

GS SCORE

ESSAY MOCK TEST - 2

Roll No. _____

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 250

Instructions to Candidate

- Both sections are compulsory.
- Attempt one essay from each section.
- Each essay carries 125 marks.
- Write each essay in about 1000-1200 words.
- After finishing the first essay, attempt the next on a fresh Page.
- Any page left blank in the answer-book must be crossed out clearly.

(Examiner will pay special attention to the candidate's grasp of his/her material, its relevance to the subject chosen, and to his/her ability to think constructively and to present his/her ideas concisely, logically and effectively).

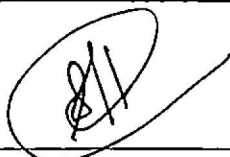
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Uttam

Name Uttam Kumar Meena

Mobile No. _____

Date _____

Signature Uttam Meena

1. Invigilator Signature 

2. Invigilator Signature _____

Remarks

SECTION - A

1. *A sporting society is always mightier and happier than those which are not.*
2. *The ultimate freedom comprises self-awareness, conscience, independent will and creative imagination.*
3. *The end doesn't justify the means.*
4. *To be beautiful, life does not require to be big.*

SECTION - B

1. *The migration streams reflected progress in the past, they represent distress in the present.*
2. *Corruption has become a national culture in India.*
3. *Industry 4.0 is the biggest game changer of present and future.*
4. *Laws catch flies but let hornets go free.*

Section-A

⇒ A sporting society is always wealthier and happier than those which are not.

⇒ Human beings are social animals, he tends to live in a society with his choice or otherwise.

The society is group of people sharing some common attributes such as language, cultural identity and many more. The sporting society can be seen as societies which possess or tend to show some

Different qualities like more physical strength

Active state of mind, team culture, spirit, trust level among society is higher. High motivation

than the societies which are not sporting in

nature. What is the reason they being different

from other? what are large to small term and

long term benefits and losses or not being so?

we will look in some of the aspects of

sporting society in Discussion below.

Good introduction

Yes Is always a sporting society leads to Happiness?
 among this question can be answered with various
 examples in life. first of all lets see some
 qualities which are generally seen in sporting
 society.

Some short term benefits are active population
 and healthy population. which reduces the
 burden of older or younger population on income
 earning population. The active population is basic
 requirement for economic activities. some can
 argue that it can be possible other way round also
 that... Economic capability or technology can leads
 to. Economic prosperity of society. lets see an
 example of Japanese society, which certainly
 have the best technology. But the Active
 population is decreasing and ultimately with
 highest point in economic development the
 country is slowing down. The burden of population
 increases as old age population is much
 more in this society. ultimately its the active
 population society which will leads to development

in long term as well.

Some long term ~~benefits~~ Benefits are the value mindset and quality of society that it transforms to. The sportingness quality leads to higher motivations which nurture various secondary qualities in future coming generation of society. The other quality is more trust among members, which will generate a large social capital on which country will prosper for years to come. The Rationality and tolerance among people is result of trust among members and equal participation of members in building up of this present society. A good example can be United States of America or France. These countries started their journey for developed economy from wholesome participation in activities and ground level participation. Particularly USA which is a developed country with Higher social capital, Setter well developed societies, Rational and scientific societies. Now let's consider go back and answer that question. "Is always a sporting society leads to happiness & righter society?"

The word 'Happier' and 'mightier' are very subjective in their meaning. One society can define happiness as some benefit it gets but at some time this benefit can cause loss or sadness among other countries or society. Let's see ~~the~~ some example of the subjectivity at various levels:

(i) Individual of society - two persons contending for a job ~~where~~ ^{when} vacancy is for one person only. If one person A gets the job, he might define it as happiness but person B its a day of sadness. as both were equally qualified in some way or other.

(ii) Societal level - An industrial society can define happiness as getting land for opening a new industry but the same can be sadness for farmers whose land has been acquired.

(iii) National level - One National's progress can lead to suppression of other countries economic market which will have a terrible down effect on whole of Nation & societies.

so conclusion can be drawn from above discussion that it is not always the sporting culture which leads to happier & mightier society there are several other factors which can be responsible for happier and mightier society.

But the statement cannot altogether be rejected as sporting society do have an edge but it can't be sole factor of it. Some countries which developed around sporting and started their road

for happier and mightier are many. The Caribbean Islands are not a prosperous region. But their performance in international stage in olympics is well known by world. The Jamaican country which is known for their physical strength which leads to gold medal in international stage which leads to happiness among their surrounding society and country will prosper as well. The physical attributes in society there is responsible for high quality social capital they possess and there society will develop in that times the Athletes leading to harmony & harmony leading to

Equality, quality leading to developments and development leading to peace which will turn into a cycle for these developments. But its not only the single point cycle the various supporting factors to turn it into cycle is Governmental policies, Infrastructure provided, Food and drinking water which is attained through Economic Investment into it.

Now, lets see the example of country which has Economic wealth but society don't possess the sporting attributes. India, the 2nd most populous country of world, 7th largest economy of world, so its clear that they do have a potential of fast paced developing country and bridge the gap between them and developed nation but whats missing is sporting attributes. The population is not actively participate in sports or any other activity. There is lack of motivation among society which leads to corruption in society. There is a huge amount of trust deficit among the society.

members, which drags down the country from its potential to low developing country.

Thus, sporting society alone can't drive the country in a state of happiness or higher position as the support infrastructure to hold the position is missing. Some standards for the economic and other governmental support which alone can't drive the country to top-rank as without a healthy and active population or society, the infrastructure can be turned into a human made disaster for country and loss of country in all possible way. It can be fairly concluded that both (sporting society) and (support infrastructure) are balancing or two wheels of cycle or country which are complementing to each other for overall development of country.

- Goals
- good content
 - continuity is the goal.
 - some more explanations are required.

- a sporting society inhabits the essence of fairness and generosity.
- fairness in sports, politics, daily life, sporting society ensures peace and harmony, principles of mutual recognition etc.

Remarks - spirit of fairness and mutual respect are timeless drivers of the society

⇒ The Migration streams reflected progress in the past, they represent Distress in the present.

⇒ The United Nations has defined Migration as, A ~~Real~~ Relative permanent change in place of Residence of a person. As per world population prospects Report 2018, Around 500 million people ~~are~~ migrated around the globe due to various reasons. The Major factor of influence either a pushing factor or a pulling factor for a migrant is Economic prospects. The trends and patterns over a period of time has changed a lot. In past migration was less but had a significant value to it. But now a days migration is normal trend and can cause a burden over Resources in destination place. what are the reasons? what is changed over past & present trend in migration? what is solution of migration? lets find some answers to raise questions in discussion ahead.

Remarks

good introduction

The reasons of Migration can be divided into two categories: i) Natural or General Reasons of Migration, ii) Human factor of Location specific Migration.

Firstly, General Reasons, are i) Economical Prospects which are not quantitative to a person but a qualitative in Nature. The Better Economic condition pulls people towards themselves. An example can be for an Indian, Americans can be a better economic condition but for a person belonging to Bangladesh, India is a better economic region. ii) Better living standard The second most factor of Migration is Better living standard which a person perceive from an underdeveloped region. iii) Migration for Job or Higher Studies, The young migrants are majorly driven by this reason only. This type of Migration is temporary in nature but can turn into permanent also. iv) social conditions, This reason can be classified as Push Reason as a particular or Bad Detrimental social

can lead to migration to cities or nearby places.

Now some specific Reasons are i) Migration due to war or conflict in Region; Migration influx in Bangladesh, India and Germany or other European developed Nation can be attributed to violence in Myanmar Region + Middle East Region respectively. This Reason is Distress led Migration to a safer place.

ii) Climate change, presently this type of Migration is not major problem but it will produce a Heavy influx of Migrants to more Resilient and developed nation which are actually responsible for climate change.

Now let's compare change in trends & pattern over the time & what was migration looked in past and what it is now? In past, the Migration was Majorly done by Developed or better countries to unemployed or under developed countries. The Reasons of past migration were Different and the benefits it provided to Both source and destination places are.

considered valuable. a ~~circle~~ map The past trend is shown in a map below.

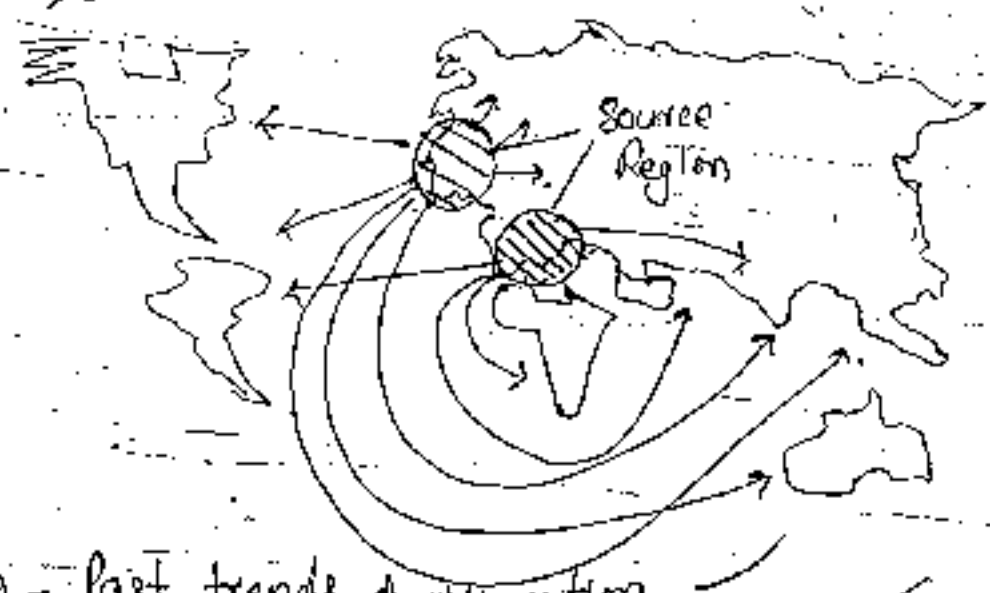


Fig - Past trends of migration.

USA ✓

The Major Reasons were i) Exploration of New land
 ii) curiosity for new routes and places iii) trade and commerce iv) colonisation v) spread of Religion. The source region were western Europe and in 15th century the Arab civilisation was on its paramount position. The Benefits for source region were - i) New Discovery of place - ii) New type of culture to study iii) economic relations iv) Raw Material for industries v) Final market for consumption. The Destination places were also benefited such as - New cultural contact, Better technology, New products, travel for better conditions etc.

Remarks

15/11/2024

At present the trend and pattern is totally changed or reversed can be said to what was in past. In present the migration is due to push factors mainly (i.e. Distress agri-culture, conflicts in area, better world living standards etc). The major migration destination is from Developing countries to developed countries. (eg - India to USA, Europe etc).

The present migration is regarded as Distress migration in Destination Region due to problems it create, let's see some of them.

Firstly, Congestion in cities from rural area migrants as there are not enough housing capacity of city to absorb all the migrants and it won't happen also as city can be defined as an organism which grows with time and finally dies as central function shifts to new place.

secondly, Urban crime is major problem for all cities with migrants.

thirdly, Urban crime is seen majorly in

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 India

slum areas with newly migrant population.
Fourth Burden over Resources will be increased due to migrants increases. But the resources are limited.

Fifth change in demography of source and destination countries which can have both positive and negative effects.

The migration is not at all negative concept. It has prospects as well. Some prospects of migration are cheap labour force, which drive the economy, support of economic system of country, support to both destination and source countries.

We can also study the migration ~~also~~ trend spatial of a region also. Let's see how here migration of India has changed over a period of time. There is change in economic condition of India from an agrarian economy to a mix of all three sectors present in India is also major factor to influence the migration.

Transnational states highly urbanised due to migration, employment issues, high unemployment problems, high population, high migration, better opportunities, high migration, high population, high migration, high population.

The trend of migration in India has changed a lot from historical area having advantage to financial area having advantage now. The migration in India is influenced by various factors such as political reasons, economic, agricultural, society, cultural and policy of government towards migrants. The migration in India is majorly of four types (i) Rural to urban (48%) (ii) Rural to Rural (iii) Urban to urban (22%) (iv) Urban to Rural (upcoming trend). The reasons of all these types of migration is different. Let's discuss each with their example and reasons.

Firstly, Rural to urban (mostly done by people). This type of migration account for 48% of total migration in India. The reason are mainly economic opportunities provided by urban centres. eg - A son of farmer comes to city for small job as farming is not much remunerative now.

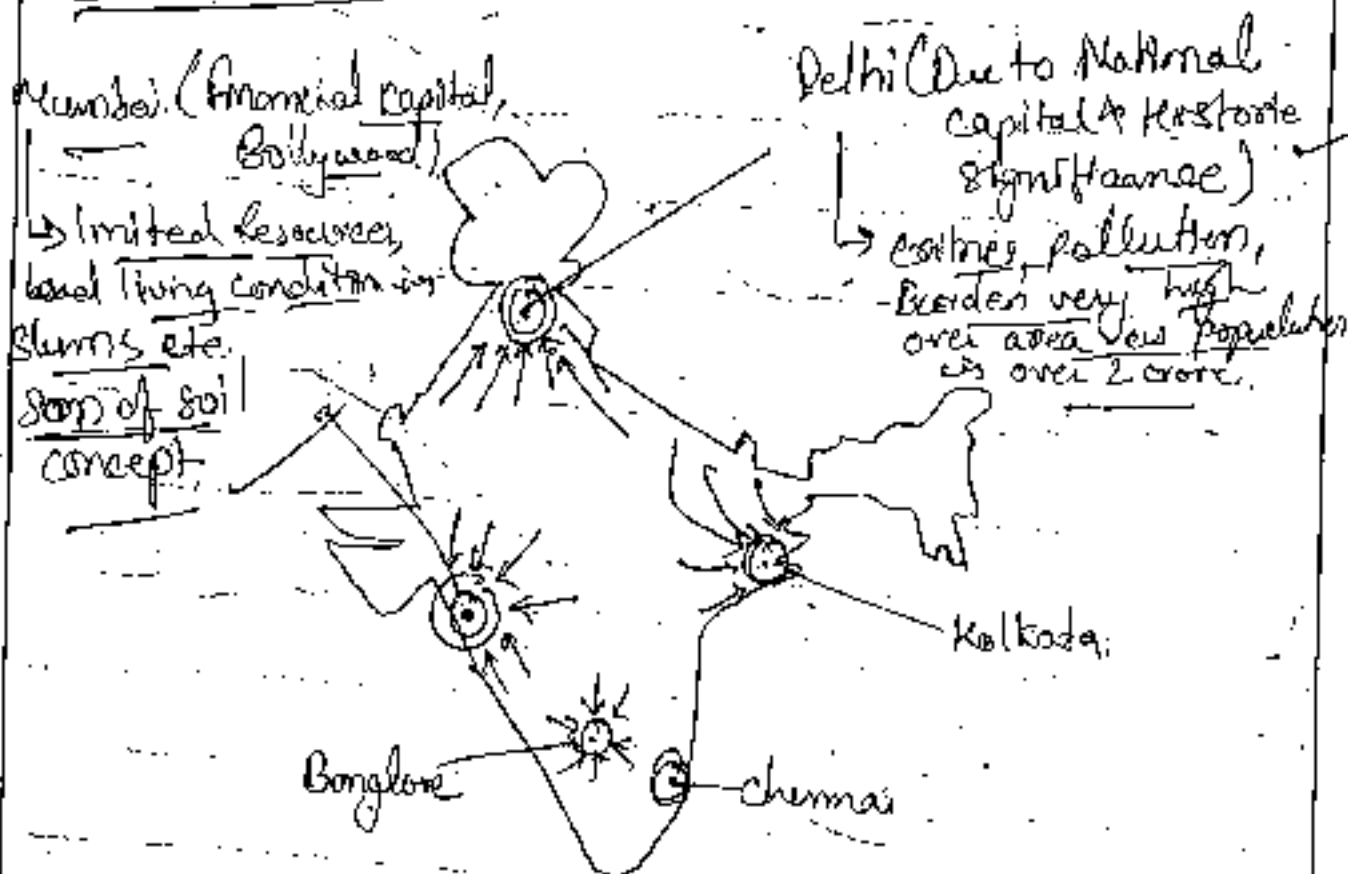
Rural to Rural Migration is done by females in Indian society due to patrilineal nature of society. The females change their home after marriage which can lead to intra-state migration mostly and some time inter-state also.

Urban to Urban Migration is mainly influx of young population between cities for better economic conditions and education in well reputed college. Example can be a student of small city comes to Delhi for higher study and gets job in nearby vicinity.

Urban to Rural Migration is counter flow of migration which also flow but not with same intensity. The reason of this migration is pollution, congestion, crime or office work. Retirement life for native town leads to this type of migration.

The migration leads to many problems in Indian society as well which are more or less similar to global society. A small

depiction of migration trend is shown in map below with reason and problems.



Kolkata ~~has~~ as city has highest population density of 29000 people / km². more than Delhi & Mumbai which will increase the pressure over people and administration and resources as well.

Chennai & Bangalore are two major cities of south which provide education, economic & better standard of living which attract people to them.

IT sector boom in Bangalore, ~~Chennai~~ Hyderabad changed the city's life and

Remarks

In comes and job opportunities like anything. They are the top 2 IT cities in India

The migration can be positive event or negative event depends on the vision of people. The solution of migration can done with few measure which are ~~the~~ tried and tested solution in some countries. For small term measure the control migration the steps can be proper planning of cities and villages to stop the influx of population, inclusive development of poor people, better transport facilities for decongestion of cities, establishment of counter magnets area around the city. For long term measure there should be a migration policy at national and international level and with binding provisions, registration of international migration, rules for permanent citizenship by migrants and post conflict reasons state can be post conflict Deportation policy of migrants.

Migration should not be seen as problem for countries, there is always a an opportunity for better in worst conditions also. The perfect harmony between Immigration & Emigration is needed to development of countries & Peace in world.

Remarks

- good content

... The ... call and ...

also deal migration from Myanmar, Syria

— migration I GULF & USA

USA, Syria can have citizenship right of settle
in USA if one can not settle

— NRI remittances to India.

highest in the world.

— migration from India is also highest

but to India, the migration from
abroad is low ~~abroad~~.

— India top source of international migrants

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Remarks

Remarks

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Remarks

GS SCORE

Remarks

Remarks

Rough

Sporting Society

- what
- qualities
- why might it
- why happier
- other why not
- Reason

eg?

casualties
Football
Exercises

degradation

- what
- what in past (Benefits)
- what in present (Problems)

Friend

Friend

India

eg-
Bharu
Kabra
Solk

→ Solk to degradation

f

Remarks