rule of law upheld, all could cast vote and participate in democracy irrespective of caste.

Demerit - Arranging vehicles may take time. Vehicles may not be there for large people. Such act may be illegal. Similar demands.

Remarks

may come from other sections of society.

(d) Inform election

merits -- take seniors into confidence and give courage to act thereafter. A better option may be provided by them.

demerits -- lack of courage in taking immediate action. Seniors may go soft on minister. Patent illegal act doesn't warrant consultation.

8 1/2

(e)

merits -- Avoid personal damage.

demerits -- cowardliness, indecisiveness, lack of action on the part of officer.

best course -- Arrest the minister and people engaging in illegal act. Increase force in areas visited by him and encourage everyone to vote. Inform the observer of the incident to give strength to punitive action on the concerned people.

For arresting them you need to have adequate manpower

Remarks

14. Public utilities and spaces in India are in bad shape. Roads, water supply, street lighting, market cleanliness, railway stations, parks, community centers, public toilets, rivers and ponds are considered sole responsibility of the government to maintain without charging anything. People consider that they have rights to better public utilities and public spaces solely on the basis of government's ability to provide them.

- (a) What are major possible options in this regard? Identify limitations of each competing options.
- (b) What should be an ideal way to manage the quality of public utilities and public spaces in a populous country like India? (250 Words) (20 Marks)

Government maintains assets which are owned by everyone in a democracy. Its maintenance is a collective responsibility for all.

a) Various options are available -

(i) Privatise these utilities and spaces. Charges would be used for their quality maintenance. Given the tax-GDP ratio is low people are already not paying to use them.

Limitations - The access to many such places would become restricted creating inequalities; many core goods of basic need e.g. water which should be provided to all freely. Public sentiment doesn't favour such a move. The private sector can't manage so many assets efficiently.

Remarks

2) Awareness generation among the public about civic sense and need to protect these places which is in public interest.

limitations - lack of infrastructure for such educations. Without enforcement of fines, behavioural change difficult. People have no time. Overpopulation ultimately fails every system!

3) Citizen participation in governance by devolving powers to local level government. Allow them to charge user fee to make initiative success.

limitations - resistance in state government to devolve funds and powers to local self government. Lack of capacity and corruption in local level government.

Well analysed
Options.

b) Ideal way

It should be a mix of variety of approaches.

Remarks

1. Value education among population - debates, essay, ~~street play~~, TV shows about civic sense.
2. Attitude change -
cognitive → make people aware that they pay for such assets by taxes.
reflective → documentaries / shows to make them feel bad about quality of such assets by comparing with ~~foreign countries~~
 eg: USA, UK, Switzerland.
3. Create love for nature by value education and religious scriptures.
4. Strengthen citizen participation in local level governance by strengthening local self government.
5. Grievance redressal mechanism and citizen charter to provide quality services.
6. Inculcation of public service spirit culture in government staff which maintains them.

This would ensure quality maintenance if backed by political will.

Remarks

9

Good analysis

15. You are the head of a disaster management team that has been assigned with the work of rescuing and rehabilitating thousands of people affected by an unprecedented flood. Team members include revenue officials, doctors, engineers and security personnel. However, some of the local leaders of a political party were not happy because their personal self-interest is not being served. A powerful minister of the government visits the area to make a firsthand assessment of the situation and in the process meets the local politicians who were not happy. The minister announces for the suspension of two of your revenue officials. Your entire work force gets demoralized due to this announcement and are unwilling to perform under the given situation.

- (a) What are the options before you to deal with this crisis?
 (b) Evaluate the merits/demerits of each option and suggest the best course of action. Give reasons. (250 Words) (20 Marks)

Timely rescue and rehabilitation is the best way to minimise the damage caused by the floods.

(a) Option 1 - Talk to the minister to revoke the suspension order and allow work at full pace in public interest by taking full team along.

option 2 - ignore the suspension order and motivate everyone to give their best in public interest. later take up the matter with senior officials regarding suspension orders.

Remarks

b) option 1 →

Merits: The human resource available for work won't be affected and will ensure quality disast^r management. Public interest put before ~~interest~~ of few politicians.

Demerits: Minister may not revoke the orders of suspension. ~~Local~~ politicians may create further issues.

option 2 →

Merits: public service spirit upheld. motivated team can work harder and with more efficiency.

Demerits: It may amount to insubordination. minister and local politicians may harm the team or career prospects later.

Best course

Talk to the minister to revoke suspension

Remarks

→ How about taking up matter to the senior civil authorities & requesting for the cancellation order?

or atleast wait till the work gets over
 explain the loss among public this
 action would take and electoral loss
 eventually.

If he doesn't listen, then motivate the
 staff to continue work and keep public
 interest in mind. Ask the local NGOs,
 civit society to help in the effort and
 speed up disaster recovery.

It is correct because ministers cannot
 arbitrarily suspend anyone and it is
 bad in law. Moreover, government officials
 are duty bound to Constitution which
 asks people to render national service
 when called upon to do. It doesn't
 necessarily require one to be officially
 empowered to help others. It is the
 duty of every human

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Remarks

16. You are the head of an organization which has a large public interface. One day an elderly man approaches you and complains that an Assistant in charge of Old Age Pension Scheme is demanding Rs. 100 from him for clearing his pension claims. He has further revealed that this is a common practice in this office and those who do not pay the bribe are harassed. You get upset with the state of affairs and want to solve the problem of the old man along with bringing some qualitative change in the work culture of the organization, for better service delivery.

(a) What are the options available to you?

(b) Evaluate each of these options and choose the option which you would adopt, giving reasons. (250 Words) (20 Marks)

Corruption is a fact of Indian bureaucracy which should be tackled with zero tolerance approach and highest standards of public service delivery should be set up.

(a) Option 1

1. Suspend the corrupt official and give warning to everyone to not commit the mistake again through a meeting.

Option 2

1. Digitalise the entire process to eliminate human intervention to end corruption. Also, bring authentication using Aadhar by biometric as done in e-Dramaan scheme of the government.

Remarks

Option 3

- Improve the work culture by publishing a citizens charter and code of conduct for the officials. Have a grievance redressal mechanism in place and hold the staff accountable in case of non-performance.

(b) option 1

merit - create deterrent effect, leadership skills shown by head by taking action swiftly, rule of law upheld and corruption checked.

demerit - may not be a good enough deterrent, may create reaction from other corrupt officials. may create problems for senior citizens in future.

option 2

merit - e-governance would check corruption, & improve quality of service delivery as available 24x7 and reduce need to come to office by senior citizens taking care of their old age.

Remarks

Demerit - authentication failure of Aadhar, lack of digital literacy of staffs to implement the initiative.

Option 3

Merits - A systemic reform having long term benefits

Demerits - persistence efforts required to implement it.

Best option

1. Digitalise the services to eliminate human interface.
 2. Take action against corrupt officials.
 3. Value training for entire staff.
 4. Code of conduct, citizen charter and grievance redressal mechanism in place.
 5. Recruit, promote staff with ethical values.
- They are part of Sevotam framework of 2nd ARC and ensure long term benefits in improving work culture and service delivery.

9
Good analysis of each option

Remarks

17. You are a Superintendent of Police and a huge protest is going on in front of your office. These protesters are Human Right activists. The protest is because of two consecutive incidents that happened in your district.

Case one: The city SP has received intelligence that bombs have been planted in various places in the city. The SP asked his team to conduct a massive search operation. After putting in strenuous hard work, the police team raided a house where two people with 2 kg of explosives and IED devices were found. The Police team immediately arrested them and brought them to the police station. Police started interrogating them about the whereabouts of the bombs and their plans. When they failed get any information from them, one of the Police Officer adopted third degree. Torture, in case of new criminals, often works, but one of them died during the process, as he failed to bear the pain of torture. Death in police custody became a big issue.

Case two: Recently communal riots occurred in your area and a few police constables got surrounded by a group, viewing the grave situation and a possible threat on life, one of them used a man as a human shield. They found it to be an easy way to escape. It could also save the life of other police constables. But while they were trying to escape, people started stone pelting and the person who was used as a human shield got badly injured. However, he was saved later by proper treatment.

Answer the following questions:

- Analyse the ethical dilemmas you will face as the SP in both of the above stated situations.
- Human Rights Activists are demanding action against the officials involved in both the cases. What will be your course of action?
- The Police Chief of State reaches to you and asks not to take any action, as it would bring down the morale of the police force. What will be your course of action?
- Can you justify the use of torture in the given circumstances?
- Would you justify using a human as a shield to save the lives of your colleagues? Give reasons.

(250 Words) (20 Marks)

Human rights of all citizens are equally important. Rule of law demands that doctrine of innocent unless proven guilty be upheld.

(a) ethical dilemmas —

Case 1: Respect the human rights of

Remarks

a person caught with explosives or sacrifice a person for greater good of the society, by beating him to bring out confession.

Case 2: some life of police constables or sacrifice their lives for an innocent person used as human shield.

Also, punish your own staff for following some conventions in law enforcement or ignore the legitimate concerns of human rights activists in a democracy.

(b) set up an inquiry committee to look into the complaints and in a time bound manner. Assure the activists to allow law to take its course and strict action to be taken against law offenders.

What about second case?

(c) Tell the police chief that the action was illegal and not taking action

Remarks

would ensure status quo. there is need to bring about a change in law enforcement process and this requires setting an example and creating a new normal against torture. Not taking action would lead to loss of public trust on police.

1/2

(d) Torture cannot be justified as —

1. Easy way to investigate a crime.
2. Illegal — accused not yet proved guilty. Innocent unless proven guilty violated.
3. Goes against international conventions of investigation.
4. Deaths in custody make such people martyr further causing radicalisation and such bombings.

1 1/2

(e) Human cannot be used as a shield because —

What should they have done to elicit information in such grave situation?

1. Every human life is precious and cannot be traded to save others
2. Police officials needed to show

Remarks

selflessness.

3. Shows a cowardly picture of police force which reduces its deterrence among criminals.

24. A possible illegal act under IPC - voluntarily causing hurt.

Police officials should adopt the motto of Indian army - "service before self".

Good

Remarks